## Statistics of Income

# SOIBULLETIN

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Volume 9, Number 2

Fall 1989

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Publication 1136 (Rev. 12-89)

#### Statistics of Income

## **SOI BULLETIN**

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

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The SOI Bulletin provides the earliest published annual financial statistics from various types of tax and information returns filed with the Internal Revenue Service. It also includes information from periodic or special analytical studies of particular interest to tax administrators. In addition, historical data are provided for selected types of taxpayers, as well as the gross internal revenue collections and other tax related items.

Information on the availability of additional unpublished data concerning the topics in this issue may be obtained by writing to the Statistics of Income Division, R:S Internal Revenue Service, Washington, DC 20224.

In addition, special Statistics of Income tabulations based on income tax returns can be produced upon request on a reimbursable basis. Requests for this service should be addressed to the Director, Statistics of Income Division, at the address shown above.

Robert A. Wilson and Bettye Jamerson of the Statistics of Income Division were the technical editors and were assisted by Wendy Alvey and Beth Kilss, who wrote the SOI Bulletin Board column, and Clementine Brittain who provided editorial support and prepared the copy. Any views expressed in the articles are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the views of the Treasury Department.

#### **Suggested Citation**

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## SOI STATISTICAL SERVICES (available from Statistics of Income Division)

As part of the Statistics of Income program a series of special services is now being offered to data users (see below). Detailed information on these statistical services can be obtained by writing to Director, Statistics of Income Division (R:S), Internal Revenue Service, 1111 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Washington, DC

20224. Purchase is by check made payable to the IRS Accounting Section. na se se ren an an an an a ·., '

#### Studies of International Income and Taxes, Publication 1267 - Price \$45.00

Purchase price includes a 516-page document for 1979–83 that presents information from 13 Statistics of Income studies in the international area, including:

<ul> <li>Foreign activity of U.S.</li> </ul>	• Foreign interests in U.S.	<ul> <li>Data presented by—</li> </ul>
corporations	corporations	geographical area or
<ul> <li>Activity of foreign</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statistics related to individuals,</li> </ul>	industrial activity, as well
corporations in the U.S.	trusts, and estates	as other classifiers

Purchasers of this service also will be provided with additional information for one year as it becomes available. The one year period for receiving additional information can be extended at a cost of \$35.00 per year. A long-term subscription (\$150) includes the compendium and additional information as it becomes available through August 1990. (The next compendium is scheduled for release in September 1990.)

#### Individual Income Tax Returns, Publication 1304 — Price \$32.00

Purchase price includes a 196-page document for 1985 presenting Statistics of Income data and tables on:

<ul> <li>Sources of income</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Itemized deductions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Data presented by—</li> </ul>
• Exemptions	• Tax computations	————————————————————————————————————

Purchasers of this service also will be provided with additional articles relating to 1985 data and preliminary 1986 data as they become available and will be notified of future statistical releases relating to individual income tax returns.

#### Partnership Returns, Publication 369 - Price \$22.00

Purchase price includes a 314-page document for 1978-82 presenting previously unpublished Statistics of Income data for 1980, 1981 and 1982, as well as data previously issued in other publications. Features include:

- Number of partnerships Limited partnerships
- Deductions

Data presented by—

 Receipts Cost of sales and

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- Capital gains
- industry size of total assets

operations

Net income

state number of partners and the second state of a state of a factor of the second state of the second state of the second state of the

Purchasers of this service also will be provided with data for 1983-1985 as they become available and will also be notified of future statistical releases relating to partnership returns.

#### Other Services — Price dependent on the request

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 Unpublished tabulations from
 Special tabulations produced SOI program are available. to user specifications. Includes detailed tables underlying those published in SOI Bulletin.

 Public use tape files, including the Individual Tax Model (1978-1985), among others. (Earlier files are available from the Machine Readable Branch (NNSR) of the National Archives, Washington, DC 20408.

## **BUSINESS SOURCE BOOKS**

(Available from Statistics of Income Division)

In addition to the Corporation Source Book, two others are now being offered by the Statistics of Income Division (see below). Information can be obtained by writing to Director, Statistics of Income Division (R:S) at the address above. Purchase of Source Books is by check made payable to the IRS Accounting Section.

#### Corporation Source Book, 1984, Publication 1053 — Price \$175.00

This is a 480-page document that presents detailed income statement, balance sheet, tax and investment credit items by major and minor industries and size of total assets. This report is part of an annual series and can be purchased for \$175 (issues prior to 1982 are for sale at \$150). A magnetic tape containing the tabular statistics for 1984 can be purchased for \$1,500.

#### Partnership Source Book, Publication 1289 — Price \$30.00

This is a 291-page document showing key partnership data for 1957 through 1983, at the minor, major and division industry level. Includes a historical definition of terms section and a summary of legislative changes affecting partnerships during that period. Tables feature:

- Number of partnerships
- Depreciation

Payroll

- Number of partners
  Number of partners Business receipts
- Taxes paid deduction Interest paid
- Payments to partners
- Net income

Purchasers of this service also will be advised of the release of subsequent years' data. A magnetic tape containing the tabular statistics can be purchased for an additional \$200.

#### Sole Proprietorship Source Book, Publication 1323 — Price \$95.00

This Source Book is a companion to that for partnerships, shown above. It is a 244-page document showing key proprietorship data for 1957 through 1984. Each page contains statistics for a particular industry. Included will be data on:

- Number of business
- Depreciation

Taxes paid deduction

- Payroll
  - Net income

 Business receipts Interest paid

As with Partnerships, a magnetic tape containing the tabular statistics can be purchased for \$245.

### **OTHER PUBLICATIONS**

(Available from Superintendent of Documents GPO, Washington, D.C. 20402)

#### The Statistics of Income (SOI) Bulletin (Quarterly) — Publication No. 1136

Subscription price \$20.00; Single copy price \$7.50

The SOI Bulletin provides the earliest published financial statistics from the various types of tax and information returns filed with the Internal Revenue Service. The Bulletin also includes information from periodic or special analytical studies of particular interest to tax administrators and economists.

#### Statistics of Income—1986, Corporation Income Tax Returns, Publication No. 16

Presents information on-

- Receipts
- Deductions
- Net income
- Taxable income
- Income tax

- Tax credits
- Distribution to stockholders
- Assets
- Liabilities

 Data classified by industry accounting period size of total assets size of business receipts

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#### Individual Income Tax Returns for 1988: Selected Characteristics from the Taxpayer Usage Study......11 By Michael E. Weber and Laura Y. Prizzi

## Early data for Tax Year 1988, from returns filed through April 1989, show that the average tax per return increased to \$3,628 from \$3,190 for Tax Year 1987. Tax as a percentage of adjusted gross income (AGI) increased slightly to 12.8 percent from 12.7 percent for 1987. AGI increased by nearly 16 percent. The percentage of returns with itemized deductions continued to decline, from 50.7 to 46.1 percent. Statistics for 1988 cover the first year for

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which most provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1986 that affected individuals were fully

For 1984, more than 1,100 U.S. "giant" multinational corporations controlled over 28,500 foreign corporations, and financial information was reported for 27,000 of them. These 27,000 Controlled Foreign Corporations held \$595 billion of assets and generated \$625 billion of receipts. The pre-tax earnings and profits of these corporations totalled \$49 billion, on which almost \$20 billion in taxes were paid to foreign countries.

#### Nonprofit Charitable Organizations, 1985.....53 By Cecella Hilgert and Susan J. Mahler

For 1985, nonprofit charitable organizations reported total revenues of \$268.4 billion, of which nearly two-thirds (\$167.9 billion) was derived from the organizations' program activities. Total expenses were \$244.2 billion, of which \$206.6 billion was for the programs conducted. Asset holdings were \$423.5 billion, of which land, buildings, and equipment accounted for 34 percent of the total. Although a total of 106,449 returns were filed, the 1,489 organizations with assets of \$50 million or more accounted for 64 percent of the total assets of all charitable organizations.

#### Environmental Excise Taxes, 1987......67 By John A. Kozielec

Environmental excise tax liabilities of \$800.8 million before adjustments were reported by 681 taxpayers for Tax Year 1987, the first year of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, or SARA. After adjustments, the tax was \$760.1 million. The petroleum tax accounted for 65.9 percent of the 1987 tax compared to 15.0 percent of the tax reported for the entire period, 1981-1985, under the prior law. Corresponding percentages for the petrochemical tax, in contrast, were 28.1 percent and 66.1 percent.

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## SOI Bulletin Board

## Fall 1989

## SOME OBSERVATIONS AND

Last year we wrote extensively about the history of the Statistics of Income (SOI) program, as we celebrated 75 years of producing statistics from tax returns. In fact, the Fall 1988 volume was a commemorative issue honoring our past.

From our early beginnings, we have understood the necessity of looking to and working with other Federal statistical agencies and academic, as well as private sector, researchers. This year's involvement in the American Statistical Association (ASA) meetings was especially noteworthy, as about 35-40 SOI staff members were able to participate in what was, coincidentally, ASA's 150th anniversary (double our own!). (So many were able to attend because the meetings were here in Washington.) In addition to wide attendance, we were also well represented by those presenting papers -- all of which will be published in the next issue in our IRS Methodology Reports series, Statistics of Income and Related Administrative Record Research.

The papers we presented at the meetings were as follows:

- MARY BATCHER and I wrote about the statistical estimation techniques we have developed to improve the IRS program to test the adequacy of responses to public requests for telephone assistance;
- ALLISON CLARK spoke about alternative meth-

ods of SOI industry coding for corporation income tax returns;

- BOBBY CLARK, DO-DIE RILEY and PETER SAILER described methods used to develop an occupation-coded mortality (year and cause of death) file of individual income tax filers, under a reimbursable project for the National Cancer Institute;
- SUSAN HINKINS and I collaborated on a paper on methodological improvements to the design of the SOI corporation sample;
- DAN HOLIK, SUSAN HOSTETTER and JOHN LABATE presented a paper on the methodology used for an SOI study on 1985 sales of capital assets;
- BARRY JOHNSON and LOUISE WOODBURN discussed weighting strategies explored to adjust the 1987 SOI estate tax return data;
- SUSAN MAHLER and DAN SKELLY looked at the changes in nonprofit charitable organizations over the past decade;
- TOM PETSKA and SUSAN NELSON (from the Treasury Department's Office of Tax Analysis) presented some analytical work on the impact of tax reform on partnerships and individual partners;

- LOUISE WOODBURN co-authored a paper with STEVE HEERINGA (of the University of Michigan) on the effect of highincome nonrespondents on the results of the 1983 Survey of Consumer Finances;
- JOHN CZAJKA (of Mathematica Policy Research, Inc.) and our own BONNYE WALKER reported on methodological improvements in the design of SOI's sample of individual income tax returns; and
- H. LOCK OH, JANET MCCUBBIN and I described enhancements to recent efforts to look at changes in individual income tax shares and average tax rates over the years -- a follow-up to the work published in the Winter 1988-1989 and Spring 1989 issues of the Bulletin.

To gain more systematic input from key outside researchers and academics, we have, as mentioned in earlier issues, formed an SOI Advisory or Consultants' Panel. The Panel usually meets every April and October at The Brookings Institution. The focus of the agenda for our eighth meeting was on SOI computer modernization efforts; hence, we decided to hold the meeting at the IRS Cincinnati Service Center in Covington, Kentucky, to see these efforts first-hand.

Cincinnati was chosen because it is one of two service centers

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(the other being in Ogden, Utah) where we are in the process of converting our computer operations for all SOI programs. We are moving from a centralized system utilizing a mainframe computer, now located in Detroit, Michigan, to a distributed processing system at the several locations where returns are processed for SOI, and also at the SOI Division itself.

In attendance were 27 people -- nearly all of the Panel members, representatives from the Treasury Department's Office of Tax Analysis, the Office of Management-and-Budget, and-Revenue Canada Taxation, along with a contingent from the SOI Division. The trip was beneficial not only because it showed the participants what we are doing to improve the SOI program, but also because it was very much a "hands-on" experience. The agenda included a tour of the "pipeline" for administrative processing of tax returns and demonstrations on statistical editing of the tax return data for three SOI programs -- the basic Individual Program, the Sales of Capital Assets Study, and the mainline Corporation Project -each of which is at a different stage in the modernization effort.

As always, the interactions stemming from this experience were very useful and stimulated much discussion which will, no doubt, lead to further follow-ups with the Panel as our modernization efforts mature.

> Fritz Scheuren Director Statistics of Income Division

#### THIS ISSUE AT A GLANCE

The Fall 1989 issue of the Bulletin presents statistics in the following areas: individual income tax returns, controlled foreign corporations, charitable organizations and environmental excise taxes. A brief abstract of each article is provided below.

Individual Income Tax Returns for 1988: Selected Characteristics from the Taxpayer Usage Study .--The Taxpayer Usage Study is an annual one which presents statistics on how individual income tax returns (Forms 1040, 1040A and 1040EZ) were used for the most recent\_filing\_season.\_\_Statistics\_ shown in the Study for 1988 cover the first year for which most provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, affecting individual taxpayers, were fully implemented. More complete (preliminary) statistics for the entire filing year, January through December, will be published in the Spring 1990 Bulletin.

Controlled Foreign Corporations by Industry, 1984.--This periodic study, planned for every 2 years, provides data on activities of foreign corporations that are controlled by U.S. corporations. Data are classified by industry and country.

Nonprofit Charitable Organizations, 1985.--This study includes information on the balance sheets and income statements for organizations classified as tax-exempt under subsection 501(c)(3)of the Internal Revenue Code.

Environmental Excise Taxes, 1987.--This study provides detailed tabulations of taxes on

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petroleum and chemicals. These are the first statistics under the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, or SARA.

Selected Historical Data.--These tables contain historical and current financial statistics from the various tax returns and supporting schedules filed with IRS, as well as the most recent information about tax collections and refunds.

#### BEHIND THE SCENES

In this section of the Bulletin Board, we would-like to pay special tribute to our friend, JOSEPHA. PECHMAN, the distinguished economist at The Brookings Institution, who died suddenly in August. To honor him, this column will highlight a few of his many contributions to the SOI Division.

At the time of his death, Joe was a member of the SOI Consultants' Panel. A co-founder of the group and its chairman for the first 2 years, Joe played a major role in planning the sessions and always brought a lot of energy and enthusiasm to the meetings. His presence and direction will be sorely missed.

Joe's interest in SOI, however, goes back to the 1950's. A recognized leader in tax policy research, he often drew on SOI data for his prolific writings and analyses. Moreover, Joe was instrumental in sponsoring the first SOI Individual Tax Model for 1960 and in getting it released to

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Brookings. (See, for example, Pechman's book, Who Paid the Taxes, 1966-85?, Brookings, 1985.)

Another of his contributions can be found at the back of each issue of the Bulletin. A large number of the historical tables shown there are reprinted from the latest edition of Joe's well-known book, Federal Tax Policy (Brookings, 1987). At his request, we also plan to republish some of the other tables from his book, and to update all of them, as more current data become available.

Finally, we would like to express our appreciation for Joe's long-term support for the Division, which often went beyond his own professional interests. This was most evident in his efforts to help arrange outside funding for a number of special studies. At the time of his death, we were in the process of discussing plans for future research in the area of personal income and wealth. We will surely miss having such a respected advocate as Joe Pechman to lend support for SOI.

#### **YOUR CALL**

In the spring issue of the Bulletin, we reported to you on our newly-formed Statistical Information Services office. About 6 months have passed since then and about 9 months have passed since that Office first began handling the phone and written requests for SOI data and publications.

The transition from our previously decentralized system in which data requests were spread throughout the Division, to the current centralized office, has been a relatively smooth one. Our information desk has made a lot of progress during this short time and is becoming more widely known. This is reflected by both the increased number of inquiries we're handling and by the addition of JOHN KOZIELEC to the staff, bringing the total number of SOI staffers available to serve you up to four.

Since we're in the business of statistics, we thought you might be interested in a few numbers, not only about the volume of calls and letters we've been receiving since February 1989, but also about who our customers are. During the 8-month period, February through October 1989, our information desk handled a total of 2,492 outside inquiries --2,099 telephone calls and 393 letters. A closer look at the numbers showed that:

- the most calls -- or nearly one-fifth of the telephone inquiries -- were received from consultants;
- the most written requests were received either from corporations or consultants, which were about equally represented, at 16 percent each of the total written inquiries received;
- a little over half of the telephone calls came from four groups: consultants, other private businesses, the Internal Revenue Service itself, and other

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Federal Government organizations;

- different mix of groups accounted for just over half of the written requests: accounting firms, other private businesses, consultants, and private citizens; and
- the inquiries received in October, alone, comprised 15.0 percent of the total telephone calls and 13.5 percent of the written requests for the 8-month period.

The following table summarizes the cumulative inquiry count, from February through October 1989, by type of inquirer and type of request:

<u>Inquirer</u>	<u>Telephone</u>	Letter
Total	100.0%	100.0%
Consultant/		
Researche	r 18.9	15.5
Accounting		
Firm	3.2	10.7
Association	4.5	2.8
Law Firm	4.2	4.6
Other Privat	te	
Business	9.4	16.0
College	5.8	8.9
Public Libra	ry 0.8	1.8
Private Citiz	zen 6.4	12.5
State/Local		
Governme	nt 8.1	8.7
IRS	11.9	2.0
Congression	nal 5.5	2.5
Other Feder	ral	
Governme	nt 12.5	5.6
Foreign	0.4	2.0
Media	4.6	2.3
Student	1.6	0.5
Other	2.4	3.6

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We are pleased with the progress that has been made during these past 8 months, and encourage you to give our information desk a call. Questions about the availability of our SOI data or when our next publications are due to be released can usually be handled directly by the Information team. Inquiries concerning technical details about a project will be referred to a subject-matter specialist in one of the program branches. As an extra resource for our subscribers, however, we have provided a current list of the names and telephone numbers of these specialists, along with a description of their projects, in the exhibit that follows this column. Updates of this list are an annual feature of the SOI Bulletin.

Our main objectives, since we began the Information Desk, are to answer your questions accurately and to do so in a timely manner, but we are still learning. Your input, therefore, on how we may improve this service is always welcome. We invite you to give us a call Monday-Friday from 8:00 am to 5:00 pm on (202) 376-3900.

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#### UPCOMING FEATURES

The following are a few of the articles to look for in upcoming issues of the SOI Bulletin:

- Marginal Tax Rates, 1987;
- Foreign Recipients of U.S. Income, 1987;
- Estates, 1987;
- Personal Wealth, 1986;
- Intergenerational Wealth, 1916-1951; and
- Partnerships, 1987. (Note: We previously reported that the article on partnerships for 1987 was included in the Summer 1989 issue. However, it will appear in the Winter 1989-1990 issue, instead.)

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General Statistical Information Contact: David Jordan (202) 376–3900

PROJECT	PRIMARY ANALYST	FREQUENCY & PROGRAM CONTENT
Americans Living Abroad: 1987 Program	Clay Christian 376-0083	This periodic study, to be done every four years, covers foreign income and taxes paid, and foreign tax credit shown on individual income tax returns. Data are classified by adjusted gross (AGI) and country.
Corporation Foreign Tax Credit: 1986 Program 1988 Program 1989 Program	DeWitt Long Karla Daronco Maggie Lewis (376-0177)	This periodic study, generally done every two years, provides data on foreign income and taxes paid, and on foreign tax credit shown on corporation income tax returns. Data are classified by industry and country.
Corporation Income Tax Returns: 1987 Program 1988 Program 1989 Program	Janice Washington Tim Wheeler Victor Rehula (376-0102)	Basic SOI program data are produced annually and cover complete income statement, balance sheet, tax and tax credits, distributions to stockholders, stockholders, and detail from supporting schedules.
Environmental Excise Taxes (Superfund) Study: 1988 Program 1989 Program	Susan Mahler (376–0199)	The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensa- tion and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) authorized the collection of environmental taxes, a type of excise tax. This study, published annually, is the only source of data that provides detailed tabulations by type of chemical. CERCLA has been replaced by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA).
Estate Collation	Janet McCubbin Marvin Schwartz Barry Johnson (376–0199)	This periodic study links estate data for decedents and beneficiaries. Income information for beneficiaries is available both for years preceding and following the decedent's death. Information on gift tax returns is available for the last two years of the decedent's life. The most recent study is based on decedents who died in 1982. The next study is planned for decedents who died in 1989.
Estate Tax Returns: 1986 Program 1987 Program 1988 Program	Barry Johnson Marvin Schwartz Janet McCubbin 376–0199	This annual study includes information on gross estate and its composition, deductions, and tax. Also included is informa- tion on the age, sex, and marital status of the decedents. Basic estate tax return data by year in which returns are filed are produced every year. Other statistics are available on a year-of-death basis (approximately every three years).
Exempt Organizations Business Income Tax Returns: 1987 Program 1988 Program	Sara Perry 376-0199	This study is to be conducted annually. The first study, for Tax Year 1987, is to be published in 1990 and will include tabulations of "unrelated business" income and deductions. The data file will also be linked with the Form 990 data files of the tax-exempt organizations.
Farmers' Cooperatives	Mike Alexander (376–0199)	This periodic study is to be done every three years. The next study is planned for 1990. Results from the last complete study, for Tax Year 1977, will be published in the Tax-Exempt Organization Compendium to be published in 1990.

