Internal Revenue Service

Number: **201026031** Release Date: 7/2/2010

Index Number: 1362.01-03

Department of the Treasury Washington, DC 20224

Third Party Communication: None Date of Communication: Not Applicable

Person To Contact:

, ID No.

Telephone Number:

Refer Reply To: CC:PSI:B02 PLR-155566-09

Date:

January 21, 2010

Legend

X =

State =

Date1 =

Date2 =

Dear :

This responds to a letter dated December 17, 2009, and subsequent correspondence, submitted on behalf of \underline{X} , requesting relief under § 1362(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The information submitted states that \underline{X} was formed on $\underline{Date1}$ under the laws of \underline{State} . \underline{X} represents that \underline{X} intended to be an S corporation effective $\underline{Date2}$. However, no Form 2553, Election by a Small Business Corporation, was timely filed for \underline{X} .

Section 1362(a) provides that a small business corporation may elect to be an S corporation.

Section 1362(b) provides the rule on when an S election will be effective. Section 1362(b)(2) provides in relevant part that if an S election is made within the first two and one-half months of a corporation's taxable year, then the corporation will be treated as an S corporation for the year in which the election is made. Under § 1362(b)(3), however, if an S election is made after the first two and one-half months of a corporation's taxable year, then that corporation will not be treated as an S corporation until the taxable year after the year in which the S election is filed.

Section 1362(b)(5) provides that if: (A) an election under § 1362(a) is made for any taxable year after the date prescribed by § 1362(b) for making such election for such taxable year or no such election is made for any taxable year, and (B) the Secretary determines that there was reasonable cause for the failure to timely make such election, then the Secretary may treat such an election as timely made for such taxable year.

Based solely on the facts submitted and the representations made, we conclude that \underline{X} has established reasonable cause for failing to make a timely election to be an S corporation effective $\underline{Date2}$. Accordingly, provided that \underline{X} makes an election to be an S corporation by filing a complete Form 2553 effective $\underline{Date2}$, along with a copy of this letter, with the appropriate service center within 60 days from the date of this letter, then such election will be treated as timely made for $\underline{Date2}$.

Except as expressly provided herein, no opinion is expressed or implied concerning the federal income tax consequences of the facts described above under any other provision of the Code, including whether \underline{X} was or is a small business corporation under § 1361(b) of the Code.

This ruling is directed only to the taxpayer requesting it. Section 6110(k)(3) of the Code provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent.

Sincerely,

Bradford R. Poston Senior Counsel, Branch 2 Office of the Associate Chief Counsel (Passthroughs & Special Industries)

Enclosures (2):

Copy of this letter

Copy for § 6110 purposes

CC: