Internal Revenue Service			Department of the Treasury
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Index	Number:	1362.01-03	Person to Contact:
			Telephone Number:
			Refer Reply To: CC:PSI:B03-PLR-156293-02 Date: January 14, 2003
Legend			
<u>X</u>	=		
<u>A</u>	=		
<u>B</u>	=		
<u>d1</u>	=		
<u>d2</u>	=		
State	=		

Dear

:

This letter responds to a letter dated September 26, 2002 and subsequent correspondence, written on behalf of \underline{X} by \underline{X} 's authorized representative, requesting a ruling under § 1362(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code.

FACTS

The information submitted provides that <u>X</u> was incorporated under <u>State</u> law on <u>d1</u>. <u>A</u> and <u>B</u>, <u>X</u>'s sole shareholders, intended for <u>X</u> to be treated as an S corporation from <u>d1</u>. <u>X</u> retained an attorney and an accountant to aid with its incorporation and S election. However, the tax advisors retained by <u>X</u> failed to file a Form 2553, Election by a Small Business Corporation.

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<u>X</u> filed a Form 1120S, U.S. Income Tax Return for an S Corporation, for its taxable year beginning <u>d1</u> and its taxable year beginning <u>d2</u>.

LAW AND ANALYSIS

Section 1362(a)(1) provides that, except as provided in § 1362(g), a small business corporation may elect to be an S corporation. Section 1362(b)(1) provides that such election shall be effective for the current taxable year if it is made during the preceding taxable year or before the 15th day of the third month of the current taxable year. Section 1362(b)(3) provides that an election made after the 15th day of the third month of the current taxable year shall be treated as having been made for the following taxable year.

Section 1362(b)(5) provides that if an election under § 1362(a) is made for any taxable year (determined without regard to § 1362(b)(3)), after the date prescribed by § 1362(b) for making such election for such taxable year or no such election is made for any taxable year, and the Secretary determines that there was reasonable cause for the failure to timely make such election, then the Secretary may treat such an election as timely made for such taxable year (and § 1362(b)(3) shall not apply).

CONCLUSION

Based on the facts submitted and representations made, we conclude that \underline{X} has established reasonable cause for failing to make a timely S election. Thus, we conclude that \underline{X} is eligible for relief under § 1362(b)(5). Accordingly, if \underline{X} makes an election to be an S corporation by filing with the appropriate service center a completed Form 2553, containing an effective date of $\underline{d1}$, within 60 days of the date of this letter, then such election shall be treated as timely made for \underline{X} 's taxable year beginning $\underline{d1}$. A copy of this letter should be attached to the Form 2553 filed with the service center.

Except as specifically set forth above, we express or imply no opinion concerning the federal tax consequences of this case under any other provision of the Internal Revenue Code. Specifically, we express or imply no opinion on whether \underline{X} is eligible to be an S corporation.

This ruling is directed only to the taxpayer requesting it. Section 6110(k)(3) provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent.

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In accordance with the power of attorney on file with this office, we are sending a copy of this letter to \underline{X} 's authorized representative.

Sincerely yours,

/s/

James A. Quinn Senior Counsel, Branch 3 Office of the Associate Chief Counsel (Passthroughs and Special Industries)

Enclosures (2) Copy of this Letter Copy for §6110 purposes