PROJECT	PRIMARY ANALYST	FREQUENCY & PROGRAM CONTENT
Foreign Corporations: 1986 Program 1988 Program 1989 Program	Maggie Lewis Maggie Lewis Bill States	This periodic study, generally done every two years, provides data on activities of foreign corporations which are controlled by U.S. corporations. Data are classified by industry and country.
Foreign Recipients of U.S. Income: 1988 Program 1989 Program	Lynn Flaherty (376–0177)	This annual study provides data on income paid to nonresi- dent aliens and the amount of tax withheld for the U.S. Government.
Foreign Sales Corporations (FSC) Returns: 1986 Program 1987 Program	Chris Carson (376-0177)	These corporations replaced the Domestic International Sales Corporation, or DISC, as of January 1, 1985. Balance sheet, income statement, and export-related data will be tabulated annually through 1987, and then on a four-year cycle.
Foreign Trusts: 1986 Program	Chris Carson (376-0177)	This periodic study, conducted every four years, provides data on foreign trusts that have U.S. persons as grantors, transferors, or beneficiaries. Data include country where trust was created, the value of transfer to the trusts, and when trust was created.
Individual Income Tax Returns: 1987 Program 1988 Program	Michael Strudler (376-0083)	Basic SOI program data are produced annually and cover income, deductions, tax, and credits reported on individual income tax returns and associated schedules.
Individual Income Tax Return Public Use File	Mario Fernandez (376–0081)	Microdata magnetic tape files, produced annually, contain detailed information obtained from the individual SOI pro- gram; with identifiable taxpayer information omitted to make the file available for public dissemination. (In addition to microdata files, specific tabulations from them are produced on a reimbursable basis.)
Interest Charge Domestic International Sales Corporations (IC-DISC): 1985 Program 1986 Program 1987 Program	Bill States Chris Carson Mary Barlow (376–0177)	These corporations replaced the Domestic International Sales Corporation, or DISC, as of January 1, 1985. Balance sheet, income statement, and export-related data will be tabulated annually, through 1987, and then on a four-year cycle.
Intergenerational Wealth	Marvin Schwartz Janet McCubbin Barry Johnson (376–0199)	This one-time study involves estate returns filed since the inception of the estate tax (1916), and focuses on the changes in the concentration of wealth and the intergenerational transfer of wealth, as well as the history of the estate tax system. The asset composition, available demographic information, and an analysis of beneficiaries of estates will be emphasized.
International Boycott Participation: 1986 Program	Melissa Redmiles (376-0177)	This study, planned for every four years, provides data on business operations of U.S. persons in boycotting countries, as well as the requests and agreements to participate in, or cooperate with, international boycotts not sanctioned by the U.S. Government.

PROJECT	PRIMARY ANALYST	FREQUENCY & PROGRAM CONTENT
Non-exempt charitable trusts: 1989 Program	Peggy Riley Alicia Meckstroth	This periodic study is planned for every three years. The next study is planned for Tax Year 1989 and will include primarily balance sheet and income statement information.
Nonprofit Charitable Organizations: 1986 Program 1987 Program 1988 Program	Cecelia Hilgert Susan Mahler (376-0199)	This annual study includes information on net worth and various data from the balance sheet and income statement for organizations classified as tax-exempt under subsection 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The groups covered are religious, educational, scientific, and literary (excluding private foundations). However, for Tax Year 1988, the study will be expanded to also include section 501(c)(4)–(9) organizations.
Nonresident Alien Estates: 1986 Program	DeWitt Long (376–0177)	This periodic study, planned for every four years, provides data on estates of nonresident aliens who had more than \$60,000 of assets in the United States. The estates are subject to U.S. estate taxation on the U.S. property.
Occupation Studies	Bobby Clark (376–0104)	This periodic study, based on availability of outside funding, is designed to classify individual income tax returns by occupa- tion and to develop a dictionary of occupation titles that can be used to enhance the economic data of many other individual income tax return studies.
Partnership Returns of Income: 1988 Program 1989 Program	Joseph Middough Gail Moglen (376–0761)	Basic SOI program data, produced annually, cover income statement, balance sheet, and detail from supporting schedules.
Personal Wealth Study: 1986 Program	Marvin Schwartz Janet McCubbin Barry Johnson (376–0199)	This periodic study provides data estimates of personal wealth of top wealthholders that are generated from estate tax return data using the "estate multiplier" technique, in conjunction with both filing-year and year-of-death estate data bases. The most recent data (1982) are based on returns filed from 1982 to 1984. The next study is planned for returns filed from 1986 to 1988 and will be available in 1990. A compendium of previously published SOI articles on wealth and wealth-related studies will be published in 1991. Other research papers and previously unpublished articles and tables will also be included.
Private Foundations: 1986 Program 1987 Program 1988 Program	Peggy Riley Alicia Meckstroth (376–0199)	This annual study includes information on net worth and various data from the balance sheet and income statement. A compendium of previously published SOI articles on tax- exempt organizations will be published in 1990. Other research papers and previously unpublished articles and tables will also be included.
Private Foundation Grant Administrative Expenses	Sara Perry Ed Chung (376–0199)	This one-time study was mandated by Congress in the Tax Reform Act of 1984 to assess the impact of current rules governing the treatment of grant administrative expenses.

## Statistics of Income Projects and Contacts

PROJECT	PRIMARY ANALYST	FREQUENCY & PROGRAM CONTENT
Sales of Capital Assets: 1985 Program 1985-89 Panel Study	Jeff Hartzok (376–0083)	This periodic study, to be done every four years, provides detailed data on the sales of capital assets reported or Schedule D, plus sales of residences, and sales of persona or business depreciable property.
n an an Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna A		The panel study provides the same data on capital asse transactions for a subsample of the returns in the Sales o Capital Assets basic study; however, data for these taxpayers are obtained over a five-year period.
Sales of U.S. Real Property Interests by Foreign Persons: 1988 Program	Chris Carson (376–0177)	This annual study provides data on transfers of U.S. rea property interests, when these interests are acquired from foreign persons. Data will include amount realized on trans fers, the amount of U.S. tax withheld, and country of foreign persons.
Secretary's Percentage Study	Joseph Middough (376-0761)	This annual study includes data for computation of the percentage used in determining income tax liability of foreign life insurance companies with operations in the United States
Small-Area Data: 1984 Program 1985 Program	Bob O'Keefe Bobby Clark (376=0104)	Special tabulations are produced. All data are from the IRS Individual Master File system.
Sole Proprietorships: 1988 Program 1989 Program	Michael Strudler (376-0083)	Basic SOI program data, produced annually, cover the busi ness receipts, ceipts, deductions, and net income reported on Schedule C (for nonfarm proprietors). Similar data from Schedule F (for farmers) are available on an occasional basis
Sole Proprietorship Historical Source Book	Dodie Riley (376–0104)	A tape file of basic SOI program data is produced annually and covers the same data provided in the Sole Proprietorship SOI program, including business receipts, depreciation de duction, taxes paid deduction, interest paid deduction, pay roll, and net income since 1957, by year and by industry. A printed copy is published every five years.
State Data: 1985 Program 1987 Program	Mario Fernandez (376-0081)	Special tabulations of selected individual income, deduction and tax data by State are produced on a reimbursable basis (Data file for 1987 is now in preparation.)
Statistical Subscription Services: Corporation Source Book Partnership Source Book	Sandy Byberg (376-3900)	Annual detailed industry data and other information is com piled. Corporation data, by industry, are more detailed that those included in regular SOI reports.
Migration Flow Data		Migration flow data (based on changes in individual income tax return addresses) and income data, by county or State are available annually on a reimbursable basis.
Fax-Exempt Private Activity Bonds: 1987 Program 1988 Program	Ed Chung (376–0199)	This annual study provides information on industrial develop ment bonds, student loan bonds, and qualified mortgage bonds, by industry, type of property financed, size of face amount, of bond, and State. Beginning in 1987, information on public purpose bonds will be included:

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PROJECT	PRIMARY ANALYST	T FREQUENCY & PROGRAM CONTENT				
Taxpayer Usage Study: 1989 Program	Pete Sailer (376–0081)	Basic SOI program data are produced annually and provide frequencies of specific line entries made by taxpayers, the use of various return schedules and associated forms, as well as general characteristics of the individual taxpayer popula- tion. Weekly reports are produced during the primary filing season (January through April).				
U.S. Possessions Corporations: 1987 Program	Mary Barlow (376–0177)	This periodic study, planned for every two years, provides data on income statement, balance sheet, tax and "posses- sions tax credit" data for "qualifying" U.S. possessions cor- porations. (Most of these corporations are located in Puerto Rico.)				

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## Individual Income Tax Returns for 1988: Selected Characteristics from the Taxpayer Usage Study

By Michael E. Weber and Laura Y. Prizzi\*

Tax Year 1988 was the first year for which most provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1986 affecting individual taxpayers were fully implemented. Most notable among the changes which became effective for 1988 were a significant increase in the standard deduction, a small increase in the size of personal exemptions, and the restructuring of the tax rate schedules. For Tax Year 1986 (the last year before tax reform), there had been 14 or 15 different tax brackets, ranging from 11 to 50 percent. For 1987, these were reduced to five rates, ranging from 11 to 38.5 percent. For 1988, there were only two basic tax rates, 15 percent and 28 percent. In addition, certain high-income taxpayers could also be subject to a 33 percent marginal rate resulting from the phasing out of the benefits of the 15 percent tax rate bracket and of personal exemptions.

Data from the 1988 Taxpayer Usage Study (TPUS) show that the number of returns filed by the April 17, 1989, filing deadline increased by 3.7 percent, from 98.6 million for 1987 to 102.2 million for 1988. This

was the largest annual percentage increase in number of returns since TPUS started showing frequencies (for Tax Year 1979), and took place in spite of a liberalization of the filing requirements, based on the increased standard deduction and exemption amounts.

For Tax Year 1988, the average tax per return increased to \$3,628 from \$3,190 for Tax Year 1987 [1]. Tax as a percentage of adjusted gross income (AGI) increased slightly to 12.8 percent, from 12.7 percent for 1987. (AGI is the sum of all sources of income less losses, reduced by statutory adjustments.) As shown in Figure A, tax as a percentage of AGI dropped for all except two income classes. The effective rate increased by 0.2 percent point for the \$30,000 to \$50,000 income class and remained unchanged for the \$5,000 to \$10,000 class.

For those taxpayers with incomes \$100,000 and more, the average fell by 3.5 percentage points from

Figure A.—All Returns: Adjusted Gross Income and Total Income Tax, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income, Tax Years 1987 and 1988

		Number of returns or amounts by size of adjusted gross income								
Tax year, income and tax items	Total	Less than \$1	\$1 under \$5,000	\$5,000 under \$10,000	\$10,000 under \$15,000	\$15,000 under \$20,000	\$20,000 under \$30,000	\$30,000 under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 or more
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tax Year 1988:										
All returns, total	102,228	488	15,170	14,125	13,038	11,093	15,840	18,676	11,524	2,273
Amount of adjusted gross income Amount of total income tax <sup>1</sup> Tax as a percentage of adjusted	\$2,866,615 370,834	\$-8,817 	\$38,491 588	\$105,524 3,647	\$163,156 8,757	\$192,858 14,279	\$392,095 36,821	\$725,355 81,762	\$752,177 110,80 <del>9</del>	\$505,776 114,169
gross income	12.8%	N/A	1.5%	3.4%	5.4%	7.4%	9.4%	11.3%	14.7%	22.6%
Tax Year 1987:										
All returns, total	98,569	606	14,834	14,953	12,829	10,737	15,807	17,948	9,398	1,457
Amount of adjusted gross income Amount of total income tax <sup>1</sup> Tax as a percentage of adjusted	\$2,474,879 314,410	\$ 15,807 59	\$37,939 731	\$111,865 3,853	\$159,296 9,078	\$186,876 14,483	\$391,848 37,310	\$693,939 76,805	\$607,511 93,485	\$301,412 78,605
gross income	12.7%	N/A	1.9%	3.4%	5.7%	7.7%	9.5%	11.1%	15.4%	26.19

<sup>1</sup> Total income tax is computed as the sum of income tax after credits and alternative minimum tax, less earned income credit.

\* Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based. N/A—Not applicable.

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. All data are based on returns filed through April.

26.1 percent for 1987 to 22.6 percent for 1988. Effective tax rates for selected adjusted gross income classes are plotted in Figure B.

Figure C presents three years of effective tax rates by size of total income (total income was used in this comparison instead of adjusted gross income because of extensive definitional changes to the concept of adjusted gross income from 1986 to 1987) [2]. Figure B shows that, for taxpayers with total incomes between \$50,000 and \$100,000, the decline in effective tax rate from 1987 to 1988 was actually a return to the 1986 level, before the Tax Reform Act of 1986 took effect. For the \$100,000 and over class, the drop in the effective tax rate from 1986 to 1988 was only 0.6 percentage points. Figure D plots the effective tax rates for selected total income classes for 1986, 1987 and 1988.

#### **FILING PATTERNS**

Data presented in this article are estimates based on random samples drawn from returns received by the end of April in each of the ten Internal Revenue service centers. (Basically, these are returns filed by the April 17-filing deadline [3].) Returns filed by-thefiling deadline have, in recent years, represented between 92.6 and 94.6 percent of all returns filed during the processing year (see Figure E). Based on Internal Revenue Service (IRS) projections of the number of returns to be filed for 1988, it appears that 93.1 percent of all taxpayers filed returns by April 17 this year, as compared to 92.6 percent for Tax Year 1987 [4]. Prior experience suggests that returns filed after April 17 will, on the average, have more income and be more complex than the returns tabulated for this article [5].

#### **CHARACTERISTICS OF RETURNS**

As shown in Figure F, the percentage of taxpayers using Form 1040 (the "long form") for 1988 declined slightly to 63.4 percent of all returns from 64.4 percent for 1987, even though the number of Forms 1040 filed increased by more than 1.3 million. This was the second decline (in percentage terms) in Form 1040 usage in as many years, which reverses the upward trend that began with 1981. The number of Forms 1040A and 1040EZ filed - (the "short forms") increased by 6.9 and 6.4 percent, respectively. The increase in the number of Forms 1040A is the first since the introduction of Form 1040EZ in 1982. It is probably related to the increase in the standard deduction, which caused some taxpayers to switch from itemized deductions to the standard deduction, making it unnecessary for them to file Form 1040. The increase in 1040EZ usage is related to the 772,000 additional returns filed by dependents [6].

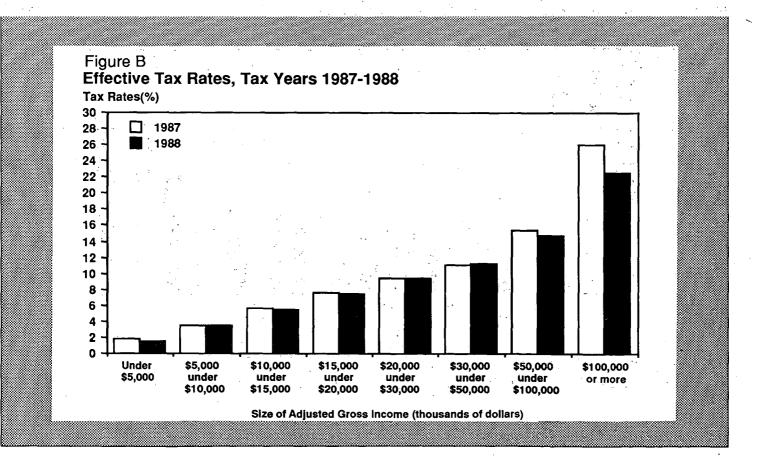


Figure C.-All Returns: Total Income and Total Income Tax, by Size of Total Income, Tax Years 1986, 1987, and 1988 [All figures are estimates based on samples-numbers of returns are in thousands, amounts are in millions of dollars]

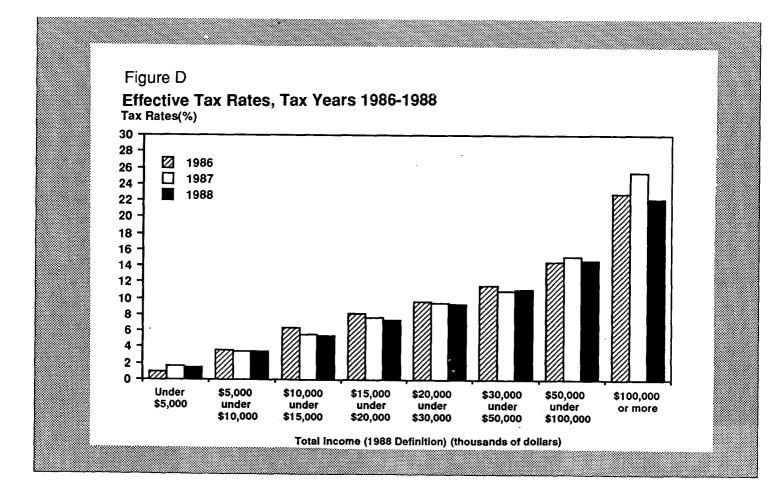
		Number of returns or amounts by size of total income								
Tax year, income and tax items	Total	Less than \$1	\$1 under \$5,000	\$5,000 under \$10,000	\$10,000 under \$15,000	\$15,000 under \$20,000	\$20,000 under \$30,000	\$30,000 under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 or more
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tax Year 1988:										
All returns, total Amount of total income <sup>1</sup> Amount of total income tax <sup>2</sup> Tax as a percentage of total income	1 <b>02,228</b> \$2,891,075 370,834 12.8%	<b>503</b> \$ - 9,174 *31 N/A	<b>15,122</b> \$38,404 588 1.5%	<b>14,071</b> \$105,087 3,613 3.4%	<b>12,848</b> \$160,588 8,564 5.3%	<b>11,006</b> \$191,246 13,933 7.3%	<b>15,745</b> \$388,883 36,101 9.3%	<b>18,958</b> \$736,789 81,939 11.1%	<b>11,622</b> \$759,254 110,591 14.6%	<b>2,352</b> \$519,998 115,474 22.2%
Tax Year 1987:										
All returns, total Amount of total income <sup>1</sup> Amount of total income tax <sup>2</sup> Tax as a percentage of total income	<b>98,569</b> \$2,501,484 314,410 12.6%	<b>551</b> \$ - 15,629 *1 N/A	<b>14,783</b> \$37,847 592 1.6%	<b>14,835</b> \$110,774 3,784 3.4%	<b>12,764</b> \$158,443 8,901 5.6%	<b>10,660</b> \$185,394 14,243 7.7%	<b>15,699</b> \$389,283 36,477 9.4%	<b>18,229</b> \$705,746 77,094 10.9%	<b>9,536</b> \$618,217 93,851 15.2%	<b>1,513</b> \$311,409 79,467 25.5%
Tax Year 1986:										
All returns, total Amount of total income, <sup>1</sup> Amount of total income tax <sup>2</sup> Tax as a percentage of total income	<b>96,737</b> \$2,522,389 316,304 12.5%	<b>764</b> \$ – 13,090 *368 N/A	<b>14,396</b> \$39,682 368 0.9%	<b>14,817</b> \$113,646 4,114 3.5%	<b>12,670</b> \$160,917 10,295 6.4%	<b>10,147</b> \$180,099 14,729 8.2%	<b>15,617</b> \$391,186 38,017 9.7%	<b>17,974</b> \$706,243 81,441 11.5%	<b>8,816</b> \$584,220 85,002 14.5%	<b>1,535</b> \$359,490 81,970 22.8%

<sup>1</sup> Total income is computed as the sum of all the sources of income before subtracting statutory adjustments. For Tax Year 1986, excluded amounts of capital gains dividends and unemployment compensation were also added back. <sup>2</sup> Total income tax is computed as the sum of income tax after credits and alternative minimum tax, less earned income credit.

Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of returns on which it is based.

N/A-Not applicable

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. All data are based on returns filed through April.



#### Figure E.—Number of Returns Filed, Tax Years 1983–1988

[Number of returns in thousands]	· ·	•	· ·	
Returns filed			 	_
Helums med		1983		19

	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987 j. ·	1988
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6),
Returns filed through April of the filing year	90,407	92,611	95,307	96,737	98,569	102,228
Returns filed through December of the filing year	95,564	99,579	102,800	103,424	107,173	109,519 <sup>-1</sup>
Returns filed through April as a percentage of returns filed through December	94.6%	93.0%	92.7%	93.5%	, 92.6%	93.3 <sup>2</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> The figure for Tax Year 1988 is a projected total by the IRS Research Division of Forms 1040, 1040A, and 1040EZ. <sup>2</sup> Estimated on the basis of projections for Tax Year 1988.

Figure F.—Number of Returns Filed, by Form Used, Tax Years 1984–1988

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	· • • •	Contraction of the			
1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
92,611	95,307	96,737	98,569	102,228	
57,862	60,677	62,619	63,521	64,847	
34,749 18,422 16,327	34,629 17,926 16,703	34,118 17,495 16,623	35,048 17,104 17,944	37,381 18,284 19,097	
100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	
62.5	63.7	64.7	64.4	63.4	
37.5 19.9 17.6	36.3 18.8	35.3 18.1	35.6 17.4	36.6 17.9 18.7	
	(1) 92,611 57,862 34,749 18,422 16,327 100.0% 62.5 37.5 19.9	(1)         (2)           92,611         95,307           57,862         60,677           34,749         34,629           18,422         17,926           16,327         16,703           100.0%         100.0%           62.5         63.7           37.5         36.3           19.9         18.8	(1)         (2)         (3)           92,611         95,307         96,737           57,862         60,677         62,619           34,749         34,629         34,118           18,422         17,926         17,495           16,327         16,703         16,623           Percentage of return           100.0%         100.0%         100.0%           62.5         63.7         64.7           37.5         36.3         35.3           19.9         18.8         18.1	1984         1985         1986         1987           (1)         (2)         (3)         (4)           92,611         95,307         96,737         98,569           57,862         60,677         62,619         63,521           34,749         34,629         34,118         35,048           18,422         17,926         17,495         17,104           16,327         16,703         16,623         17,944           Percentage of returns           100.0%         100.0%         100.0%           62.5         63.7         64.7         64.4           37.5         36.3         35.3         35.6           19.9         18.8         18.1         17.4	

NOTE: All data are based on returns filed through April.

As mentioned previously, the total number of returns received by the end of April increased by 3.7 percent for Tax Year 1988. Returns of married taxpayers filing separately and returns of heads of households showed increases that were significantly greater than 3.7 percent (10.3 and 8.8 percent, respectively). In the case of married taxpayers filing separately, this increase may be related to provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1986. That Act limited deductible medical and dental expenses to the amounts exceeding 7.5 percent of adjusted gross income (AGI), up from 5 percent for 1986, and instituted a floor on deductible business expenses equal to 2 percent of AGI. These provisions may have made it advantageous for some taxpayers eligible for one of these deductions to file separately, thus reducing the amount of AGI used in computing the allowable deductions. The Tax Reform Act also abolished the two-earner deduction, which provided an additional incentive for married couples to file joint returns. For some, the widening of the tax brackets for 1988 removed an additional incentive to file jointly.

#### **TWO-EARNER COUPLES**

For Tax Year 1988, about 60 percent of married couples who filed jointly and also had salaries and

wages were two-earner couples, as evidenced by the presence of at least one Form W-2 (Wage and Tax Statement) for each taxpayer. This percentage has declined by 0.5 percentage points for 1987 and 1.2 percentage points since 1986.

The percentage of joint returns with two earners varies widely by income class, ranging from approximately 13 percent for joint returns with no AGI to 74 percent for joint returns with AGI of \$50,000 to \$100,000. For joint returns with AGI \$100,000 and over, two-earner couples as a proportion of all joint returns with Forms W-2 attached drop back to 53 percent.

## ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME, SOURCES OF INCOME

Details on the sources of income and adjustments used in the computation of adjusted gross income (AGI) are shown in tables 4 and 5, respectively. AGI increased by \$392 billion, or 15.8 percent, for 1988. Salaries and wages went up by \$233 billion (11.8 percent). Large percentage increases were shown by taxable social security benefits (24.9 percent), dividends (23.6 percent), interest (23.3 percent), and net capital gains less losses (22.4 percent). It should be noted that returns with substantial amounts of capital gains and losses tend to be filed well after the April filing deadline; thus, it is too early to draw conclusions about capital gains for the year as a whole. For Tax Year 1988, the number of returns showing salaries and wages as a source of income increased by 3.8 percent to 87,464,000. This increase, as well as the decrease in the number of returns showing unemployment compensation (which fell by 15.9 percent to 5,928,000 returns) are both reflections of the economic expansion which took place during 1988.

#### **INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT ARRANGEMENTS**

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 placed substantial limitations on the amount taxpayers could deduct from total income for contributions made to an Individual Retirement Arrangement (IRA). For example, starting with Tax Year 1987, a single taxpayer who made \$35,000 or more and was covered by a private pension plan was no longer able to deduct any of the contributions he or she made to an IRA (although non-deductible contributions were still allowed). For Tax Year 1987, there was a significant decline in the number and amount of IRA deductions claimed. This decline continued for 1988, as returns claiming a deductible IRA fell from 7.2 percent for 1987 to 5.9 percent. The average deduction also declined, from \$1,910 for 1987 to \$1,066 for 1988.

#### **ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS**

The percentage of Forms 1040 showing itemized deductions for 1988 declined to 46.1 percent from 50.7 percent for 1987 (see Figure G). This decline was primarily the result of a significant increase in the size of the standard deduction and a further limitation on the amount of personal interest that could be deducted as an itemized deduction (40 percent). Both of these changes, stemming from the Tax Reform Act of 1986, made it advantageous for some taxpayers to switch from itemized deductions to the standard deduction.

#### ELECTRONIC RETURNS, PAPER RETURNS WITH OFFICIAL LABELS AND ENVELOPES

For 1988, electronically-filed returns increased to 1.2 million, from 0.6 million for Tax Year 1987. These returns are hard to classify in terms of label usage. Although an electronically filed return cannot have a label "affixed," the taxpayer may have used his or her label on the required Form 8453 (U.S. Individual Income Tax Declaration for Electronic Filing). This information is not available at the time of TPUS processing. Since the preparer of the electronic returns submits Forms 8453 (along with any other non-electronic schedules) in batches, it is unlikely that the official IRS envelope is ever used in connection with electronic returns [7]. Thus, electronic

Tax year	All returns	Form 1040 returns
1979	28.9%	49.6%
1980	30.6	51.7
1981	31.1	52.7
1982	34.9	57.4
1983	36.0	58.3
1984	40.7	65.1
1985	37.8	59.4
1986	38.4	59.3
1987	32.6	50.7
1988	29.2	46.1

Figure G.—Percentage of Returns With Itemized Deductions, Tax Years 1979–1988

NOTE: All data are based on returns filed through April.

returns have been omitted from the following discussion of label and envelope usage.

For Tax Year 1988, 54.3 percent of all taxpayers who filed non-electronic (i.e., paper) returns used the IRS-provided name and address labels, a slight decrease from 54.9 percent for Tax Year 1987. Of the 54,905,000 labels used, 93.4 percent were unaltered. Only 43.4 percent of returns filed by dependents had an IRS label attached. This was, however, a substantial increase over the 38.8 percent for 1987.

When the official label is used, the IRS transcription operator need not enter the taxpayer's name or address, provided no changes were made to the label, since the information is already on file. Thus, taxpayers who use their official labels help the IRS decrease its processing costs and time and enable it to mail taxpayers their refunds sooner.

Official bar-coded envelope usage for paper returns decreased for 1988 to 64.8 percent, from 65.6 percent for Tax Year 1987 (see Figure H). Use of the official envelope speeds the sorting of returns on route to and after receipt by the IRS service centers.

Figure H.—All	Non-Electronic	(Paper) Re	turns: Number
With Selected	Characteristics,	<b>Tax Yéars</b>	1986-1988

[Number of returns in thousands]

ltem	Tax year						
Rem	1986	1987	1988				
	(1)	(2)	(3)				
All returns, total	96,737	98,569	102,228				
Form 1040	62,619	63,521	64,847				
Form 1040A	17,495	17,104	18,284				
Form 1040EZ	16,623	17,944	19,097				
Returns with official IRS label,							
total	52.651	53.848	54,905				
Form 1040	35,140	36,016	35,397				
Form 1040A	8.891	8.998	9,762				
Form 1040EZ	8,619	8,834	9,746				
Returns with official							
bar-coded envelope, total	54.521	64,317	65.521				
Form 1040	31,403	39,992	38.897				
Form 1040A	11,844	12,126	13,159				
Form 1040EZ	11,275	12,199	13,485				

NOTE: All data are based on returns filed through April.

The bar codes on the envelopes, representing ZIP Codes and IRS information, allow the Postal Service and the IRS to machine-sort the envelopes, which is faster and less costly than manual mail-sorting procedures.

#### PAID PREPARERS

For Tax Year 1988, the use of paid tax return preparers increased marginally by 0.3 percentage points to 47.6 percent for 1988 (see Figure I) [8]. After a 1.7 percentage point increase in the use of paid preparers for 1987 (the first year of tax reform), the use of paid preparers seems to have stabilized. The only form type with an increase in paid preparer usage was Form 1040, which increased by 2.0 percentage points to 67.5 percent. The number of Forms 1040A with a paid preparer signature actually decreased by 2.3 percentage points to 22.2 percent. The 1040EZ returns with paid preparers declined by 0.4 percentage points to 4.3 percent.

Figure I.—All Returns and Returns with Paid Preparer	
Signature, Tax Years 1986–1988	
	•

[Number of returns in thousands]

	Tax year						
ltem	1986	1987	1988				
An and a second se	(1)	(2)	(3)				
All returns, total Form 1040 Form 1040A	<b>96,737</b> 62,619 17,495	<b>98,569</b> 63,521 17,104	<b>102,228</b> 64,847 18,284				
Form 1040EZ	16,623	17,944	19,097				
Returns with paid-preparer signature, total	44.082	46,635	48,673				
Form 1040 Form 1040A	39,687 3,794	41,595 4,199	43,792 4,056				
Form 1040EZ	601	841	825				

NOTE: All data are based on returns filed through April.

#### DATA SOURCES AND LIMITATIONS

Data for the Taxpayer Usage Study were derived from a daily random sampling of returns as they were received in the ten IRS service center mailrooms from January 3 to April 28, 1989 [9]. Sampling was conducted for each service center at designated rates ranging from 1-in-800 to 1-in-1,300. From January 3, 1989 to February 3, 1989, all returns selected at these rates were included in the sample. Beginning February 4, 1989, all returns with AGI of less than \$100,000 were subsampled at rates ranging from 16-in-100 to 26-in-100. Thus, for returns with incomes under \$100,000 received in February and March, the effective sampling rate was approximately 1-in-5,000 [10]. Beginning April 1, 1989, the subsampling rates were changed again. The new subsampling rates ranged from 8-in-100 to 18-in-100, with an effective sampling rate of approximately 1-in-10,000 for returns with incomes under \$100,000.

The sample size for the entire sampling period from January 3, 1989, to April 28, 1989, was 21,947. The total number of returns selected with incomes \$100,000 and above was 2,219. Examined by sampling period, 6,209 returns were selected during January; 8,316 were selected during February and March; and 7,422 were selected during April. Of the high income returns, 11 were selected for the first period, 189 for the second, and 2,019 for the third period.

"Theoretical" weights (i.e., the inverse of the sampling rates) were used for the high income returns. The 1040 low income weights were then computed by subtracting the weighted 1040 high income population from the total 1040 population, and dividing the result by the low income sample size. The 1040A and 1040EZ weights were computed by dividing the sample size into the population. These computations were made separately for each type of return for each service center for each sampling period. The result was weights ranging from a low of 789 to a high of 2,070 for returns sampled during the first sampling period. (High income returns were selected at the same rate as low income returns during-this-period-and-thus-received-the-same For the second sampling period, the weight.) weights for low income returns ranged from a low of 4,204 to a high of 8,263. The weights for high income returns ranged from a low of 800 to a high of 1,300. For the final sampling period, the weights for low income returns ranged from a low of 5,387 to a high of 15,182. The weights for high income returns ranged from a low of 800 to a high of 1,300. The weights for electronically filed returns ranged from a low of 1,200 to a high of 1,506 for returns sampled during the first sampling period. (As done with paper returns, high income returns were selected at the same rate as low income returns during this period and thus received the same weight). For the second sampling period, the weights for low income returns ranged from a low of 3,773 to a high of 8,098. The weights for high income returns for this sampling period and the last period ranged from a low of 1,200 to a high of 1,300. For the final sampling period, the weights for low income returns ranged from a low of 20,967 to a high of 31,467. Since the data presented in this article are estimates based on a sample, they are subject to sampling, as well as nonsampling, error. Nonsampling error may be higher for TPUS than for other Statistics of Income (SOI) data because the sampled returns had not yet been subjected to any of the regular IRS or SOI processing steps which would have corrected many taxpayer errors. After the returns were added to the TPUS database, they were computer-tested for internal consistency, and some of the more obvious taxpayer omissions were corrected (such as when the taxpayer failed to fill in an amount for total income, but carried the correct figure forward to AGI, without any of the reductions for statutory adjustments). However, no attempt was made to force-balance a return when the taxpayer had made mathematical errors.

Comparisons of TPUS data for 1988 with those for 1987 are also affected by a change in the presentation of data on "IRS compute" returns. Taxpayers have the option of requesting the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to compute their tax and refund or balance due. These computations were not reflected in the 1987 TPUS. Such returns were therefore counted as returns with no tax, refund, or balance due. However, in the 1988 TPUS, tax, refund, and balance due computations for returns of this nature are included in the statistics.

Figure J provides a comparison of 1987 TPUS data and 1987 SOI data as a means of evaluating the representativeness of returns filed through April, as a percentage of returns filed through December. As with prior years, the TPUS data for 1988 are intended to provide early indications of trends in SOI data that will be published in more detail later in the *Statistics of Income Bulletin*, and still later on in a separate SOI report on individual income tax returns.

If the statistical data provided are to be used properly, the magnitude of the sampling error must be known. Coefficients of variation, computed from the sample, are used to measure the magnitude of the sampling error. Figure K presents approximate coefficients of variation for frequency estimates. The coefficients of variation shown are intended only as a general indication of data reliability. For numbers of returns other than those shown, the corresponding coefficients of variation can be estimated by interpolation.

#### Figure K.—Coefficients of Variation for Frequency Estimates, Tax Year 1988 <sup>1</sup>

Estimated number of returns	Approximate coefficient of variation
38,000,000	0.02
6,100,000	0.05
1,500,000	0.10
380,000	0.20
170,000	0.30
120,000	0.35
61,000	0.50

<sup>1</sup> Not to be used with money amount estimates.

#### **NOTES AND REFERENCES**

- [1] Average tax was computed by dividing total income tax by total number of returns, whether or not the returns had any total income tax. If only "taxable" returns had been used in this computation, the average would be higher (\$4,472).
- [2] For purposes of this comparison, total income for 1986 was recomputed to approximate the concept in effect for 1987 and 1988, by adding back excluded amounts of capital gains, dividends, and unemployment compensation. It should be noted that the use of an income concept from which Keogh and IRA contributions have not been deducted results in some double counting, since amounts withdrawn from these accounts at a later date are again included in gross income. However, because of the vast changes in the rules governing IRA deductions from 1986 to 1987, it was deemed appropriate to abstract from these definitional changes.

Items	1987 TPUS	1987 SOI	Difference	Percentage difference
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
All returns	98,569	106,996	8,427	8.5%
djusted gross income dividual retirement arrangement adjustment:	\$2,474,879	\$2,773,824	\$298,945	12.1
Number of returns	7,087	7,319	232	3.3
Amount	\$13,539	\$14,066	\$527	3.9
Number of returns	32,179	35,628	3,449	10.7
Amount btal tax:	\$328,426	\$392,020	\$63,594	19.4
Number of returns	84,257	90,770	6,513	7.7
Amount	\$326,000	\$385,540	\$59,540	18.3

Figure J.—Comparison of Taxpayer Usage Study (TPUS) Data and Statistics of Income (SOI) Data, Tax Year 1987 [Number of returns in thousands—amounts in millions of dollars]

NOTE: All data are based on returns filed through April.

- [3] For Tax Year 1988, the usual filing deadline of April 15 fell on a Saturday; thus, the filing deadline was automatically extended to the following business day--April 17.
- [4] As of September 1989, the IRS projected that 109.8 million individual income tax returns for Tax Year 1988 will be filed by the end of 1989. Because of year-to-year changes in the percentage of returns that are filed by April 15, it may be difficult to project total frequencies and amounts for the year from the data presented. However, based on previous experience ratios and averages from the 1987 and 1988 TPUS reports are expected to be very close to final data for those 2 years.
- [5] Taxpayers could legitimately file after April 17 if:
  - they lived outside of the United States and Puerto Rico and their main place of business or military post of duty was outside the United States and Puerto
     Rico (permitted an automatic extensionto June 15th);
  - they filed a Form 4868 for an automatic extension of the filing deadline, paying the estimated balance due with the Form 4868 (permitted an automatic extension to August 15th); or
    - they filed a Form 2688 for an additional extension of filing deadline (a Form 2688 is generally filed if the automatic extensions are not sufficient).
- [6] The increase in returns filed by dependents may be the result of provisions in the 1986 Act that required dependents to file a return if their

income was more than \$500 and they had any unearned income, or if their earned income alone was more than \$3,000. Prior to 1987, dependents generally had to file only if they had \$1,080 or more of unearned income, or \$3,560 or more of total income.

- [7] U.S. Department of Treasury, Internal Revenue Service, Publication 1345 (Rev. 10-88), *Revenue Procedure for Electronic Filing of Indivivual Income Tax Returns (Tax Year 1988).*
- [8] Electronically filed returns are often processed through paid preparers, but it is not necessary for a taxpayer to have his or her return prepared by a paid preparer. There is a form which accompanies an electronically filed return entitled "Summary of Preparer Info." If the return was professionally prepared, the name of the paid preparer will be listed there, and the return will be classified as having a paid preparer signature.
- [9] In addition to the sample drawn from the mail room receipts, a separate sample was drawn from the electronically-transmitted returns which were filed in the IRS Cincinnati and Ogden Service Centers. These returns were sampled at the corresponding rates for those service centers.
- [10] Example of calculation of the effective sampling rate:

Sampling rate = 1/800Subsampling rate = 16/100Effective sampling rate:  $(1/800) \times (16/100) =$ 1/5,000

#### Table 1.—All Returns: Number by Marital Status, by Type of Return and Size of Adjusted Gross Income

[All figures are estimates based on samples-numbers of returns are in thousands]

Type of return, marital status					Number of retur	ms by size of adju	sted gross income			
	Total	No adjusted gross income 1	\$1 under \$5,000	\$5,000 under \$10,000	\$10,000 under \$15,000	\$15,000 under \$20,000	\$20,000 under \$30,000	\$30,000 under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 or more
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
All returns, total	102,228	488	15,170	14,125	13,038	11,093	15,840	18,676	11,524	2,273
Returns of single persons Joint_returns of husbands and wives Separate returns of husbands and wives Returns of heads of households Returns of surviving spouses	44,824 45,266 1,616 10,456 *66	189 256 *16 *27	12,729 1,104 165 1,165 *8	9,089 2,526 292 2,206 *12	6,664 3,838 339 2,184 *13	5,225 3,852 196 1,809 *11	5,891 7,914 337 1,697 *1	3,862 13,498 194 1,109 *14	928 10,308 *57 231 —	249 1,970 20 29 *6
Form 1040 returns, total	64,847	444	4,932	6,466	6,508	5,953	10,639	16,279	11,355	2,273
Returns of single persons Joint returns of husbands and wives Separate returns of husbands and wives Returns of heads of households Returns of surviving spouses	20,586 38,167 1,100 4,943 *52	164 248 *16 *16	3,733 748 *97 354	3,794 1,798 *94 774 *6	2,833 2,731 196 735 *13	2,268 2,711 *143 821 *11	3,440 5,858 290 1,050 *1	3,198 11,947 187 933 *14	908 10,158 *57 231	249 1,970 20 29 *8
Form 1040A returns, total	18,284	*29	2,939	3,312	3,497	2,871	3,452	2,014	170	-
Returns of single persons Joint returns of husbands and wives Separate returns of husbands and wives Returns of heads of households Returns of surviving spouses	5,142 7,098 516 5,514 *14	*10 *9  *10 	1,697 356 *67 811 *8	948 727 198 1,432 *6	798 1,107 *143 1,449	688 1,141 *53 989 —	702 2,055 *47 647	280 1,552 *7 175	*19 150 — — —	
Form 1040EZ returns, total <sup>2</sup>	19,097	*16	7,299	4,348	3,034	2,269	1,748	384		_
Returns of single persons	19,097	*16	7,299	4,348	3,034	2,269	1,748	384	-	-

Includes returns with negative adjusted gross income.
 Form 1040EZ returns could be filed by single persons only.
 Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based.

