Internal Revenue Service	Department of the Treasury Washington, DC 20224
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	Refer Reply To: CC:PSI:B03 PLR-119736-20
	Date: March 09, 2021

LEGEND	
X	=
<u>Trust</u>	=
<u>Trust1</u>	=
<u>Trust2</u>	=
<u>Trust3</u>	=
<u>Trust4</u>	=
<u>Trust5</u>	=
<u>Trust6</u>	=
<u>State</u>	=
Date1	=
Date2	=

## PLR-119736-20

Date3 =
---------

=

2

<u>n</u>

Dear

This letter responds to a letter dated September 1, 2020, and subsequent correspondence, submitted on behalf of  $\underline{X}$ , requesting a ruling under § 1362(f) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code).

## FACTS

The information submitted states that  $\underline{X}$  was incorporated under the laws of <u>State</u> on <u>Date1</u> and elected to be treated as an S corporation effective <u>Date2</u>.

From inception through <u>Date3</u>, <u>Trust</u> was administered as a single trust. <u>Trust</u> was a shareholder in <u>X</u>. <u>Trust</u> was divided into <u>n</u> separate shares (<u>Trusts1-6</u>), each with a separate EIN and each filing a separate fiduciary income tax returns. <u>X</u> represents that <u>Trusts1-6</u> qualified as electing small business trusts (ESBTs) within the meaning of § 1361(e). However, the trustees of <u>Trusts1-6</u> failed to make elections under § 1361(e)(3) to treat <u>Trusts1-6</u> as ESBTs effective <u>Date2</u>. As a result, <u>X</u>'s S corporation election terminated.

<u>X</u> represents that the failure to file ESBT elections for <u>Trusts1-6</u> and the resulting termination were inadvertent and were not motivated by tax avoidance or retroactive tax planning. Further, <u>X</u> and its shareholders agree to make any adjustments consistent with the treatment of <u>X</u> as an S corporation as may be required by the Secretary.

## <u>LAW</u>

Section 1361(a)(1) provides that the term "S corporation" means, with respect to any taxable year, a small business corporation for which an election under § 1362(a) is in effect for such year.

Section 1361(b)(1) defines a "small business corporation" as a domestic corporation which is not an ineligible corporation and which does not (A) have more than 100 shareholders; (B) have as a shareholder a person (other than an estate, a trust described in § 1361(c)(2) or an organization described in § 1361(c)(6)) who is not an individual; (C) have a nonresident alien as a shareholder; and (D) have more than one class of stock.

Section 1361(c)(2)(A)(v) provides that, for purposes of § 1361(b)(1)(B), an ESBT may be an S corporation shareholder.

Section 1361(e)(1)(A) provides that an ESBT means any trust if (i) such trust does not have as a beneficiary any person other than (I) an individual, (II) an estate, (III) an organization described in § 170(c)(2), (3), (4), or (5), or (IV) an organization described in § 170(c)(1) which holds a contingent interest in such trust and is not a potential current beneficiary; (ii) no interest in such trust was acquired by purchase; and (iii) an election under § 1361(e) applies to such trust.

Section 1361(e)(3) provides that an election under § 1361(e) shall be made by the trustee. Any such election shall apply to the taxable year of the trust for which made and all subsequent taxable years of such trust unless revoked with the consent of the Secretary.

Section 1.1361-1(m)(2)(i) of the Income Tax Regulations provides, in relevant part, that the trustee of an ESBT must make the ESBT election by signing and filing, with the service center where the S corporation files its income tax return, a statement that meets the requirements of § 1.1361-1(m)(2)(i).

Section 1362(a)(1) provides that except as provided in § 1362(g), a small business corporation may elect, in accordance with the provisions of § 1362, to be an S corporation.

Section 1362(f) provides, in relevant part, that if (1) an election under § 1362(a) by any corporation was not effective for the taxable year for which made (determined without regard to § 1362(b)(2)) by reason of a failure to meet the requirements of § 1361(b) or to obtain shareholder consents, (2) the Secretary determines that the circumstances resulting in such ineffectiveness were inadvertent; (3) no later than a reasonable period of time after discovery of the circumstances resulting in such ineffectiveness, steps were taken so that the corporation for which the election was made is a small business corporation; and (4) the corporation for which the election was made, and each person who was a shareholder in such corporation at any time during the period specified pursuant to § 1362(f), agrees to make the adjustments (consistent with the treatment of such corporation as an S corporation) as may be required by the Secretary with respect to such period, then, notwithstanding the circumstances resulting the period specified by the Secretary.

## **CONCLUSION**

Based solely on the facts submitted and the representations made, we conclude that <u>X</u>'s S corporation election terminated when the trustees of <u>Trusts1-6</u> failed to file ESBT elections under § 1361(e)(3). We further conclude that the termination of <u>X</u>'s S corporation election was inadvertent within the meaning of § 1362(f). Therefore, under §

PLR-119736-20

1362(f)  $\underline{X}$  will be treated as an S corporation on and after <u>Date 2</u>, provided  $\underline{X}$ 's S corporation election was otherwise valid and not otherwise terminated under § 1362(d).

This ruling is contingent on the trustees of <u>Trusts1-6</u> each filing within 120 days of the date of this letter an ESBT election effective <u>Date 2</u> with the appropriate service center. A copy of this letter should be attached to each election.

If the above conditions are not met, then this ruling is null and void. In addition, if these conditions are not met,  $\underline{X}$  must send notification that its S corporation election has terminated to the service center with which  $\underline{X}$ 's S corporation election was filed.

Except as specifically ruled upon above, we express or imply no opinion concerning the federal tax consequences of the facts of this case under any other provision of the Code. Specifically, we express or imply no opinion regarding  $\underline{X}$ 's eligibility to be an S corporation or the eligibility of <u>Trusts1-6</u> to be ESBTs.

This ruling is directed only to the taxpayer who requested it. According to § 6110(k)(3) of the Code, this ruling may not be used or cited as precedent.

The ruling contained in this letter is based upon information and representations submitted by the taxpayer and accompanied by a penalty of perjury statement executed by an appropriate party. While this office has not verified any of the material submitted in support of the ruling request, it is subject to verification on examination.

Pursuant to the power of attorney on file with this office, we are sending a copy of this letter to your authorized representatives.

Sincerely,

Wendy Kribell Senior Technician Reviewer, Branch 3 Office of the Associate Chief Counsel (Passthroughs & Special Industries)

Enclosures: Copy of this letter Copy of this letter for § 6110 purposes

CC: