ID: CCA_2019051007105204

UILC: 6603.00-00

Number: **201922029** Release Date: 5/31/2019

From: Sent: Friday, May 10, 2019 7:10:52 AM To: C: Bcc: Subject: RE: My question

Hi

Thanks for providing the additional facts. Based on what you've told me, I think that Rev. Proc. 2005-18 answers your question. Section 8 of that Rev. Proc. says that if a remittance that is held as a deposit is returned at the taxpayer's written request, with or without interest, and a deficiency is later assessed for that period and type of tax, the running of interest **will not be suspended** during the period for which the remittance was held as a deposit.

I believe your statement that the total adjustment to the is going to be means that there is a deficiency to assess. This means you should only give the taxpayer credit for the portion of the deposit from if the other of the deposit is returned. If the taxpayer identified any or part of the deposit as being for a disputable tax, the taxpayer is entitled to overpayment interest on the returned deposit under section 6603(d). The interest rate is the federal short-term rate determined under section 6621(b), compounded daily. See section 6603(d)(4) and Rev. Proc. 2005-18, section 6.03 and section 7. I am attaching the Rev Proc in case you need it.

If you have any other questions related to this case, please let me know.