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

#### Table 2.—All Returns: Number With and Without Total Income Tax, by Type of Return and Size of Adjusted Gross Income

[All figures are estimates based on samples-numbers of returns are in thousands]

		Number of returns by size of adjusted gross income								
Type of return, 1 total income tax 1	Total	No adjusted gross income 2	\$1 under \$5,000	\$5,000 under \$10,000	\$10,000 under \$15,000	\$15,000 under \$20,000	\$20,000 under \$30,000	\$30,000 under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 or more
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
All returns, total	102,228	488	15,170	14,125	13,038	11,093	15,840	18,676	11,524	2,273
Number with total income tax Number with no total income tax	82,921 19,307	488	5,221 9,949	9,162 4,963	9,996 3,042	10,504 589	15,632 208	18,619 *57	11,515 *9	2,272 *1
Form 1040 returns, total	64,847	444	4,932	6,466	6,508	5,953	10,639	16,279	11,355	2,273
Number with total income tax Number with no total income tax	56,184 8,664	444	1,715 3,217	3,679 2,787	5,031 1,477	5,487 466	10,433 207	16,222 *57	11,346 *9	2,272 *1
Form 1040A returns, total	18,284	*29	2,939	3,312	3,497	2,871	3,452	2,014	170	_
Number with total-income taxi Number with no total income tax	12,368 5,916	*29	916 2,023	1,138 2,174	1,931 1,565	2,748 *123	3,451 *1	2,014	170 —	_
Form 1040EZ returns, total <sup>2</sup>	19,097	*16	7,299	4,348	3,034	2,269	1,748	384	-	_
Number with total income tax Number with no total income tax	14,370 4,727		2,590 4,709	4,346 *2	3,034	2,269	1,748	384	-	_

<sup>1</sup> Total income tax is computed as the sum of income tax after credits and alternative minimum tax, less earned income credit (which was treated as a payment on the income tax return).

Includes returns with negative adjusted gross income tax after credits and alternative minimum tax, tess earner
 Includes returns with negative adjusted gross income.
 Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based.
 NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

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Table 3—All Returns: Number With and Without Total Income Tax, by Type of Return and Size of Total Income

[All figures are estimates based on samples-numbers of returns are in thousands]

	·	Number of returns by size of total income 2								
Type of return, total income tax status	Total	No total income 3	\$1 under \$5,000	\$5,000 under \$10,000	\$10,000 under \$15,000	\$15,000 under \$20,000	\$20,000 under \$30,000	\$30,000 under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 or ``more'
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4) .	(5)	(6)	ທ	(8)	(9)	(10)
All returns, total	102,228	503	15,122	14,071	12,848	11,006	15,745	18,958	11,622	2,352
Number with total income tax Number with no total income tax	82,921 19,307	*20 483	5,221 9,902	9,083 4,989	9,830 3,018	10,384 622	15,526 219	18,894 *64	11,613 *9	2,351 1
Form 1040 returns, total	64,847	459	4,891	6,410	6,365	5,876	10,510	16,532	11,452	2,352
Number with total income tax Number with no total income tax	56,184 8,664	*20 439	1,715 3,176	3,600 2,810	4,912 1,453	5,382 495	10,293 217	16,468 *64	11,443 9	2,351 1
Form 1040A returns, total	18,284	*29	2,933	3,314	3,449	2,861	3,486	2,042	170	_
Number with total income tax Number with no total income tax	12,368 5,916	•29	916 2,016	1,138 2,176	1,884 1,565	2,733 127	3,485 1	2,042	170. —	
Form 1040EZ returns, total	19,097	•16	7,299	4,348	3,034	2,269	1,748	384	-	· -
Number with total income tax Number with no total income tax	14,370 4,727	; <u>–</u>	2,590 4,709	4,346 *2	3,034	2,269	1,748 —	384	Ξ	

<sup>1</sup> Total income tax is computed as the sum of income tax after credits and alternative minimum tax, less earned income credit (which was treated as a payment on the income tax return). <sup>2</sup> The sum of all sources of income less loss, before reduction by statutory adjustments.

The sum of all sources of income less load, source research and the sum of all sources of income less that income.
 Stimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based.
 NOTE: Detail may not add to total because of rounding.

#### Table 4.—All Returns: Adjusted Gross Income and Sources of Income, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income

[All figures are estimates based on samples-numbers of returns are in thousands, amounts are in millions of dollars]

Size of adjusted	Total in	come <sup>1</sup>	Sataries	and wages	Taxable	a interest	Tax-exemp	ot interest <sup>2</sup>
gross income	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
	(1) .	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
ll returns, total	102,228	2,891,075	87,464	2,206,950	65,477	168,066	3,451	26,607
adjusted gross income <sup>3</sup>	488	* - 8,787	118	1,363	254	854	1 *5	*10
under \$5,000	15,170	38,768	12,406	31,411	6,327	4,251	77	123
,000 under \$10,000	14,125	105,905	11,078	76,304	6.301	11,775	91	. 234
0,000 under \$15,000	13,038	163,949	10.560	122,140	6,778	16,027	91	160
5,000 under \$20,000	11,093	194,457	9,526	154,723	6,504	12,188	144	282
0,000 under \$30,000	15,840	395,377	14,183	327,594	10,648	18,662	467	1,747
0,000 under \$50,000	18,676	731,292	17,162	611,962	15,499	35,105	926	
60,000 under \$100,000	11,524	758,318	10,576					4,708
00,000 or more	2,273	511,796	1,855	608,936 272,518	10,930 2,235	35,855 33,350	1,021 628	7,448
	Divid	lends	Taxable State a	refunds of Ind local	Alimony	received		ess net
Size of adjusted gross income				e taxes			ince	ome
	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
ll returns, total	21,282	63,015	18,612	10,595	400	2,593	11,935	110,628
adjusted gross income <sup>3</sup>	*78	*161	*26	*42	— ·	- 1	*69	*43
under \$5,000	1,534	1,180	*131	*34	*19	*25	705	1,38
,000 under \$10,000	1,392	2,124	348	68	*44	*197	1,007	4,60
0,000 under \$15,000	1,525	2,257	673	221	•71	*306	936	5,95
5,000 under \$20,000	1,489	3,215	1,122	259				
0,000 under \$30,000					*92	*424	1,014	8,10
0,000 under \$50,000	2,895	4,609	2,844	798	*64	*399	1,532	13,853
0,000 under \$50,000	5,355	11,278	6,615	2,425	•77	*315	. 1,871	21,165
0,000 under \$100,000	5,415	16,293	5,713	3,233	*23	*141	1,510	26,349
00,000 or more	1,598	21,898	1,141	3,514	*9	*786	501	
00,000 or more		21,898		3,514	*9 sts from Schedule D	*786	501 Capita	39,869
00,000 or more	1,598	21,898	1,141	3,514	ets from Schedule D	*786	501 Capita	39,869
Size of adjusted	1,598	21,898	1,141	3,514 Sales of capital ass	ets from Schedule D		501 Capita	39,869
Size of adjusted	1,598 Business Number of	21,898	1,141	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain	ets from Schedule D Net cap Number of	pital loss	. 501 Capite distrib	39,869
Size of adjusted gross income	1,598 Business Number of returns	21,898 I net loss Amount	1,141 Net cap Number of returns	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain Amount	ets from Schedule D Net cap Number of returns	bital loss	501 Capite distrib Number of returns	39,869 al gain utions Amount
Size of adjusted gross income Il returns, total	1,598 Business Number of returns (17)	21,898 net loss Amount (18)	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19)	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain Amount (20)	Net car Net car Number of returns (21)	Amount (22)	501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23)	39,869 al gain utions Amount (24)
Size of adjusted gross income Il returns, total	1,598 Business Number of returns (17) 2,791	21,898 net loss Amount (18) 11,096	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) 7,863	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain Amount (20) 96,294 777	Number of returns (21) 4,006 *68	Amount (22) 6,981 *122	501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581	39,865 al gain utions Amount (24) 1,103
Size of adjusted gross income Il returns, total	1,598 Business Number of returns (17) 2,791 164	21,898 net loss Amount (18) 11,096 2,253	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) <b>7,863</b> *80 304	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain Amount (20) 96,294 777 204	Number of returns (21) 4,006 *68 269	Amount (22) 6,981 *122 335	Sol Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 	39,865 al gain utions Amount (24) 1,103 -15
Size of adjusted gross income Il returns, total adjusted gross income <sup>3</sup> under \$5,000	1,598 Business Number of returns (17) 2,791 164 °92 244	21,898 a net loss Amount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) <b>7,863</b> *80 304 461	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain (20) <b>96,294</b> 777 204 1,626	Automatic         Automatic <thautomatic< th="">         Automatic         <th< td=""><td>Amount (22) 6,981 *122 335 425</td><td>. 501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 -93 *110</td><td>39,865 al gain utions (24) 1,103 - 15 -66</td></th<></thautomatic<>	Amount (22) 6,981 *122 335 425	. 501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 -93 *110	39,865 al gain utions (24) 1,103 - 15 -66
Size of adjusted gross income Il returns, total adjusted gross income <sup>3</sup> 000 under \$10,000	1,598 Business Number of returns (17) 2,791 164 *92 244 267	21,898 net loss Amount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) <b>7,863</b> *80 304 461 481	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207	Automatic         Automatic <thautomatic< th="">         Automatic         <th< td=""><td>Amount (22) 6,981 *122 335 425 470</td><td>501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) (23) 1,581 - - *93 *110 108</td><td>39,865 al gain utions (24) 1,103 </td></th<></thautomatic<>	Amount (22) 6,981 *122 335 425 470	501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) (23) 1,581 - - *93 *110 108	39,865 al gain utions (24) 1,103 
Size of adjusted gross income ili returns, total	1,598 Business Number of returns (17) 2,791 164 *92 244 267 207	21,898 net loss Amount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) 7,863 *80 304 461 481 602	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164	Action         Action<	Amount (22) 6,981 *122 335 425 470 292	. 501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 	39,865 al gain utions Amount (24) 1,103 
Size of adjusted gross income ill returns, total	1,598 Business Number of returns (17) 2,791 164 *92 244 267 207 440	21,898 Amount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225 1,130	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) <b>7,863</b> *80 304 461 481 602 1,071	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164 3,326	(21) 4,006 68 269 255 271 175 563	Amount (22) 6,981 *122 335 425 470 292 951	. 501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 - 93 *110 108 *85 212	39,863 al gain utions (24) 1,103 
Size of adjusted gross income II returns, total	1,598 Business Number of returns (17) 2,791 164 *92 244 267 207 440 691	21,898 Amount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225 1,130 2,011	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) 7,863 *80 304 461 481 602 1,071 1,744	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164 3,326 6,989	Automatic         Automatic <thautomatic< th="">         Automatic         <th< td=""><td>Amount (22) 6,981 * 122 335 425 470 292 951 1,762</td><td></td><td>39,863 al gain utions (24) 1,103  155 666 85 16 49 258</td></th<></thautomatic<>	Amount (22) 6,981 * 122 335 425 470 292 951 1,762		39,863 al gain utions (24) 1,103  155 666 85 16 49 258
Size of adjusted gross income II returns, total	1,598 Business Number of returns (17) 2,791 164 *92 244 267 207 440	21,898 Amount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225 1,130	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) <b>7,863</b> *80 304 461 481 602 1,071	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164 3,326	(21) 4,006 68 269 255 271 175 563	Amount (22) 6,981 *122 335 425 470 292 951	. 501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 - 93 *110 108 *85 212	39,863 al gain utions (24) 1,103 
gross income All returns, total	1,598 Business Number of returns (17) 2,791 164 *92 244 267 207 440 691 562	21,898 Amount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225 1,130 2,011 1,590	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) <b>7,863</b> *80 304 461 481 602 1,071 1,744 2,131 989 ain less	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164 3,326 6,989 22,010 57,992 Scher incom	Action         Schedule D           Net cap         Net cap           Number of returns         (21)           4,006         68           269         255           271         175           563         975           1,027         402	Amount (22) 6,981 *122 335 425 470 292 951 1,762 1,798	501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 - *93 *110 108 *85 212 460 448 *65 Taxable IBA	39,865 al gain utions Amount (24) 1,103 
Size of adjusted gross income           All returns, total	1,598 Business Number of returns (17) 2,791 164 *92 244 267 207 440 691 562	21,898 Amount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225 1,130 2,011 1,590 964 Other g. loc	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) 7,863 *80 304 461 481 602 1,071 1,744 2,131 989 ain less ss	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164 3,326 6,989 22,010 57,992 Schec incom	Action         Action<	vital loss Amount (22) 6,981 *122 335 425 470 292 951 1,762 1,798 826	501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 	39,865 al gain utions (24) 1,103 
Size of adjusted gross income           Ali returns, total           0 adjusted gross income <sup>3</sup> under \$5,000           0,000 under \$10,000           0,000 under \$15,000           5,000 under \$15,000           0,000 under \$10,000           0,000 under \$10,000           0,000 under \$10,000           0,000 under \$50,000           0,000 under \$50,000	1,598 Business Number of returns (17) 2,791 164 *92 244 267 207 440 691 562	21,898 Amount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225 1,130 2,011 1,590 964 Other gr log	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) <b>7,863</b> *80 304 461 481 602 1,071 1,744 2,131 989 ain less ss Amount	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164 3,326 6,989 22,010 57,992 Schee incom los	Amount	Vital loss Amount (22) 6,981 * 122 335 425 470 292 951 1,762 1,798 826 Number of returns	501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 - - 93 110 108 *85 212 460 448 *65 Taxable IRA distributions	39,865 al gain utions (24) 1,103  *15 *66 85 *16 *49 258 247 367 * *
Size of adjusted gross income           ull returns, total	1,598 Business (17) 2,791 164 *92 244 267 207 207 440 691 562 124	21,898 Amount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225 1,130 2,011 1,590 964 Other gr	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) 7,863 *80 304 461 481 602 1,071 1,744 2,131 989 ain less ss	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain Amount (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164 3,326 6,989 22,010 57,992 Schee incom los	Action         Action<	Vital loss Amount (22) 6,981 * 122 335 425 470 292 951 1,762 1,798 826 Number of	501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 - - •93 •110 108 •85 212 460 448 •65 Taxable IRA distributions	39,869 al gain utions (24) 1,103  *15 *66 *69 *16 *49 258 247 367 * *
Size of adjusted gross income           II returns, total	1,598 Business (17) 2,791 164 *92 244 267 207 440 691 562 124	21,898 a net loss Amount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225 1,130 2,011 1,590 964 Other p. los Number of returns (25) 1,625	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) 7,863 *80 304 461 481 602 1,071 1,744 2,131 989 ain less ss Amount (26) 1,705	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain Amount (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164 3,326 6,989 22,010 57,992 Scheet income tos Number of returns (27) 12,979	Amount         Case           Number of returns         (21)           4,006         68           269         255           271         175           563         975           1,027         402	Vital loss Amount (22) 6,981 * 122 335 425 470 292 951 1,762 1,798 826 Number of returns	501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 - - 93 110 108 *85 212 460 448 *65 Taxable IRA distributions	39,863 al gain utions (24) 1,103  115 66 85 16 49 258 247 367  258 247 367
Size of adjusted gross income           II returns, total	1,598 Business (17) 2,791 164 *92 244 267 207 440 691 562 124	21,898 a net loss Arnount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225 1,130 2,011 1,590 964 Other p. los Number of returns (25) 1,625 *46	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) 7,863 *80 304 461 481 602 1,071 1,744 2,131 989 ain less ss Amount (26) 1,705 *-917	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain Amount (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164 3,326 6,989 22,010 57,992 Schee incom los Number of returns (27) 12,979 140	Amount         Case           Number of returns         0           (21)         4,006           *68         269           255         271           175         563           975         1,027           402         0           Iule E         6           6         9           Amount         (28)           60,182         * - 1,398	Amount           (22)         6,981           * 122         335           425         470           292         951           1,762         1,798           826         Number of returns           (29)         2,572	501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 	39,865 al gain utions Amount (24) 1,103 
Size of adjusted gross income           II returns, total	1,598 Business Number of (17) 2,791 164 °92 244 267 207 440 691 562 124	21,898 Amount (16) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225 1,130 2,011 1,590 964 Other gr log Number of returns (25) 1,625 *46 *34	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) 7,863 *80 304 461 481 602 1,071 1,744 2,131 989 ain less sa Amount (26) 1,705 *-917 *-137	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain Amount (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164 3,326 6,989 22,010 57,992 Schec incom los Number of returns (27) 12,979 *140 481	Amount (28) Amount	Vital loss Amount (22) 6,981 *122 335 425 470 292 951 1,762 1,798 826 Number of returns (29) 2,572 - *29	501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 •93 •110 108 •85 212 460 448 •65 Taxable IRA distributions (30) 15,681 •12	39,863 al gain utions Amount (24) 1,103 
Size of adjusted gross income           II returns, total	1,598 Business (17) 2,791 164 *92 244 267 207 440 691 562 124	21,898 Amount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225 1,130 2,011 1,590 964 Other p. los Number of returns (25) 1,625 *46 *34 *113	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) 7,863 *80 304 461 481 602 1,071 1,744 2,131 989 ain less s3 Amount (26) 1,705 * - 917 * - 137 * - 686	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain Arnount (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164 3,326 6,989 22,010 57,992 Schect incom ics Number of returns (27) 12,979 *140 481 897	Amount         Case           Number of returns         (21)           4,006         *68           269         255           271         175           563         975           1,027         402           tule E         • jess           60,182         * - 1,398           - 152         843	Vital loss Amount (22) 6,981 * 122 335 425 470 292 951 1,762 1,798 826 Number of returns (29) 2,572 * 29 238	501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 - 93 *110 108 *85 212 460 448 *65 Taxable IRA distributions (30) 15,681 - 12 771	39,863 al gain Amount (24) 1,103 
Size of adjusted gross income           II returns, total	1,598 Business (17) 2,791 164 *92 244 267 207 440 691 562 124	21,898 a net loss Arnount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225 1,130 2,011 1,590 964 Other p. los Number of returns (25) 1,625 *46 *34 *113 *137	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) 7,863 *80 304 461 481 602 1,071 1,744 2,131 989 ain less ss Amount (26) 1,705 *917 *-917 *-137 *686 *165	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain Arnount (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164 3,326 6,989 22,010 57,992 Scheer incom los Number of returns (27) 12,979 * 140 481 897 952	Amount         Case           0         Net case           Number of returns         (21)           4,006         *68           269         255           271         175           175         563           975         1,027           402         402           Lule E         0           9         Jess           Amount         (28)           60,182         * - 1,398           - 152         843           865         865	Amount           (22)         6,981           * 122         335           425         470           292         951           1,762         1,798           826         826           Number of returns         (29)           2,572         *29           *28         309	501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 •93 •110 108 •85 212 460 448 •65 Taxable IRA distributions (30) 15,681 •12	39,863 al gain utions Amount (24) 1,103 
Size of adjusted gross income           II returns, total	1,598 Business Number of (17) 2,791 164 92 244 267 207 440 691 562 124	21,898 Amount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225 1,130 2,011 1,590 964 Other p. los Number of returns (25) 1,625 *46 *34 *113	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) 7,863 *80 304 461 481 602 1,071 1,744 2,131 989 ain less s3 Amount (26) 1,705 * - 917 * - 137 * - 686	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain Arnount (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164 3,326 6,989 22,010 57,992 Schect incom ics Number of returns (27) 12,979 *140 481 897	Amount         Case           Number of returns         (21)           4,006         *68           269         255           271         175           563         975           1,027         402	Vital loss Amount (22) 6,981 * 122 335 425 470 292 951 1,762 1,798 826 Number of returns (29) 2,572 * 29 238	501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 - 93 *110 108 *85 212 460 448 *65 Taxable IRA distributions (30) 15,681 - 12 771	39,863 al gain utions Amount (24) 1,103 
Size of adjusted gross income           II returns, total	1,598 Business (17) 2,791 164 *92 244 267 207 240 691 562 124	21,898 a net loss Arnount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225 1,130 2,011 1,590 964 Other p. los Number of returns (25) 1,625 *46 *34 *113 *137	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) 7,863 *80 304 461 481 602 1,071 1,744 2,131 989 ain less ss Amount (26) 1,705 *917 *-917 *-137 *686 *165	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain Arnount (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164 3,326 6,989 22,010 57,992 Scheer incom los Number of returns (27) 12,979 * 140 481 897 952	Amount         Case           0         Net case           Number of returns         (21)           4,006         *68           269         255           271         175           175         563           975         1,027           402         402           Lule E         0           9         Jess           Amount         (28)           60,182         * - 1,398           - 152         843           865         865	Amount           (22)         6,981           * 122         335           425         470           292         951           1,762         1,798           826         826           Number of returns         (29)           2,572         *29           *28         309	501 Capite distrib (23) (23) (23) (23) (23) (23) (23) (23)	39,863 al gain utions Amount (24) 1,103 
Size of adjusted gross income           UI returns, total	1,598 Business (17) 2,791 164 *92 244 267 207 440 691 562 124	21,898 Arnount (16) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225 1,130 2,011 1,590 964 Other gr los Number of returns (25) 1,625 *46 *34 *113 *137 *127	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) 7,863 *80 304 461 481 602 1,071 1,744 2,131 989 ain less sa Amount (26) 1,705 * - 917 * - 137 * - 686 * 165 * 150	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain Amount (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164 3,326 6,989 22,010 57,992 Schect incom Ics Number of returns (27) 12,979 * 140 481 897 952 859 1,704	Armount         Class           Armount         Clast      Armount         C	Vital loss Amount (22) 6,981 * 122 335 425 470 292 951 1,762 1,798 826 Number of returns (29) 2,572 * 29 238 309 239 541	501 Capite distrib Number of returns (23) 1,581 	39,865 al gain utions Amount (24) 1,103 
Size of adjusted gross income           All returns, total	1,598 Business (17) 2,791 164 *92 244 267 207 440 691 562 124	21,898 Amount (18) 11,096 2,253 *648 681 595 1,225 1,130 2,011 1,590 964 Other g. los Number of returns (25) 1,625 *46 *34 *113 *137 *127 198	1,141 Net cap Number of returns (19) 7,863 *80 304 461 481 602 1,071 1,744 2,131 989 ain less s9 Amount (26) 1,705 * - 917 * - 137 * 686 * 150 452	3,514 Sales of capital ass ital gain Amount (20) 96,294 777 204 1,626 1,207 2,164 3,326 6,989 22,010 57,992 Schec incom los Number of returns (27) 12,979 *140 481 897 952 859	Amount         Class           Amount         Class           Amount         Class           Amount         Class           Amount         Class           Amount         Class           Class         Class           Clast         Class           Cl	Amount           (22)         6,981           *122         335           325         425           470         292           951         1,762           1,798         826           Number of returns           (29)         2,572           *29         238           309         239	501 Capite distrib (23) (23) (23) (23) (23) (23) (23) (23)	39,869 al gain utions Amount (24) 1,103 

