

Release Number: 202431015

Release Date: 8/2/2024 UIL Code: 501.03-00, 501.33-00, 501.35-00 Date: 05/09/2024 Employer ID number:

Form you must file:

Tax years:

Person to contact:

Dear

This letter is our final determination that you don't qualify for exemption from federal income tax under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 501(a) as an organization described in IRC Section 501(c)(3). Recently, we sent you a proposed adverse determination in response to your application. The proposed adverse determination explained the facts, law, and basis for our conclusion, and it gave you 30 days to file a protest. Because we didn't receive a protest within the required 30 days, the proposed determination is now final.

Because you don't qualify as a tax-exempt organization under IRC Section 501(c)(3), donors generally can't deduct contributions to you under IRC Section 170.

We may notify the appropriate state officials of our determination, as required by IRC Section 6104(c), by sending them a copy of this final letter along with the proposed determination letter.

You must file the federal income tax forms for the tax years shown above within 30 days from the date of this letter unless you request an extension of time to file. For further instructions, forms, and information, visit www.irs.gov.

We'll make this final adverse determination letter and the proposed adverse determination letter available for public inspection after deleting certain identifying information, as required by IRC Section 6110. Read the enclosed Letter 437, Notice of Intention to Disclose - Rulings, and review the two attached letters that show our proposed deletions. If you disagree with our proposed deletions, follow the instructions in the Letter 437 on how to notify us. If you agree with our deletions, you don't need to take any further action.

If you have questions about this letter, you can call the contact person shown above. If you have questions about your federal income tax status and responsibilities, call our customer service number at 800-829-1040 (TTY 800-829-4933 for deaf or hard of hearing) or customer service for businesses at 800-829-4933.

Sincerely,

Stephen A. Martin Director, Exempt Organizations Rulings and Agreements

Enclosures: Letter 437 Redacted Letter 4034 Redacted Letter 4038



Date: February 15, 2024

Employer ID number:

Person to contact:

Name: ID number: Telephone: Fax:

Legend:

Y = State

X = Date

q dollars = Amount

UIL:

501.03-00 501.33-00

Dear :

We considered your application for recognition of exemption from federal income tax under Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 501(a). We determined that you don't qualify for exemption under IRC Section 501(c)(3). This letter explains the reasons for our conclusion. Please keep it for your records.

Issues

Do you qualify for exemption under IRC Section 501(c)(3)? No, for the reasons stated below.

Facts

You submitted Form 1023-EZ, Streamlined Application for Recognition of Exemption Under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

You attest that you are an unincorporated association formed on X, in the state of Y. You attest that you have the necessary organizing document, that your organizing document limits your purposes to one or more exempt purposes within the meaning of IRC Section 501(c)(3), that your organizing document does not expressly empower you to engage in activities, other than an insubstantial part, that are not in furtherance of one or more exempt purposes, and that your organizing document contains the dissolution provision required under IRC Section 501(c)(3).

You attest that you are organized and operated exclusively to further educational purposes. You attest that you have not conducted and will not conduct prohibited activities under IRC Section 501(c)(3). Specifically, you attest you will:

- Refrain from supporting or opposing candidates in political campaigns in any way
- Ensure that your net earnings do not inure in whole or in part to the benefit of private shareholders or individuals

- Not further non-exempt purposes (such as purposes that benefit private interests) more than insubstantially
- Not be organized or operated for the primary purpose of conducting a trade or business that is not related to your exempt purpose(s)
- Not devote more than an insubstantial part of your activities attempting to influence legislation or, if you made a Section 501(h) election, not normally make expenditures in excess of expenditure limitations outlined in Section 501(h)
- Not provide commercial-type insurance as a substantial part of your activities

The Form 1023-EZ states that your mission is to bring local business leaders together to grow their businesses, support local commerce, and interact with local government, encouraging growth within your community.

During review of your Form 1023-EZ, detailed information was requested supplemental to the above attestations.

Your response states that your activities include the provision of:

- Networking opportunities with local business leaders in your area,
- A platform for participating businesses to highlight and share information about their businesses inperson with other local business leaders and village representatives,
- Professional development opportunities in which each event will provide opportunities to hear from speakers or learn from other business leaders that share valuable information,
- A listing of participating businesses on your website,
- Opportunities for growth and recognition in the community.

There is a one-time fee of q dollars for participating businesses which includes events, online promotions, and business listings on your website and other social media platforms where the businesses may share information on special events and news about their business.

You explained that state your activities further your exempt purpose by allowing business owners to promote and grow their business within your community with no fundraising and only a one-time membership fee.

Your website states you are a group of local business leaders whose purpose is to grow their businesses and support other local commerce and interact with your local government to encourage and build a strong foundation for your community. Your website also includes a business directory providing a list of members' businesses.

Law

IRC Section 501(c)(3) provides for the recognition of exemption of organizations that are organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, educational, or other purposes as specified in the statute. No part of the net earnings may inure to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

Treasury Regulation Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(a)(1) states that, to be exempt as an organization described in IRC Section 501(c)(3), an organization must be both organized and operated exclusively for one or more of the purposes specified in such section. If an organization fails to meet either the organizational test or the

operational test, it is not exempt.

Treas. Reg. Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(c)(1) provides that an organization will be regarded as operated exclusively for one or more exempt purposes only if it engages primarily in activities which accomplish one or more of such exempt purposes specified in IRC Section 50l(c)(3). An organization will not be so regarded if more than an insubstantial part of its activities is not in furtherance of an exempt purpose.