Footnote(s) at end of table.

Table 4. (Continued)—All Returns: Adjusted Gross Income and Sources of Income, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income [All figures are estimates based on samples—numbers of returns are in thousands, amounts are in millions of dollars]

Size of adjusted		Taxable pensions and annuities		Farr			ninet SS
gross income	Number of returns	Total pensions	Taxable pensions	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
	(32) ;	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)
Ali returns, total	14,867	264,049	125,350	1,072	10,817	1,197	8,396
to adjusted gross income 3	*29	*327	*318	*23	*178	*93	*1,311
1 under \$5,000	596	1,318	1,363	*129	157	*43	420
5,000 under \$10,000		8.066	8,117	*98	*246	153	•629
\$10,000 under \$15,000	2,198	11,998	13,629	*130	*571	145	1:202
15,000 under \$20,000	1,580	11,736	11,135	125	*725	115	*633
20,000 under \$30,000	2.476	22,888	21.637	~*136	1,205	247	. 974
30,000 under \$50,000	3.244	37,782	27,694	. 289	3,438	229	1,104
50,000 under \$100,000	2,394	139,774	29.674	*112	*2,148	130	1,371
5100,000 or more	493	30,162	11;784	. 30	- 2,147	42	753
	Other inc		. Unemp	oyment.	1	Taxable social	
Size of adjusted gross income	Number of returns	ss Amount	Compe Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Security benefits Total benefits	Taxable benefits
gross income	Number of	l	Number of	<u> </u>		Total	
gross income	Number of returns	Amount	Number of	Amount	returns	Total benefits	benefits
gross income All returns, total	Number of returns (44) 6,868	Amount (45) 13,256	Number of returns (39)	Amount (40)	returns (41)	Totai benefits (42)	benefits (43)
gross income All returns, total	Number of returns (44) 6,868 *129	Amount (45) 13,256 * - 6,945	Number of .returns (39) 5,928	Amount (40)	returns (41)	Total benefits (42) 35,824	(43)
gross income All returns, total	Number of returns (44) 6,868 *129 5,81	Amount (45) 13,256 *-6,945 123	Number of returns (39)	Amount (40) 10,656	returns (41) <b>3,881</b> *17	Total benefits (42) 35,824 *89	(43)
gross income All returns, total	(44) 6,868 * 129 381 329	Amount (45) 13,256 * - 6,945	Number of returns (39) 5,928 	Amount (40) 10,656 274	(41) (41) • 17 • 9	Total benefits (42) 35,824 *89 *43	643) (43) 14,616 (43) (43) (14) (43) (14) (14) (14) (14) (14) (14) (14) (14
gross income All returns, total	Number of returns           (44)           6,868           * 129           . 381           329           .540	Amount (45) 13,256 6,945 123 204 798	Number of returns (39) 5,928 251 .854	Amount (40) 10,656 274 1,382	returns (41) 3,881 17 9 6	Total benefits (42) 35,824 *89 *43 *75	benefits (43) 14,616 43 *1 *34
gross income All returns, total lo adjusted gross income <sup>3</sup> 1 under \$5,000 5,000 under \$10,000 10,000 under \$15,000 15,000 under \$15,000	Number of returns           (44)           6,868           * 129           381           329           540           524	Amount (45) 13,256 • - 6,945 123 204 798 829	Number of returns (39) 5,928 	Amount (40) <b>10,656</b> 274 1,382 1,334	returns (41) • 17 • 9 • 6 • 15	Total benefits (42) 35,824 *89 *43 *75 *268	benefits (43) 14,616 43 *1 *34
gross income All returns, total	Number of returns           (44)           6,868           * 129           381           329           540           524           984	Amount (45) 13,256 - 6,945 123 204 798 829 1,432	Number of returns (39) 5,928 	Amount (40) 10,656 	returns (41) 3,881 17 .9 6 *6 *15 :18	Total benefits (42) 35,824 - 89 - 43 - 75 - 268 - 170 - 5,237	benefits (43) 14,616 • 43 • 1 • 34 • 15 • 18
gross income	Number of returns           (44)           6,868           * 129           381           329           540           524           984           1,705	Amount (45) 13,256 • - 6,945 123 204 798 829	Number of .returns (39) 5,928 	Amount (40) <b>10,656</b> 274 1,382 1,394 1,428 2,296	returns (41) <b>3,881</b> *17 *9 *6 *15 *15 *18 558	Total benefits (42) 35,824 *89 *43 *75 *268 170	benefits (43) 14,616 •43 •1 •34 •15 •18 884

<sup>1</sup> The sum of all sources of income less loss, before reduction by statutory adjustments.

<sup>2</sup> Not included in total income (columns 1 and 2).

<sup>3</sup> Includes returns with negative adjusted gross income.

<sup>4</sup> Rent, royalty, partnership, S Corporation, and estate or trust net income less loss.

<sup>5</sup> IRA—individual retirement arrangement.

\* Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based. NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

#### Table 5.—All Returns: Total Income, Statutory Adjustments, and Adjusted Gross Income, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income [All figures are estimates based on samples—numbers of returns are in thousands, amounts are in millions of dollars]

Size of adjusted	Total in	come <sup>1</sup>		ntory ments, tal	Reimbursed business	i employee expenses	individu	nts to an Jal retire- angement
gross income	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Total	102,228	2,891,075	10,235	25,208	1,347	3,276	5,993	6,389
No adjusted gross income <sup>2</sup>	488 15,170 14,125	- 8,787 38,768 105,905	*23 173 393	*30 277 326	- - *8	- •22	*10 *54 *152	*20 *20 *16
\$10,000 under \$15,000 \$15,000 under \$20,000 \$20,000 under \$30,000	13,038 11,093 15,840	163,949 194,457 395,377	784 1,170 2,076	1,015 1,598 .3,840	*70 *104 205 342	*94 *197 440 834	377 719 1,418 (2,194	231 286 1088 2,601
\$30,000 under \$50,000 \$50,000 under \$100,000 \$100,000 or more	18,676 11,524 2,273	731,292 758,318 511,796	3,056 1,878 683	5,936 6,165 6,020	521 96	1,262 427	791 277	1,418 709

Size of adjusted gross income	Self-en health ir dedu	surance	Keogh re plan self-em dedu	and	withdr	on early awal of ings	Alimor	ny paid		d gross or deficit
	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
	(9)	(10)	- <sub>4</sub> − − (11) − −	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
Total	1,745	790	721	5,613	912	221	545	3,246	102,228	2,866,615
No adjusted gross income <sup>2</sup> \$1 under \$5,000	*18 *57	*10 *35			*7 *45	( <sup>3</sup> ) •22	•20	*74	488 15,170	- 8,817 38,491
\$5,000 under \$10,000 \$10,000 under \$15,000 \$15,000 under \$20,000	*150 191 285	*37 77 120	*6 *18 *17	*3 *2 *41	*67 *147 *89	*9 *36 *11	*17 *31 *37	*27 *152 .*107	14,125 13,038 .11,093	105,524 163,156 192,858
\$20,000 under \$30,000 \$30,000 under \$50,000	332 380	144 181	•77 •94	153 226	*146 231	*28 40	*85	*434 · *373	15,840 18,676	392,095 725,355
\$50,000 under \$100,000 \$100,000 or more	185 148	88 99	294 214	1,534 3,655	158 24	56 19	187 69	1,152 929	11,524 2,273	752,177 505,776

<sup>1</sup> The sum of all sources of income less loss, before reduction by statutory adjustments.

<sup>2</sup> Includes returns with negative adjusted gross income.
 <sup>3</sup> Less than \$500,000,

\* Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based.

NOTE: Detail may not add to total because of rounding.

#### Table 6.—All Returns: Selected Deduction, Tax, and Payment Items by Size of Adjusted Gross Income

[All figures are estimates based on samples-numbers of returns in thousands, amounts are in millions of dollars.]

Size of adjusted	Adjust less	ed gross deficit	lte ded	mized uctions	Sta dedu	ndard uctions	Exen	ptions
gross income	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
All returns, total	102,228	286,615	29,878	358,596	71,533	272,616	92,798	204,635
adjusted gross income 1	488	-8.817	*53	*589	427	1,731	456	884
under \$5,000	15,170	38,491	208	1,598	14,817	39,153	7,504	11,216
,000 under \$10,000	14,125	105,524	622	4,119	13,308	49,400	12,777	20,676
0,000 under \$15,000	13.038	163,156	1.085	9,163	11,783	46,548	12,764	23,302
5,000 under \$20,000	11,093	192.858	1,646	12,732	9,356	37,444	11,037	22,106
0,000 under \$30,000	15.840	392.095	4,199	32.892	11,541	49,120	15,803	35,473
0,000 under \$50,000	18,676	725,355	10,122	92,152	8,474	39,634	18,676	50,158
0,000 under \$100,000	11.524	752,177	9,764	129,576	1,734	8,914	11,512	34,173
00,000 or more	2,273	505,776	2,179	75,777	93	672	2,268	6,646
			┼╼━╼╧╼━╼╸				2,200	0,040
Size of adjusted	Taxabl	e income	Income cr	tax before edits	Child ca	re credits	Total ta	credits
gross income	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
li returns, total	85,823	1,898,083	85.864	376,439	7,095	3,604	9,180	5,690
adjusted gross income <sup>1</sup>		.,	*34	*86	1,000	0,004	*34	<b>5,690</b> *86
under \$5,000	5.242	3.844	5,259	599	*64	•13	*109	*24
000 under \$10,000	9,914	25,242	9,925	3,827	410			
0,000 under \$15,000	11,748	65,918	11,748	9.900	410	112 261	319 929	112
,000 under \$20,000	10,774	101,061	10,772	15,106	626			482
,000 under \$30,000	15,719	241,944	15,706			451	1,109	510
,000 under \$50,000	18,649	496,048	18,643	37,702	1,226	782	1,615	873
,000 under \$100,000	11,506	547,613	11,506	83,160	2,693	1,234	2,794	1,546
0,000 or more	2,271	416,414	2,271	111,613	1,587	659 92	1,816	1,198
	2,271	410,414	2,271	114,447.	178	92	364	805
Size of adjusted	Income tax after credits 2		Alternative minimum tax		Total tax <sup>3</sup>		Income ta	x withheld
gross income	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)
All Returns, total	85,420	371,769	*57	*539	87,453	387,620	87,806	324,660
adjusted gross income 1					158	269	*95	*186
under \$5,000	5,265	595	_		5,989	860	11,296	2,456
000 under \$10,000	9,787	3,762	•7	•8	10,430	4,489	10,961	6,793
.000 under \$15.000	11,621	9,639		_	11,894	10,556	10,930	12,754
,000 under \$20,000	10,697	14,655	_	_	10,822	15,996	9,794	17,875
.000 under \$30.000	15,646	36,829		_	15,736	39,094	14,555	42.065
,000 under \$50,000	18,626	81,747		_	18,637	85,257	17,491	86,574
.000 under \$100.000	11,506	110,832	*20	•72	11,515	114,847	10.811	97,271
0,000 or more	2,271	113,710	29	459	2,272	116,252	1,873	58,687
Size of adjusted	Earned cre	lincome dit <sup>4</sup>	Total inc	ome tax <sup>5</sup>	Amount	overpaid	Tax due a filia	
grass income	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)
returns, total	10,266 *22	5,587	82,921	370,834	74,689	69,757	24,832	55,172
diveted gross income 1	1,494	*15	E 004		*142	*161	*95	*143
adjusted gross income 1		601	5,221	588	11,157	2,855	2,565	381
nder \$5,000			9,162	3,647	10,778	6,322	2,525	889
inder \$5,000 100 under \$10,000	2,855	2,372	0,000			7.200		
inder \$5,000 000 under \$10,000 ,000 under \$15,000	2,855 3,460	2,055	9,996	8,757	10,215		2,706	1,275
nder \$5,000 00 under \$10,000 000 under \$15,000 000 under \$20,000	2,855 3,460 2,415	2,055 439	10,504	14,279	8,816	6,183	2,243	1,546
under \$5,000	2,855 3,460	2,055	10,504 15,632	14,279 36,821	8,816 12,103	6,183 10,465	2,243 3,725	1,546 3,069
under \$5,000	2,855 3,460 2,415 *12 —	2,055 439 *9 —	10,504 15,632 18,619	14,279 36,821 81,762	8,816 12,103 13,931	6,183 10,465 17,744	2,243 3,725 4,736	1,546 3,069 6,604
a adjusted gross income <sup>1</sup> under \$5,000	2,855 3,460 2,415	2,055 439	10,504 15,632	14,279 36,821	8,816 12,103	6,183 10,465	2,243 3,725	1,546 3,069

<sup>1</sup> Includes returns with negative adjusted gross income.

<sup>2</sup> Income tax before credits less child and dependent care, elderly or disabled, foreign tax, general business and prior year minimum tax credits. Earned income credit has not been subtracted. <sup>3</sup> Total tax is the sum of income tax after credits, self-employment tax, alternative minimum tax, tax from recapture of investment credit, social security tax on tip income not reported to employer and tax on <sup>5</sup> lotal tax is the sum or income tax arter creates, serie-employment tax, are income tax arter creates and tax is the sum or income tax arter creates serie-employment tax, are income tax arter creates and income tax arter creates are arread income creatily.
 <sup>4</sup> Includes returns with amounts used to reduce "total" tax to zero and returns with refundable amounts (where the create exceeded "total tax").
 <sup>5</sup> Income tax after creates plus alternative minimum tax, less earned income creatil (which was treated as a payment on the income).
 NOTE: Detail may not add to total because of rounding.
 \* Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based.

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Table 7.-Form 1040 Returns: Number With and Without Itemized Deductions, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income

[All figures are estimates based on samples-numbers of returns are in thousands]

					Number of retur	ns by size of adjus	ted gross income			
Number by size of itemized deductions	Total	No adjusted gross income 1	\$1 under \$5,000	\$5,000 under \$10,000	\$10,000 under \$15,000	\$15,000 under \$20,000	\$20,000 under \$30,000	\$30,000 under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 or more
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Form 1040 returns, total	64,847	444	4,932	6,466	6,508	5,953	10,639	16,279	11,355	2,273
With itemized deductions: Number of returns Total amount	29,878 358,596	*53 589	208 1,598	622 4,119	1,085 9,163	1,646 12,732	4,199 32,892	10,122 92,152	9,764 129,576	2,179 75,777
Number of returns by size of itemized deductions:			*8	1		*10		· _	• _	·
\$1 under \$500 \$500 under \$1,000	1,196	*38 <sup>2</sup>	1,025	•70	*47	-	*6		*8	•2
\$1,000 under \$1,500 \$1,500 under \$2,000	· 195 · 277	_	177 243	*10 *27	-		*8		-	·. + ·
\$2,000 under \$3,500	9,764	*92 <sup>2</sup>	1,684	2,035	1,596	1,459	1,817	981	*86 189	15 18
\$3,500 under \$5,000 \$5,000 under \$7,500	8,705 25,350	*49 <sup>2</sup> 238 <sup>2</sup>	912 733	2,195 1,877	1,590 2,805	1,252 2,608	1,451 5,709	1,049 8,439	2,805	136
\$7,500 under \$10,000	6,218	*8 <sup>2</sup>	*32	•98	197	344 *146	819 528	2,681	1,937 3,385	102 283
\$10,000 under \$15,000 \$15,000 under \$25,000	6,847 4,269	*6 <sup>2</sup> *14 <sup>2</sup>	*27	*59	*115 *86	*96	258	721	2,438	633
\$25,000 under \$50,000 \$50,000 or more		· _	*11	*1	*24	•17	*14	*74 *8	450 30	739 344
Without itemized deductions	34,970	391	4,723	5,844	5,423	4,306	6,441	6,156	1,591	. 94

Includes returns with negative adjusted gross income.

\* Estimate should be used with regarding acquisited gross income and, therefore, their taxable income was equal to zero.

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 8.—All Returns: Presence of Form W-2-Wage and Tax Statement, by Type of Return and Size of Adjusted Gross Income

[All figures are estimates based on samples-numbers of returns are in thousands]

					Number of retur	ns by size of adjus	ted gross income			
Number of returns with Form W-2, type of return	Total	No adjusted gross income	\$1 under \$5,000	\$5,000 under \$10,000	\$10,000 under \$15,000	\$15,000 under \$20,000	\$20,000 under \$30,000	\$30,000 under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 or more
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
All returns, total	102,228	488	15,170	14,125	13,038	11,093	15,840	18,676	11,524	2,273
Forms W-2 attached, total Number of returns with a W-2 attached Number of returns by number of forms W-2 attached:	166,737 86,172	186 *136	22,414 12,089	21,242 10,767	18,765 10,339	16,297 9,414	25,771 14,038	35,133 17,047	23,399 10,502	3,531 1,840
One	39,810 23,396 22,967 16,056	*97 *28 *89 352	5,917 6,083 411 3,081	5,125 5,231 833 3,358	5,721 3,786 1,251 2,699	5,588 2,575 3,871 1,679	7,528 2,640 8,461 1,802	6,534 2,052 7,162 1,629	2,560 780 879 1,023	742 220 433
Married filing jointly Forms W-2 attached, total Number of returns with a W-2 attached Number of returns by number of forms W-2 attached:	<b>45,266</b> 86,067 38,201	<b>256</b> *116 *83	<b>1,104</b> 1,164 552	<b>2,526</b> 3,103 1,452	<b>3,838</b> 5,507 2,618	<b>3,852</b> 6,244 2,870	<b>7,914</b> 15,561 6,753	<b>13,498</b> 28,823 12,561	1 <b>0,308</b> 22,240 9,639	<b>1,970</b> 3,310 1,673
Two or more for same taxpayer. Two or more for different taxpayers <sup>2</sup> . Two Participation of the same taxpayers <sup>2</sup> .	11,520 3,714 22,91 7,064	*61 *11 *89 173	289 174 411 552	685 357 833 1,073	1,241 544 1,251 1,220	1,217 402 3,871 982	2,228 654 8,461 1,161	3,258 842 7,162 937	1,928 549 879 669	613 181 296

 Includes returns with negative adjusted gross income.
 Even if each spouse on a joint return had two or more Forms W-2, the return was counted only once in the statistics for
 Estimate should be used with caution because of small number of sample returns on which it is based. "two or more different taxpavers

NOTE: Detail may not add to total because of rounding.

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#### Table 9.—Form 1040 Returns: Number With Selected Forms and Schedules, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income

(All figures are estimates based on samples-numbers of returns are in thousands)

		ļ	L			Number of retur	ns by size of adju	sted gross incom	• 	·	
	Form or schedule	Total	No adjusted gross income 1	\$1 under \$5,000	\$5,000 under \$10,000	\$10,000 under \$15,000	\$15,000 under \$20,000	\$20,000 under \$30,000	\$30,000 under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 or more
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Form	ns 1040, total	64,847	444	4,932	6,466	6,508	5,953	10,639	16,279	11,355	2,273
А	Itemized Deductions	30,616	*53	272	695	1,185	1,733	4,405	10,309	9,780	2,183
в	Interest and Dividends Income	32,907	185	2,141	3,006	3,107	2,560	4,523	7,605	7,663	2,118
С	Profit (or loss) from Business	11,989	240	790	1,242	1,211	1,202	1,983	2,606	2,083	631
D	Capital Gains or Loss	12,236	148	584	757	794	823	1,643	2,828	3,222	1,437
E	Supplemental Income Schedule	13,204	*146	490	911	988	848	1,694	3,118	3,517	1,491
F	Farm Income and Expenses	2,283	122	178	256	282	232	389	499	257	70
R/RP SE	Credit for the Elderly or the Disabled Social Security Self-Employment Tax	392 10,383	*17	*32	208	*71	*34	*18 -	2.171	*13	
1116	Computation of Foreign Tax Credit	498	*131	748	1,157	1,073 *16	1,162	1,663 *74	*73	1,688 150	592 126
2106	Employee Business Expenses	4,615	*10	•14	*39	*129	243	595	1,463	1,757	365
2119	Sale of Your Home	1,908		*76	*50	183	*90	210	529	606	164
2120	Multiple Support	1,000		1		100			}	000	104
2210	Declaration/Underpayment of Tax by		1								
	Individuals and Fiduciaries	4,208	- 1	*99	225	286	386	636	819	1,180	578
2439	Notice to Shareholders of Undistributed			1			1	}	1		
	Long-Term Capital Gains	*22	-		*11	-	*6	-	- 1	- 1	•5
2441	Credit for Child Care and Dependent Care		}								
	Expenses	6,010	1 -	*13	*74	242	502	997	2,400	1,601	181
2555	Foreign Earned Income	*19	11	-	-				*7		•1
3468	Computation of Investment Credit	*92			-	*18		•6	*21	*27	20
3800	General Business Credit	423	*42	*21	*74	*63	*51	*77	*52	*26	17
3903 3903F	Moving Expenses	835	-	*9	*20		*24	*106	220	375	79
4136		*33	-	-	- 1	•7	-	*11		*10	*5
4130	Computation of Credit for Federal Tax on	1 1 1 7	•82	*105	*92	160	*100	172	258	*100	25
4137	Fuels Computation of Social Security Tax on	1,117	62	*105	92	160	*122	173	208	100	20
4137	Unreported Tip Income	167		*22	*25	*25	*26	*36	*25	•6	•1
4255	Recapture of Investment Credit	287	_	*17	10	*24	*19	*30	*42	•73	72
4562	Depreciation and Amortization	12,523	207	549	899	1,055	1,067	1,823	3,064	2,807	1,052
4684	Casualties and Theft	156	207	*6	*11	*10	*7	*38	*47	*23	13
4797	Sales of Business Property	3,210	*88	*45	218	201	217	351	610	977	502
4835	Farm Rental Income and Expenses	546	*6	*24	*81	*49	*63	*46	154	*94	29
4868	Application for Automatic Extension of Time	0.0	Ĭ		, U					0,	20
	to File	*57		í _	_	*7	1 _	•9	*29	_	12
4952	Investment Interest Expense Deduction	1,502	- 1	*18	*52	*15	*32	*117	229	563	474
4970	Tax on Accumulation Distribution of Trusts	*19	_	-	-	-	*8	-	-	*11	_
4972	Tax on Lump Sum Distributions	183	i - '	•1	*30	*19	-	*16	*69	*34	13
5329	Return for Individual Retirement		1								
	Arrangement and Qualified			Ì							
	Retirement Taxes	2,091		•6	*69	*94	*111	429	685	598	99
5695	Residential Energy Credit	*6	-	-			-	-	*6	-	_
5884	Jobs Credit	•13	-	-	—	—	—	*1		—	12
6249	Windfall Profit Tax Credit	*6							*6		*1
6251	Alternative Minimum Tax—Individuals	3,224	*15	*37	*73	*68	*53	151	582	1,351	895
6252 6478	Installment Sales Income Credit for Alcohol Used As Fuel	1,620 *8	•11	•6	*93	*120	*132	207	382	457	213 *1
6765	Credit for Increasing Research Activities	*24		—	_	*7	_	- 1	*9		15
8271	Investor Reporting of Tax Shelter	24	-	_	—	_	_	—	я		15
56/1	Registration Number	939	<u> </u>	•17	•34	*28	•15	*68	176	331	270
8275	Disclosure Statement Under IRC Section	202	-	''	54	20	15	00	1/0	331	270
5210	6661	_	_	_			_	_	_		_
8283	Noncash Charitable Contributions	980				• 14	*9	*71	178	428	280
8332	Release of Claim to Exemption for Child of			)	1		Ĭ				200
	Divorced or Separated Parents	204			•15	•12	•1	*37	*107	*27	*5
8396	Mortgage Interest Credit	*42	•6	•9	*6		_	_	•14	*6	_
8582	Passive Activity Loss Limitations	4,317	*28	*133	167	156	211	394	867	1,431	929
8586	Low Income Housing Credit	*33	_		*6	- :		*6		*17	*3
8598	Home Mortgage Interest	_	-	-	-	-		_	_	_	_
8606	Nondeductible IRA Contributions, IRA Basis		)								
	and Nontaxable Distributions	876	—	—	•1	*8	*6	*42	270	416	133
8611	Recapture of Low Income Housing Credit	-		—	-	-	—	-	—	—	_
8615	Computation of Tax for Children Under Age		1							1	
	14 Who Have Investment Income More										
	Than \$1000.00	274	-	248	*16	-	-	-	-	-	*2
8801	Credit for Prior Year Minimum Tax	*29	) — I	-	-	-	- 1	*7	-	—	22
8832	Release of Claim to Exemption for Child of										
	Divorced or Separated Parents	_		-		-		-	- 1	-	_

<sup>1</sup> Includes returns with negative adjusted gross income.
 \* Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based.
 NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

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#### Table 10.—Form 1040 and Form 1040A Returns: Number With Payments to an Individual Retirement Arrangement (IRA), by Type of Return and Size of Adjusted Gross Income . .

[All figures are estimates based on samples-numbers of returns are in thousands]

					Number of return	ns by size of adjus	sted gross income			
Payments to an IRA, type of return	Total	No adjusted gross income 1	\$1 under \$5,000	\$5,000 under \$10,000	\$10,000 under \$15,000	\$15,000 under \$20,000	\$20,000 under \$30,000	\$30,000 under \$50,000	\$50,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 or more
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	. (7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Form 1040 and Form 1040A returns, total Returns with payments to an IRA, total Size of payment:	83,131 5,993	473 *10	7,871 *54	9,778 152	10,004 377	8,824 719	14,092 1,418	18,293 2,194	11,524 791	2,273 277
\$1 under \$2,000 \$2,000	2,085 2,006	•6 —	*17 *29	•72 •72	137 160	308 317	597 488	859 574	*84 291	•4 74
\$2,001 under \$2,250 \$2,250	*39 694	-	•9	•7	•53	•52	*10 *126	16 290	*12 *111 *34	45 12
\$2,251 under \$4,000 \$4,000 More than \$4,000	222 941 *8	•5	-	_	•7 •20	•8 •33	*19 178	*142 306	259	141
Returns without payments to an IRA	77,138	462 .	7,816	9,626	9,627	8,105	12,673	16,098	10,734	1,996
Form 1040 returns, total	64,847	444	4,932	6,466	6,508	5,953	10,639	16,279	11,355	2,273
Returns with payments to an IRA, total	5,312	*10	•48	*134	268	531	1,221	2,047	776	277
\$1 under \$2,000	1,664	*6	•17	*58	*85	193	458	760	*84	•4
\$2,000	1,787		*22	*69	*104	244	446 * 10	- 552 *16	276 12	
\$2,250 \$2,251 under \$4,000	673 215		· •9	•7	*53	*52 *8	*117	279 135	*111 *34	45 12
\$4,000 More than \$4,000	926 8	*5	—	-	•20 	•33		298	259	141 *1 <b>1.996</b>
Returns without payments to an IRA	59,535	433	4,884	6,332	6,239	5,422	9,418	14,232	10,579	1,990
Form 1040A returns, total	18,284	*29	2,939	3,312	3,497	2,871	3,452	2,014	170	_
Returns with payments to an IRA, total Size of payment:	681	-	*6	*18	*109	188	197	•147	*15	
\$1 under \$2,000 \$2,000	421 219		. <del>-</del>	*15 *3	*53 *56	*115	*139 *42	99 *22 -		· —
\$2,250 \$2,251 under \$4,000	*20 *7	· -	. –	· _			*9	*11	-	_
\$4,000 Returns without payments to an IRA	14 17,603	•29	2,933	3,294	3,388	2,683	*7 3,255	1,867		

<sup>1</sup> Includes returns with negative adjusted gross income.
 Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based. NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

#### Table 11.—All Returns: Exemptions by Size of Adjusted Gross Income

[All figures are estimates based on samples-number of returns and amounts are in thousands]

Size of adjusted	Total number of	Returns exemp	claiming tions	Taxpayer e	exemptions 1		tions for ents, total
gross income	returns	Number of returns	Number of exemptions	Number of returns	Number of exemptions	Number of returns	Number of exemptions
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
All returns, total	102,228	92,660	204,410	92,660	137,930	36,139	66,493
lo adjusted gross income.1	488	450	878	450	706	*94	*192
1 under \$5,000	15,170	7,355	11,026	7,355	8,462	1,589	2,594
5,000 under \$10,000	14,125	12,773	20,670	12,773	15,322	3,134	5.355
10,000 under \$15,000	13,038	12,763	23,290	12,763	16,589	3,995	6,736
15,000 under \$20,000	11.093	11.048	22,106	11.048	14,875	3,975	7.202
20,000 under \$30,000	15,840	15,825	35,473	15.825	23,736	6,152	11,706
30,000 under \$50,000	18,676	18.668	50,150	18,668	32,177	9,593	17,993
50.000 under \$100.000	11,524	11,512	34,173	11,512	21,826	6,412	12,314
100,000 or more	2.273	2.266	6.644	2.266	4,236	1,195	2,400
Size of adjusted			lions for nder age 5		tions for ndents		tions for at home
gross income		Number of returns	Number of exemptions	Number of returns	Number of exemptions	Number of returns	Number of exemptions
		(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
All returns, total		11,709	15,109	28,932	51,453	34,049	61,498
lo adjusted gross income <sup>1</sup>		*10	*10	*84	*171	*84	*171
1 under \$5,000		710	881	996	1.718	1,532	2.446
5.000 under \$10.000		1.120	1.338	2.313	4.017	2.873	4,866
10,000 under \$15,000		1,404	1,796	3,024	4,889	3,681	5,967
15,000 under \$20,000		1,318	1,724	3,148	5,507	3,644	6.375
20.000 under \$30.000		2,169	2.896	4,892	8.841	5,769	10,741
30,000 under \$50,000		3,132	4.042	7.856	13,974	9,130	16.892
50,000 under \$100,000		1,585	2,085	5,548	10,263	6,188	11,767
100,000 or more		259	336	1,071	2.073	1,149	2.273
			330	1,071	2,015	1,143	2,210
	Size of adjusted				tions for tot at home		ns for other Indents
	gross income			Number of returns	Number of exemptions	Number of returns	Number of exemptions
				(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
				979	1,467	2,281	3,554
All returns, total							_
All returns, total				_			
o adjusted gross income 1					*9	*79	* 139
o adjusted gross income <sup>1</sup> I under \$5,000				•9	*9	*79	* 139 420
o adjusted gross income <sup>1</sup> 1 under \$5,000 5,000 under \$10,000				*9 *45	*69	298	420
o adjusted gross income <sup>1</sup> 1 under \$5,000 5,000 under \$10,000 10,000 under \$15,000				*9 *45 *77	*69 *149	298 340	420 568
o adjusted gross income <sup>1</sup> 1 under \$5,000 5,000 under \$10,000 10,000 under \$15,000 15,000 under \$15,000				*9 *45 *77 *107	*69 *149 *164	298 340 408	420 568 692
o adjusted gross income <sup>1</sup>				*9 *45 *77 *107 214	*69 *149 *164 330	298 340 408 406	420 568 692 666
All returns, total				*9 *45 *77 *107	*69 *149 *164	298 340 408	420 568 692

<sup>1</sup> Includes returns with negative adjusted gross income.
 \* Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based. NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

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#### Table 12.-Returns Filed by Dependents: Adjusted Gross Income and Selected Sources of Income, by Size of Adjusted **Gross Income** . . . . . : -• . : \*\*

[All figures are estimates based on samples-numbers of returns are in thousands, amounts are in millions of dollars]

	Adjusted gr or de	oss income eficit	Salaries a	nd wages	Divid	dends	Taxable	interest
Size of adjusted gross income	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	- Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
	(1)	(2)	. (3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
All	9,568	33,986	8,205	25.880	1,240	1,118	4,958	3,295
All returns, total			0,200		•24	•9	*21	•16
No adjusted gross income <sup>1</sup>	*38	12	-	14,311	935	655	3,878	1.717
1 under \$5,000	7,815	17,059	6,603 1,279	7,856	181	179	791	807
5,000 under \$10,000	1,352	9,097	247	2,381	*54	*45	204	532
10,000 under \$15,000	275 *45	3,193 *787	*45	*632	13	•65	*29 <sup>`</sup>	*51
15,000 under \$20,000		*383	*15	*149	*6	*2	*15	*12
20,000 under \$30,000	*15 *8	*391	*8 ·	*388			•8	•2
30,000 under \$50,000		*918	*4	*111	-13	1 111	•4	•78
50,000 under \$100,000	*13 *7	*2,169	*4	*50	7	*52	•7	*80
100,000 or more		2,109						
	Total I or lo	ncome oss 2	Itemized	leductions	Standard	deductions		income, tal
Size of adjusted gross income	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
All returns, total	9,560	33,804	97	491	9,471	18,313	<del>6</del> ,647	15,364
lo adjusted gross income 1	*30	• - 12 ·		;	*38	•19	—	
1 under \$5,000	7,815	17,059	*26	*43	7,789	13,685	4,942	3,551
5,000 under \$10,000	1,352	9,127	*43	*130	1,309	3,715	1,341	5,209
10,000 under \$15,000	275	2,966	·—	-	275	719	275	2,470
15,000 under \$20,000	*45	*793	*6	*28	*39	*117	*45	*622
20,000 under \$30,000	*15	*383	_ ·		*15	*44	*15	*340
30,000 ünder \$50,000	*8	*391	* *8	*47			*8	*343
50,000 under \$100,000	*13	918	*8	*6	•4	*13	*13	*899
100,000 or more	*7.	*2,178	*5	*238	*2	1 (1) <b>*1</b>	•7	1,930
Size of a	diusted		taxed i	n part at ts rates	Total inc	come tax <sup>3</sup>	Tota	al tax
gross in	come	· · · ·	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
			(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)
All returns, total			224	1,259	6,598	2,724	6,668	2,752
					-		*10	
lo adjusted gross income 1	······	······	199	276	4,894	548	4,953	563
1 under \$5,000			199	*115	1,341	793	1,341	798
5,000 under \$10,000			16		275	370	275	371
10,000 under \$15,000	••••••		_		*45	*93	*45	*100
15,000 under \$20,000	•••••				15	*61	*15	*61
20,000 under \$30,000				1° –	*8	*78	*8	*78
\$30,000 under \$50,000			*8	*645	13	*243	*13	*243
			. 0	040				
\$50,000 under \$100,000 \$100,000 or more			• •	*222	•7	*537	*7	*537

Includes returns with negative adjusted gross income.
 <sup>2</sup> The sum of all sources of income less loss, before reduction by statutory adjustments.
 <sup>3</sup> Includes returns with no total income.
 \* Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based.

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 $2^{12}$ 

NOTE: Detail may not add to total because of rounding.