Treas. Reg. Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(d)(1)(ii) provides that an organization is not organized or operated exclusively for exempt purposes unless it serves a public rather than a private interest. To meet this requirement, it is necessary for an organization to establish that it is not organized or operated for the benefit of private interests.

Revenue Ruling 61-170, 1961-C.B. 112, describes a nurses' association which maintained an employment registry primarily for the employment of its members, which was not entitled to exemption as a charitable organization under IRC Section 501(c)(3). Specifically, the organization was serving the private interests of its members by providing employment opportunities for members.

In <u>Better Business Bureau of Washington, D.C., Inc. v. United States</u>, 326 U.S. 279 (1945), the Supreme Court held that the presence of a single non-exempt purpose, if substantial in nature, will destroy a claim for exemption regardless of the number or importance of truly exempt purposes.

In <u>Colorado State Chiropractic Soc. v. Commissioner</u>, 93 T.C. 487 (1989), it was held that many of the organization's activities were promoting individual members' businesses and thus the organization failed to qualify for exemption under IRC Section 501(c)(3). These include grand openings or open houses held by organization's members' individual chiropractic practices. Such activities were not related to the general imparting of information to the public about the importance of chiropractic health care.

Application of law

You are not described in IRC Section 501(c)(3) because you don't meet the operational test outlined in Treas. Reg. Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(a)(1).

You conduct activities that provide direct benefits to members that are more than insubstantial in nature. For this reason, you are not operating exclusively for exempt purposes as described in Treas. Reg. Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(c)(1).

The organization described in Rev. Rul. 61-170 provided a service for its members and thus served the members' private interests. Like that organization, you were formed to provide benefits to your members. In your case, you are providing networking and professional development opportunities to your members and various platforms to promote the businesses of your members. These activities serve the private interests of your members rather than a public interest. Treas. Reg. Section 1.501(c)(3)-1(d)(l)(ii) states that an organization is not operated exclusively for one or more exempt purposes unless it serves a public rather than a private interest.

As explained in <u>Better Business Bureau</u>, a single, substantial non-exempt purpose is sufficient to prevent exemption. You have a substantial nonexempt private purpose of providing services to your members to allow them to promote and grow their businesses, which prevents you from qualifying for exemption under IRC

Section 501(c)(3).

Like the organization described in <u>Colorado State Chiropractic Soc.</u>, your activities promote individual members' businesses. The promotion of your members' businesses is a substantial nonexempt purpose. Therefore, you are not exempt under Section 501(c)(3).

Conclusion

You do not qualify for tax exemption under IRC Section 501(c)(3) because you are not operated exclusively for exempt purposes. You further the private interests of your members and are operating for substantial non-exempt purposes. Therefore, you do not qualify for exemption under Section 501(c)(3).

If you agree

If you agree with our proposed adverse determination, you don't need to do anything. If we don't hear from you within 30 days, we'll issue a final adverse determination letter. That letter will provide information on your income tax filing requirements.

If you don't agree

You have a right to protest if you don't agree with our proposed adverse determination. To do so, send us a protest within 30 days of the date of this letter. You must include:

- Your name, address, employer identification number (EIN), and a daytime phone number
- · A statement of the facts, law, and arguments supporting your position
- A statement indicating whether you are requesting an Appeals Office conference
- The signature of an officer, director, trustee, or other official who is authorized to sign for the organization or your authorized representative
- The following declaration:

For an officer, director, trustee, or other official who is authorized to sign for the organization: Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have examined this request, or this modification to the request, including accompanying documents, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, the request or the modification contains all relevant facts relating to the request, and such facts are true, correct, and complete.

Your representative (attorney, certified public accountant, or other individual enrolled to practice before the IRS) must file a Form 2848, Power of Attorney and Declaration of Representative, with us if they haven't already done so. You can find more information about representation in Publication 947, Practice Before the IRS and Power of Attorney.

We'll review your protest statement and decide if you gave us a basis to reconsider our determination. If so, we'll continue to process your case considering the information you provided. If you haven't given us a basis for reconsideration, we'll send your case to the Appeals Office and notify you. You can find more information in Publication 892, How to Appeal an IRS Determination on Tax-Exempt Status.

If you don't file a protest within 30 days, you can't seek a declaratory judgment in court later because the law requires that you use the IRC administrative process first (IRC Section 7428(b)(2)).

Where to send your protest

Send your protest, Form 2848, if applicable, and any supporting documents to the applicable address:

U.S. mail:

Internal Revenue Service EO Determinations Quality Assurance Mail Stop 6403 PO Box 2508 Cincinnati, OH 45201

Street address for delivery service:

Internal Revenue Service EO Determinations Quality Assurance 550 Main Street, Mail Stop 6403 Cincinnati, OH 45202

You can also fax your protest and supporting documents to the fax number listed at the top of this letter. If you fax your statement, please contact the person listed at the top of this letter to confirm that they received it.

You can get the forms and publications mentioned in this letter by visiting our website at www.irs.gov/forms-pubs or by calling 800-TAX-FORM (800-829-3676). If you have questions, you can contact the person listed at the top of this letter.

Contacting the Taxpayer Advocate Service

The Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) is an independent organization within the IRS that can help protect your taxpayer rights. TAS can offer you help if your tax problem is causing a hardship, or if you've tried but haven't been able to resolve your problem with the IRS. If you qualify for TAS assistance, which is always free, TAS will do everything possible to help you. Visit www.taxpayeradvocate.irs.gov or call 877-777-4778.

We sent a copy of this letter to your representative as indicated in your power of attorney.

Sincerely,

Stephen A. Martin Director, Exempt Organizations Rulings and Agreements