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#### Table 13.—Returns with Itemized Deductions: Selected Income and Deduction Items, by Size of Adjusted Gross Income [All figures are estimates based on samples-number of returns are in thousands, amounts are in millions of dollars]

Size of adjusted	Adjusted gr less c	oss income deficit	Iternized deductions, total	Medical a expense	and dental deduction	Taxes paid	d deduction
gross income	Number of returns	Amount	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
All returns, total	29,878	1,688,259	358,596	4,578	17,211	29,148	111,884
No adjusted gross income 1	•53	- 3.294	589	*28	•74	•34	105
1 under \$5,000	208	687	1,598	*135	*962	120	*168
5,000 under \$10,000	622	4,803	4,119	396	1,276	554	618
10,000 under \$15,000	1,085	13,818	9,163	675	2,953	992	1,359
15.000 under \$20.000	1.646	29.077	12,732	623	2,769	1.534	2.055
20,000 under \$30,000	4,199	107,002	32,892	1,021	2,858	4,106	7,497
30,000 under \$50,000	10,122	404,288	92,152	1,171	3.802	9,993	25,610
50,000 under \$100,000	9,764	642,974	129,576	478	1,671	9,653	42,343
100,000 or more	2,179	488,904	75,777	52	845	2,161	32,130
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Deductible home	e mortgage interest	
Size of adjusted gross income		Total i dedu	nterest uction		financial utions	Paid to in	ndividuals
		Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
······································		(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
All returns, total		27,455	161,301	23,957	133,879	1,392	4,275
lo adjusted gross income <sup>1</sup>		*42	*312	*53	*333		
1 under \$5,000		*123	*387	*76	*312	•4	•20
5,000 under \$10,000		451	1,688	356	1,350	•37	*123
10,000 under \$15,000		833	3.204	637	2,720	*51	*81
15,000 under \$20,000		1,424	5,543	1,139	4,613	*95	*273
20,000 under \$30,000		3,801	15,956	3,311	13,467	188	453
30,000 under \$50,000		9,575	45,905	8.421	39,272	406	916
50,000 under \$100,000		9,235	60,901	8,260	51,294	448	1,423
100,000 or more		1,972	27,407	1,704	20,517	162	986
			tributions	Casualty loss de	y or theft duction	Moving	expense Inction
Size of adjusted gross income		Number of	Amount	Number of	Amount	Number of	Amount
		returns (14)	(15)	returns (16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
	ŀ						
All returns, total		26,900	43,515	133	594	847	3,606
o adjusted gross income <sup>1</sup>		•17	*13	-	-		
1 under \$5,000		*84	*40	*6	*8		
5,000 under \$10,000		419	353	*11	*18,	*11	*2
10,000 under \$15,000		871	970	.9	*113	•7	16
15,000 under \$20,000		1,349	1,512	•7	•31	*24	*50
20,000 under \$30,000		3,663	3,999	*25	*45	*111	*302
30,000 under \$50,000		9.267	10,669	*51	*314	215	594
50,000 under \$100,000 100,000 or more		9,141 2,088	14,364 11,595	*21 *4	*26	391 87	1,934 710
		<u>د,000</u>				<u> </u>	/10
				ductions subject to of adjusted gross income		Other mise	cellaneous
Size of adjusted gross income	[	After re	duction	Before re	eduction	deau	
		Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
	1						
		(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)

	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)
All returns, total	7,364	17,912	14,481	27,255	676	1,795
No adjusted gross income <sup>1</sup>	*14	*6	*14	•6	-	_
\$1 under \$5,000	*47	*8	*51	*13	•4	( <sup>2</sup> )
\$5,000 under \$10,000	*121	*126	238	153	-	-
\$10,000 under \$15,000		408	410	485	*25	46
\$15,000 under \$20,000	403	508	681	633	•49	254
\$20,000 under \$30,000	1,100	2,151	1,896	2,776	91	67
\$30,000 under \$50,000	2,598	4,827	4.863	7,108	221	277
\$50,000 under \$100,000	2,449	7,269	5,070	11,419	234	804
\$100,000 or more	395	2,609	1,257	4.662	52	347

<sup>1</sup> Includes returns with negative adjusted gross income.
 <sup>2</sup> Less than \$500,000.
 Estimates should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based.
 NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

## Controlled Foreign Corporations, 1984: An Industry Focus

By Margaret P. Lewis\*

The number of foreign subsidiaries of large U.S. multinational corporations increased modestly (6 percent) from 1982 to 1984. In 1984, more than 1,100 U.S. multinational corporations controlled over 28,500 foreign corporations, 27,000 of which reported financial information [1,2]. These 27,000 Controlled Foreign Corporations (CFC's) generated receipts of \$625 billion on \$595 billion of assets. Earnings and profits of these same CFC's were \$49 billion, on which almost \$20 billion in taxes were paid to foreign countries. The U.S. parent corporations received \$12 billion in dividends from their CFC's, nearly 70 percent of all distributions made by the CFC's.

Total assets and receipts of CFC's changed only slightly from 1982 levels. Assets increased 7 percent while receipts decreased less than 4 percent. The most dramatic change from 1982 was in the profit level of these foreign corporations. Pre-tax earnings and profits of CFC's increased 32 percent from 1982 while taxes paid by these same companies rose almost 40 percent. These increases resulted in a 28 percent rise in after-tax earnings and profits from 1982 to 1984.

More than one-half of active CFC's were involved mainly in manufacturing or trade activities in 1984. Another 30 percent of CFC's reported their principal activity as either finance, insurance, real estate or services. These percentages remained virtually unchanged from 1982. Almost 6,300 CFC's, 23 percent of the 27,000 total companies, were inactive during 1984.

#### BACKGROUND

Prior to World War II, relatively few U.S. corporations had operations outside of the United States [3]. Those corporations that did look to other countries for expansion turned mostly to Europe and Canada as stable areas in which to operate. After World War II, U.S. corporations were encouraged politically, through programs like the Marshall Plan, and economically, through various concessions by foreign countries, to expand their operations overseas. The Marshall Plan provided economic aid to countries recovering from the impact of World War II. The Plan also encouraged U.S. businesses to participate in the economic recovery of Europe. Many foreign countries, in an attempt to attract U.S. operations and dollars, offered very favorable investment climates including low taxes, ease of incorporation, and various other concessions [4].

U.S. corporations began their move overseas, usually by establishing a foreign market for exported goods and through foreign investment. Once these were established, the U.S. corporation might form a branch operation by establishing a place of business in the foreign country or by creating or purchasing a subsidiary, incorporated in the foreign country.

Public Law 86-780 was enacted in 1960 to obtain information on the foreign subsidiaries of U.S. corporations. This law required a U.S. corporation to furnish, as part of its income tax return, information on any foreign corporations it directly controlled (i.e., "tier-one" subsidiaries) and on any foreign corporations controlled by these directly controlled foreign corporations (i.e., "tier-two" subsidiaries). Control was defined as direct or indirect ownership of more than 50 percent of the combined voting power of all classes of stock, or more than 50 percent of the total value of all shares of stock by a single shareholder during the foreign corporation's taxable year.

These foreign activities by U.S. corporations were precipitated by many factors. Some companies went overseas to move their operations closer to resources, others looked for cheaper labor and other costs, and many were attracted by favorable tax considerations and investment incentives. Still others moved to be closer to their market. U.S. tax laws made it economically beneficial for U.S. corporations to operate overseas by exempting from U.S. income tax the unrepatriated earnings and profits of a foreign subsidiary. To the extent the

<sup>\*</sup>Foreign Returns Analysis Section. Prepared under the direction of Chris R. Carson, Chief.

foreign taxes were lower than U.S. taxes, this exemption was an impelling reason for U.S. corporations to form overseas subsidiaries. These subsidiaries enjoyed legal status as a resident corporation in the foreign country, with the benefits of its laws and regulations, which were often less stringent than the U.S. laws. The earnings and profits of the CFC were protected from U.S. taxation until they were repatriated in the form of dividends to the U.S. parent. U.S. taxes could be delayed by deferring a distribution until such a time as it could be offset by a parent corporation's losses or excess foreign tax credits. U.S. taxes could also be lowered on repatriated earnings, for example, through an ordinary taxable liquidation, sale, or exchange of assets of the CFC. In this case, the U.S. parent company would pay tax at the lower capital gains rate that was applicable before 1987.

The Revenue Act of 1962 reduced this tax deferral by requiring the taxation of certain unrepatriated profits of a foreign subsidiary through the addition of Subpart F to the Internal Revenue Code [5]. The types of income that were then taxable by the United States were referred to as "Subpart F income" and included income from the insurance of U.S. risks,-"passive" types of income in general, and income derived from certain types of sales and services [6]. In addition, the 1962 legislation restricted the conversion of tax-deferred accumulated earnings and profits into capital gains, thus preventing regular income from being taxed at the lower capital gains rate.

The 1962 Act also redefined the term Controlled Foreign Corporation. In general, a foreign corporation was considered controlled if more than 50 percent of the voting stock of the foreign corporation was owned by U.S. shareholders for 30 days or more of the foreign corporation's taxable year, but only if they had at least a 10 percent interest. All such foreign corporations' undistributed earnings and profits, to the extent such earnings and profits represented Subpart F income (see the "Explanation of Selected Terms" section at the end of this article). were subject to taxation through their U.S. shareholders. The 1962 legislation also expanded the filing requirements for CFC's to include all lowertier foreign corporations controlled, through other foreign subsidiaries, by a U.S. corporation [7].

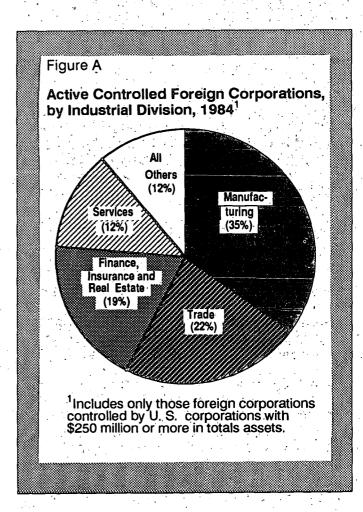
The Tax Reduction Act of 1975 expanded the definition of Subpart F income. An exception permitting tax deferral of a portion of Subpart F income reinvested in tax-defined "less-developed countries" was repealed for CFC's with accounting periods beginning in 1976 and thereafter. Also, before the 1975 Act, income was not treated as Subpart F if it

accounted for 30 percent or less of a CFC,s gross income. This percentage was reduced to 10 percent, limiting the amount of income that could avoid treatment under Subpart F. Finally, some types of shipping income received by foreign subsidiaries of U.S. corporations, which were previously excluded from Subpart F income, were now included. As a result of these and other actions, the tax deferral privileges of CFC's were reduced, but not entirely eliminated.

Several amendments, after 1975, to the Internal Revenue Code redefined Subpart F income [8]. For a full explanation of Subpart F, see "Explanation of Selected Terms."

#### INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY OF CONTROLLED FOREIGN CORPORATIONS

In 1984, there were 20,736 foreign corporations actively involved in business operations that were controlled either directly of indirectly by large U.S. multinational or U.S. "giant" corporations. As Figure A shows, 35 percent (or 7,259) of these CFC's were primarily engaged in manufacturing activities. These manufacturing CFC's generated more business receipts (\$341 billion) and pre-tax-earnings-and-



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profits (\$23 billion) than any other industrial division, while finance, insurance, and real estate CFC's had the largest assets (\$228 billion). Manufacturing; trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and service subsidiaries accounted for almost 90 percent of all active CFC's in 1984. CFC's in these four industrial divisions also held 92 percent of the assets, received 94 percent of the receipts, generated 84 percent of the pre-tax earnings and profits and reported 93 percent of the Subpart F income for all active CFC's.

As in 1982, manufacturing CFC's were primarily involved in producing chemicals, machinery, and electrical and electronic equipment, with these industries accounting for 47 percent of all manufacturing CFC's, 43 percent of manufacturing assets, and 53 percent of the pre-tax earnings and profits of manufacturing CFC's. Integrated petroleum companies and motor vehicle manufacturers, however, garnered over 40 percent of manufacturing CFC business receipts.

Wholesale trade CFC's outnumbered retail trade CFC's by more than four to one. Wholesale trade -generated more receipts and earnings than retail trade and reported assets five times greater than retail trade CFC's. Of those in wholesaling, CFC's classified under integrated petroleum and petroleum products accounted for 50 percent of the assets, 64 percent of the receipts and 72 percent of the pre-tax earnings and profits.

No one specific industry dominated the finance, insurance and real estate, or service CFC's. However, CFC's in the finance, insurance and real estate industries held more assets (\$228 billion) than any other industrial division. These same CFC's also accounted for 54 percent of the total reported Subpart F income.

## PROFITABILITY OF CFC'S AND THEIR U.S. PARENT CORPORATIONS

CFC profitability rose 1.6 percent from 1982 to 1984 while the profitability of their U.S. parent companies rose only 0.3 percent in this same time period. Profitability (as measured by the return on assets) was determined by the ratio of earnings and profits or net income (both before taxes) to total assets [9].

Figure B shows the relative return on assets for U.S. multinationals and their CFC's by selected industry. Based on this measure, the most profitable CFC's were in the mining industry which may, in part, be due to the expensing of many costs, thus biasing downward the asset measure for this industry. Oil and gas extraction companies in particular were very profitable with a margin of nearly 30 percent. This Figure B.—Relative Return on Assets of Large U.S. Multinational Corporations and Their CFC's, by Selected Industry, 1984<sup>1</sup>

	Return on Assets 2			
Selected industry	U.S. corporations	CFC's		
All industries <sup>2</sup>	2.3%	8.2%		
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	10.5	3.9		
Mining	1.8	25.3		
Metal mining	1.1	3.1		
Oil and gas extraction	1.7	29.8		
Construction	0.1	9.0		
Manufacturino	4.9	10.5		
Food and kindred products	4.6	12.8		
Apparel and other textile products	7.5	8.7		
Paper and allied products	6.2	9.9		
Printing and publishing	11.7	10.6		
Chemicals and allied products	6.0	11.1		
Petroleum (including integrated) and coal products	5.1	7.7		
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products	6.2	10.7		
Stone, clay and glass products	5.1	9.3		
Primary metal industries	-0.6	5.0		
Fabricated metal products	4.4	10.1		
Machinery, except electrical	5.8	18.8		
Electrical and electronic equipment	4.0	9.5		
Motor vehicles and equipment	5.7	5.8		
Instruments and related products	7.7	10.7		
Transportation and public utilities	2.3	4.0		
Water transportation	-0.4	-0.9		
Wholesale and retail trade	3.1	12.2		
Finance, insurance and real estate	0.2	3.0		
Banking	0.3	1.2		
Credit agencies other than banks	-0.3	2.9		
Insurance	0.1	4.5		
Real estate	1.2	3.3		
Holding and other investment companies, except bank				
holding companies	-0.2	4.6		
Services	2.7	8.5		

<sup>1</sup> U.S. parent corporations and CFC's were separately classified by the industry that generated the greatest portion of their total receipts.

<sup>2</sup> Includes CFC's the nature of whose business was not allocable by industry.

<sup>3</sup> The CFC return on assets is the ratio of pre-tax earnings and profits to total assets. The U.S. return on assets is the ratio of net income before tax to total assets. See also footnote θ at the end of this article.

industry also was the leader in 1982 with a 22 percent return on assets. The least profitable group was the finance, insurance and real estate division with a 3.0 percent return on assets for the CFC's, but this measure is also somewhat misleading for this industry.

The only industry to post a negative CFC return was water transportation, although the transportation and public utility division as a whole had a positive return on assets of 4.0 percent. Water transportation also had a negative return on assets for 1982. The loss to asset ratio however shrank from -3.2 percent to -0.9 percent. The number of CFC's reporting their principal business activity as water transportation fell nearly 25 percent from 1982 to 1984. This was partly in response to the losses incurred in the early 1980's due to ship overbuilding during a period of world recession, and partly due to the reduction in shipping revenues due to discoveries of oil in the North Sea and Mexico which shortened the distance between source and destination [10].

The return on assets for U.S. corporations involved primarily in agriculture, forestry and fishing exceeded that for CFC's in the same industrial division. The returns were 10.5 percent and 3.9 percent, respectively. This movement continued from 1982 when large losses were incurred by Liberian CFC's operating rubber plantations to supply the motor vehicle industry. However, these Liberian subsidiaries reported modest profits for 1984, reflecting the beginnings of economic recovery from the recession of the early 1980's [11].

#### TRANSACTIONS OF CONTROLLED FOREIGN CORPORATIONS

Transactions between the U.S. affiliated groups (that included the parent corporation and its U.S. subsidiaries) and their CFC's resulted in net payments to the U.S. affiliates of \$27.8 billion in 1984 as shown in Figure C [12]. Therefore, these transactions (e.g., purchases or sales of stock in trade; and dividends, interest, and rents paid or received) did not contribute to the U.S. current account deficit of \$106.5 billion in 1984 [13].

While the U.S. current account deficit grew over 1,100 percent from 1982 to 1984, the net payments surplus between the U.S. affiliated groups and their related CFC's fell by only 14 percent from 1982 to 1984 [14,15]. The greatest net payments surplus was realized by U.S. affiliated groups involved in the manufacturing of petroleum (including integrated) and coal products. This industry showed a surplus of \$7.6 billion in 1984. Other large surpluses were realized by U.S. affiliated groups involved in manufacturing of non-electrical machinery and chemicals and allied products. Together, these top three industries accounted for 72 percent of the \$27.8 billion surplus.

Net payments deficits showed up in the transportation and public utilities and finance, insurance and real estate industrial divisions. These deficits were \$1.7 billion and \$568 million, respectively. In 1982, the U.S. groups in the transportation and public utilities industries had a deficit of over \$400 million while finance, insurance and real estate companies had a small surplus of \$50 million.

Purchases of stock in trade (i.e., purchases of merchandise in the ordinary course of trade or business) by CFC's from their U.S. affiliates and related foreign companies (\$71.9 billion) was greater than all other CFC payments combined, as is shown in Figure D. Most purchases of stock in trade were made\_from\_the\_U.S.\_parent\_corporation\_and\_its\_ domestic affiliates, \$71.1 billion, rather than from related foreign corporations. Payments to related

Figure C.—Receipts, Payments and Transaction Balance Surplus Between Controlled Foreign Corporations and Their U.S. Parent Affiliated Groups, by Selected Industry of U.S. Parent Corporation, 1984

Selected U.S. industry		CFC receipts		· ·	CFC payments	•	,	Surplus	
		(1)		-	(2)		_	(3)	
All industries <sup>1</sup>		\$68,590			\$96,425			\$27,835	
Agriculture, forestry and fishing		. 33			40			7	
Mining		378		l '	792			414	1
Mining Metal mining	·	15 `			17			• 2.	
Oil and gas extraction		.359			772			413	
Construction		107	* . î		250		1	143	
Manufacturing		58,361	•		86,309			27,948	
Food and kindred products		952	1 - E.		1,842	1		890	
Apparel and other textile products		22	in the second		57			35	
Paper and allied products		552			1,069			517	
Printing and publishing		234	• •		172			- 62	
Chemicals and allied products		3,150			9,245	l l		6,095	
Petroleum (including integrated) and coal products		18,874		5	26,509			7,635	
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products		808	۰. ۰		891	· ·		83	
Stone clay and glass products		207.			469			262	
Primary metal industries		<u>,</u> 579	•	·s .	1,914			1,335	
		. 130			1,245	1.1		1,115	
Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic equipment		5,555		· '	11,973	J.	••	6,418	
Electrical and electronic equipment		5,714	1		7,205			1,491	
Motor vehicles and equipment		18,907			17,750			-1,157	
Instruments and related products		911		-	4,317			3,406	
Transportation and public utilities		2,369	· ·		636			- 1,733	
Water-transportation		. 144 ,	· · .		20			- 124	
Wholesale and retail trade		4,132	· · ·		5,483			1,351	
Finance, insurance and real estate		2,996		1	2,428	•		- 568	1.1
Banking		2,021			2,009			-12	
Credit agencies other than banks		247	× 1		169			- 78	
Insurance		.504			128			- 376	
Real estate		<u>`1</u>			· 6	1		5	
Holding and other investment companies, except bank bolding companies.		73	•	1.	62			-11	
Services.		214		Ľ	488			274	

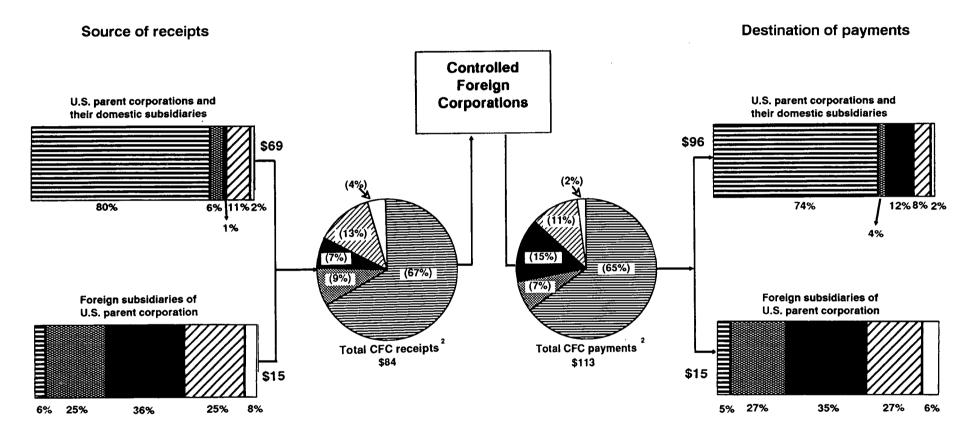
<sup>1</sup> Includes CFC's the nature of whose business was not allocable by industry.

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## Figure D

Flow of Receipts and Payments Between Controlled Foreign Corporations and Related Corporations, 1984<sup>1</sup>

(Percentage of total and billions of dollars)





Other

<sup>1</sup>Data are limited to U.S. parent corporations with \$250 million or more in total assets and their CFC's.

<sup>2</sup>Total includes receipts and payments of other noncontrolling shareholders. (See "Related Persons of Controlled Foreign Corporations" under "Explanation of Selected Terms" section.) CFC's were more likely to be in the form of compensation for services, dividends, or interest, rents and royalties.

More than 80 percent of CFC payments to related corporations were made to their U.S. parent corporations or their domestic subsidiaries. As Figure D shows, the U.S. affiliates received \$96.4 billion from CFC's in 1984, while paying them \$68.6 billion in return. CFC receipts from related foreign corporations were only \$14.6 billion and payments to these foreign corporations were \$15 billion.

Sales of stock in trade were the largest source of receipts for CFC's. Receipts from the sale of stock in trade to the U.S. parent corporation and its domestic subsidiaries totaled \$54.9 billion in 1984. This was 66 percent of all CFC receipts from related persons. CFC receipts from related foreign corporations were more often dividends (\$5.2 billion); interest, rents and royalties (\$3.7 billion); and compensation for services (\$3.7 billion), rather than sales of stock in trade (\$0.9 billion).

CFC transactions with related persons are very significant when they are compared with U.S. exports and imports. U.S. exports in 1984 totaled \$217.9 billion of which almost one-third (\$71.1 billion) was due to CFC purchases of stock in trade from U.S. parent corporations and their domestic subsidiaries. Sales of stock in trade by CFC's to the U.S. affiliated group (\$54.9 billion) accounted for almost 17 percent of U.S. imports for 1984 (\$325.7 billion). These percentages decreased only slightly compared to 1982; therefore CFC transactions with U.S. parents and affiliates did not quite keep pace with the growth in both U.S. exports and imports [16].

#### **RECENT CFC INCORPORATIONS**

Figure E shows the number of incorporations of CFC's for 1975 to 1984 and the total amount of 1984 CFC assets. New incorporations of CFC's appear to have peaked about 1980 and then began a gradual decline. There was, however, a slight rise from 1983 to 1984, possibly an effect of the recovery from the recession of the early 1980's and an eagerness for expansion by large U.S. multinationals. The number of incorporations for 1984 may actually have been larger than 1,086 since the data include only CFC's whose accounting periods ended within the parent corporation's accounting period. Those CFC's incorporated later in the year may have had accounting periods ending later than their parent's and, therefore, would not be included in the statistics.

In 1984, 1,086 CFC's were incorporated by large U.S. multinational corporations. These CFC's had

Figure E.—Number and Total Assets of CFC's Incorporated After 1974, by Year of Incorporation

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

Year of incorporation	Number of CFC's	1984 total assets
All years, total	27,008	\$595,406
1984	1,086	11,098
1983	1,004	15,131
1982		22,844
1981	1,130	25,691
1980		19,688
1979	1,037	20,457
1978	. 973	18,974
1977	807	15,744
1976	755	8,893
1975	749	7,890
Pre-1975		428,996

just over \$11 billion in assets and generated \$32 million in earnings and profits before taxes as shown in Figure F. The new CFC's in mining, construction, and wholesale and retail trade generated large losses, possibly reflecting high start-up costs.

Figure F.—Number, Total Assets and Earnings and Profits of CFC's Incorporated in 1984, by Selected Industry [Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

Selected industrial divisions	Number of CFC incorporations	Total assets	Pre-tax- earnings and profits
	. (1)	(2)	(3)
All industries <sup>1</sup>	1,086	\$11,098	\$32
Mining	· 45 ·	· /981 ·	- 46
Mining Construction Manufacturing	11	. 37	-2
Manufacturing	· 189 ·	1,381	2
Transportation and public utilities	25	310	3
Wholesale and retail trade	132	1,261	-6
Finance, insurance and real estate	149	6,308	· 78
Services	94	388	30
Inactive	421	211	- 1

More than one-half of all assets held by newly incorporated CFC's were held by those in the finance, insurance and real estate division, with 25 percent of these assets held specifically by holding and other investment companies. These CFC's also generated the largest amount of pre-tax earnings and profits, \$78 million. Greater than one-third of newly incorporated CFC's were inactive for 1984. This reflects the practice of incorporating to establish a presence abroad in anticipation of future operations. Many large U.S. corporations establish CFC's at the end of one tax year but do not begin operations until the next year.

Figure G shows all CFC's and their assets by selected industry compared to CFC's incorporated after 1974 and their assets. While 36 percent of all CFC's were incorporated after 1974, these CFC's held only 28 percent of all assets indicating that newer CFC's tend to be smaller. Many are nameholder corporations with few assets. More than one-half of all CFC's in the mining industry were incorporated in the 10-year period, 1975-1984, par-

Figure G.—Total Controlle	ed Foreign Corporations	<b>Compared to Controlled</b>	Foreign Corporations Inc	corporated After 1974, by
Selected Industry <sup>1</sup>	,			

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

				CFC's incorpor	ated after 1974	
Selected CFC industry	Total number	Total CFC			Percent	tage of
	of CFC's	assets	Number	Total assets	Total number	Total assets
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
All industries <sup>2</sup>	27,008	\$595,406	9,849	\$166,410	36%	28%
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	161	979	50	190	31	19
Mining	821	25,901	455	9.845	55	38
Metal mining		3,643	76	811	44	22
Oil and gas extraction	602	21,604	359	8.611	60	40
Construction	396	4,779	171	965	43	20
Manufacturing	7,259	219,484	2,153	31,842	30	15
Food and kindred products	650	16,138	158	2,276	24	14
Apparel and other textile products	126	1,408	41	287	33	20
Paper and allied products	167	5,107	36	347	22	7
Printing and publishing	242	1,815	64	389	26	21
Chemicals and allied products	1,698	39,610	380	4.766	22	12
Petroleum (including integrated)	1,000					
and coal products	125	31,596	27	3,936	22	12
Rubber and miscellaneous plastic				-,		
products	213	4,108	61	310	29	8
Stone, clay and glass products	133 -	2,765	39	990	29	36
Primary metal industries	149	4,265	40	309	27	7
Fabricated metal products	581	6,179	183	1.334	31	22
Machinery, except electrical	782	29,499	242	2,802	31	
Electrical and electronic equipment	934	24,239	379	6.078	41	25
Motor vehicles and equipment	249	29,757	82	2,127	33	7
Instruments and related products	342	6,668	132	1,599	39	24
Fransportation and public utilities	626	16,223	258	4.315	41	27
Water transportation	261	6,960	. 101	1,115	39	16
Wholesale and retail trade	4.646	74,983	1,879	13,493	40	18
inance, insurance and real estate	3.915	228,186	1.912	96,601	49	42
Banking	322	66,304	150	16.345	47	25
Credit agencies other than banks	710	59,365	370	31,005	52	52
Insurance	531	23,623	308	5.677	58	24
Real estate	385	3,237	128	1,703	33	53
Holding and other investment companies,	•••			,		
except bank holding companies	1,291	61,088	632	32,155	49	53
Services	2.571	19,437	1,159	8,939	45	46

Includes only those foreign corporations controlled by U.S. corporations with \$250 million or more in total assets.

<sup>2</sup> Includes CFC's the nature of whose business was not allocable by industry, and inactive CFC's which are not shown separately.

ticularly oil and gas extracting corporations of which 60 percent were incorporated since 1974. Almost one-half of finance, insurance and real estate CFC's were incorporated in the same period. These industries are in sharp contrast to manufacturing companies, of which only 30 percent were incorporated since 1974.

#### SUMMARY

U.S. multinational corporations continued to have a strong presence abroad, controlling over 27,000 foreign corporations in 1984. These CFC's held \$595 billion in assets and generated \$625 billion of receipts. Pre-tax earnings and profits of all CFC's for 1984 rose 32 percent from 1982 while assets rose only seven percent. More than one-half of all active CFC's were involved in manufacturing or trade industries. Due to the much larger rise in pre-tax earnings and profits than in assets, profitability levels rose 1.6 percent from 1982, a 24 percent change. Mining (because of oil and gas extraction) was the most profitable industrial division in 1984 and finance, insurance and real estate the least profitable. CFC payments to their U.S. parent corporations and affiliated groups exceeded receipts from these companies by \$27.8 billion in 1984. In contrast, the U.S. current account deficit was \$106.5 billion. CFC purchases of stock in trade from U.S. parent corporations and their domestic affiliates amounted to almost one-third of the total \$218 billion of U.S. exports in 1984.

Almost 40 percent of all CFC's were incorporated in the 10-year period from 1975 through 1984. These CFC's were, however, smaller in asset size than the older CFC's. The number of new incorporations in 1984 rose slightly from 1983, possibly reversing the downward movement that took place after 1980.

#### DATA SOURCES AND LIMITATIONS

The statistics in this article were derived from all U.S. corporation income tax returns with total assets of \$250 million or more and with accounting periods ended July 1984 through June 1985, and from attached Form(s) 5471 (Information Return with Respect to a Foreign Corporation). This form replaced Form 2952, (Information Return with Respect to Controlled Foreign Corporations), in 1983. Only a handful of Forms 2952 were filed for Income Year 1984 and are included in the data.

Sampling variability was not originally a factor in this study, since returns were selected at a rate of 100 percent and thus equaled the complete population. However, certain taxpayers did not provide the necessary information or provided only partial information for some CFC's. These CFC's (approximately 1,500 corporations) are not included in the data presented here and no attempt was made to weight the sample to adjust for them. For purposes of this article, the sample was considered to be the population (see footnote 1.)

Not all of the information regarding CFC transactions (e.g., transactions with unrelated parties) is available from Statistics of Income data. However, total business receipts, earnings and profits, foreign taxes and transactions between CFC's and related parties (U.S. parent corporations and their domestic and foreign subsidiaries) are reported as part of the parent corporation's U.S. income tax return and included in this article.

U.S. parent corporations were classified by the principal business activity reported on the corporation income tax return. Many returns were filed by diversified corporations, and therefore included significant receipts, profits, and other items related to activities other than the principal business activity.

Controlled Foreign Corporations were also classified by their principal business activity as reported on Form 5471. As such, certain receipts, profits, and transaction items may have been related to secondary business activities. It is not possible to measure the extent of these secondary operations.

When U.S. corporations filed consolidated Forms 5471 with aggregated data for several foreign companies, follow-up requests were made in cases where large money amounts were reported in an attempt to obtain the CFC information on a disaggregated basis. More than 75 percent of these requests were successful. Where no information was received, the data were left consolidated under the industry in which it was originally reported. Less than one percent of the CFC's included in the file contain financial information for a consolidated group of CFC's.

In some cases, sufficient detail was not provided to indicate by whom the CFC was directly controlled (i.e., by a domestic or a foreign parent). Data for these CFC's were corrected by using the transactions they reported with related corporations to determine the recipient of any dividends. If this information was not conclusive, a previous-year record of the CFC or other reference material was used to determine the ownership.

The 1984 data are based on returns filed by U.S. corporations with full-year accounting periods ending between July 1984 and June 1985. Generally, part-year returns were deleted from the sample to avoid double counting of financial data. According to IRS regulations, a U.S. corporation had to submit a Form 5471 for any Controlled Foreign Corporation with an accounting period ending with or within the U.S. parent's accounting period. Therefore, CFC accounting periods may have ended as early as August 1983 (and, thus, began in September 1982) or as late as June 1985. However, most CFC activity did occur in Calendar Year 1984.

#### **EXPLANATION OF SELECTED TERMS**

Business Receipts of Controlled Foreign Corporations.--Business receipts were, in general, gross receipts or gross sales less returns and allowances reported for CFC's on Forms 5471. In the finance, insurance, and real estate industries, business receipts were generally the total income or receipts of the CFC and may have included other types of income such as interest, rents, royalties and other investment income. This definition differs from that used for the business receipts statistics for domestic corporations which generally excludes investment income.

*Current Earnings and Profits of Controlled Foreign Corporations.*--This item represents the difference between the accumulated beginning and ending year balances of earnings and profits available for distribution to the stockholders. In this report, pretax current earnings and profits are shown. For Form 5471 purposes, the earnings and profits reported for a foreign corporation had to be calculated under U.S. accounting standards, as required by Internal Revenue regulations.

Distributions of Controlled Foreign Corporations.--The distributions of CFC's consisted mostly of dividends. Capital gain distributions, and distributions paid out of capital (including capital stock, paid-in capital, and capital surplus) were generally not included. Liquidating dividends may have also been included.

Foreign Income Taxes Paid by Controlled Foreign Corporations.--These were foreign income, war profits, and excess profits taxes paid or accrued by CFC's to foreign countries or U.S. possessions (including Puerto Rico). Also included were taxes imposed by other countries (including the United States) in cases in which the CFC had business operations in countries other than the one in which it was incorporated.

Inactive Controlled Foreign Corporations.-- Inactive Controlled Foreign Corporations were those that reported no income, deductions, or foreign income taxes paid, but which may have reported dividends paid out of prior-year earnings and profits. These dividends, plus the total assets of these CFC's, are included in the statistics.

Related Persons of Controlled Foreign Corporations.--Five categories of related persons of CFC's were shown on Forms 5471 for the purpose of reporting transactions. They were the U.S. corporation filing the return, a domestic corporation controlled by the U.S. corporation filing the return, a foreign corporation controlled by the U.S. corporation filing the return, a 10-percent-or-more U.S. shareholder of the CFC (other than the controlling shareholder), and a 10-percent-or-more U.S. shareholder of the U.S. corporation filing the return.

Sales (and Purchases) of Stock in Trade.--These were sales (and purchases) of merchandise in the ordinary course of trade or business.

Subpart F Income .-- Subpart F provisions of the Internal Revenue Service Code (section 952) allowed the United States to tax U.S. shareholders on certain types of CFC income that, although undistributed to them, were deemed to have been distributed and were thereby taxable currently, generally at the same rate(s) as dividends. Subpart F income included the following for 1984: income derived from the insurance of U.S. risks; international boycott participation income; illegal bribes, kickbacks, or other payments to a government official; and "foreign base company income" (i.e., income from a foreign personal holding company and certain types of sales, service, shipping and oil-related income from a foreign base company). Also includible as income from CFC's were amounts of previously excluded Subpart F income meeting certain criteria and increases in foreign corporations' earnings invested in U.S. property.

Transactions of Controlled Foreign Corporations.--Controlled Foreign Corporation transactions were reported on Forms 5471 for five categories of related persons (described previously under "Related Persons of Controlled Foreign Corporations") which dealt with the CFC's. The transactions shown include receipts and payments for such items as stock in trade, dividends, rents and royalties, commissions, services rendered, interest, insurance premiums, and property rights. U.S. Affiliated Groups.--The U.S. parent corporation and all of its wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries included in the filing of a consolidated U.S. income tax return (Form 1120).

#### **NOTES AND REFERENCES**

- [1] Due to incomplete reporting of financial information on Forms 5471, approximately 1,500 Controlled Foreign Corporations (CFC's) are not included in the data. However, it is estimated that the 27,008 CFC's for which data are presented in this article represent 95 percent or more of all the financial data for the population and therefore, are comparable to 1982 data. Throughout the rest of this article, all references to the CFC population will include only the data for the 27,008 CFC's. (See also "Data Sources and Limitations" at the end of this article.)
- [2] For purposes of this article, data are included only for foreign corporations controlled by U.S. corporations with \$250 million or more in total assets. Subsequent use of the terms "large U.S. multinationals" or "U.S. giant corporations" refers to this group of corporations. Historically, more than two-thirds of all U.S.-controlled foreign corporations have been controlled by U.S. giant corporations. More significantly, both the assets and business receipts of CFC's controlled by these large U.S. corporations have accounted for more than 90 percent of the total assets and business receipts of all CFC's. See statistics on Controlled Foreign Corporations for 1980 in the Statistics of Income Bulletin. Summer 1984, Volume 3, Number 4,
- [3] Heller, Kenneth, The Impact of U.S. Taxation on the Financing and Earnings Remittance Decisions of U.S.-based Multinational Firms with Controlled Foreign Corporations, Arno Press, 1980, pp. 2-3.
- [4] Heller, *Op. cit.*, pp. 3-4.
- [5] Heller, *Op. cit.*, p. 87.
- [6] Passive types of income include such receipts as interest, dividends and certain types of rents and royalties.
- [7] Control by a U.S. corporation was extended to lower-tier foreign corporations through a chain of control. Thus, a U.S. corporation could own

more than 50 percent of a foreign corporation (first-tier) which, in turn, could own more than 50 percent of a second-tier foreign corporation, which, in turn, could own more than 50 percent of a third-tier foreign corporation, and so forth. A Form 5471 had to be filed for each of these foreign corporations.

[8] More recently, the Tax Reform Act of 1986 expanded further the definition of Subpart F income. Generally, these changes apply to taxable years of foreign corporations beginning after December 31, 1986.

For purposes of this analysis, a CFC's return on [9] assets is defined as the ratio of earnings and profits before taxes to total assets. Net income (before taxes), i.e., net income computed under provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, is used in place of earnings and profits for pur-27 2.7 poses of computing the U.S. parent corporations' return on assets because earnings and profits, as such, is not reported by the parent. To the extent that the concept of earnings and profits differs from that of net income, the comparison of a CFC's return on assets to the U.S. parent corporation's return on assets is limited.

[10] Willoughby, Jack, "Shipwreck," *Forbes,* July 29, 1985, p. 116.

[11] Simenauer, Ronald, "Controlled Foreign Corporations, 1982: An Industry Focus," *Statistics* of Income Bulletin, Summer 1986, Volume 6, Number 1.

- [12] The balance of payments surplus may be somewhat misleading due to the inclusion of dividends paid and received. If dividends received and paid are excluded from the totals the balance of payments surplus would fall from \$27.8 billion to \$16.4 billion.
- [13] U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Survey of Current Business, June 1986. The current account is defined as the exports of goods and services (including receipt of income on U.S. assets abroad) minus both imports of goods and services (including payment of income on foreign assets in the U.S.) and net unrelated transfers (excluding military grants of goods and services).
- [14] U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, *Survey of Current Business*, June 1985.
- [15] Amounts loaned to or borrowed from U.S. affiliated groups were subtracted from 1982 transaction-amounts-for-comparability-with-1984 data. These data were not tabulated for 1984 since they were no longer required to be reported as part of the foreign corporation transaction schedule for 1984.
- [16] U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, *Highlights of U.S. Export and Import Trade*, FT 990, monthly. Data from this source are based on the 1984 calendar year, while CFC data are based on accounting periods of U.S. parent corporations ended July 1984 through June 1985 and accounting periods of CFC's ending with, or within, the U.S. parent corporation's accounting period.

Table 1.—U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$250 Million or More: Controlled Foreign Corporation Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions and Subpart F Income, by Selected Industry of U.S. Corporation and Size of Total Assets of Controlled Foreign Corporation

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

					Controlle	d Foreign Corpor	ations			
Selected industry of U.S. corporation filing return and size of total assets	Number of U.S. corporation	Number of	Total	Business	Current earnings	Foreign corpo current earnin (+) befo	gs and profits	Foreign	Actual distributions	Subpart F
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	returns	foreign corporations	Total assets	Business receipts	and profits (less deficit) before taxes	Current earnings and profits before taxes	Foreign income taxes (net)	income taxes (net)	in current year	income
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
All industries, total	<b>1,103</b> 564 871 817 723 295	<b>27,008</b> 3,924 9,028 8,129 4,834 1,093	<b>595,406,489</b> 	624,529,988 2,784,107 4,091,467 44,893,839 169,786,907 402,973,669	<b>48,591,785</b> 71,277 157,472 2,636,065 12,278,867 33,448,105	<b>57,469,606</b> 295,574 587,854 4,133,612 15,129,589 37,322,978	<b>19,888,594</b> 63,452 90,796 1,252,865 4,520,648 13,960,832	<b>19,663,431</b> 66,868 98,987 1,273,754 4,506,718 13,717,103	<b>17,429,494</b> 83,405 128,832 1,139,365 4,634,444 11,443,448	<b>4,420,024</b> 42,401 27,277 247,645 1,386,889 2,715,812
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	4	116	936,515	1,102,708	39,232	59,882	20,042	21,768	17,851	1,173
Assets zero or not reported \$1 under \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000 \$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000 \$100,000,000 or more	4 . 4	36 24	9,432 591,670	20,689 536,075	- 354 23,591	157 35,093	26 12,284	- 55 14,079	32 17,403	 
Mining         Assets zero or not reported         \$1 under \$1,000,000         \$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000         \$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000         \$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000         \$100,000,000 or more	25	<b>602</b> 100 225 137 120 20	<b>9,885,843</b> 	<b>5,930,863</b> 29,077 26,655 394,591 1,648,561 3,831,980	<b>1,494,624</b> - 13,918 - 11,098 38,336 267,012 1,214,292	<b>1,697,589</b> 5,285 10,380 75,873 387,301 1,218,750	<b>956,810</b> 1,319 988 15,129 122,382 816,992	<b>953,598</b> 1,374 1,017 14,962 119,253 816,992	<b>630,151</b> 277 1,927 41,074 156,242 430,630	<b>135,543</b> 2,305 602 19,223 47,974 65,438
Metal mining	6	54	1,100,961	121,500	<b>39,570</b> - 1	43,168	19,542	18,245	20,325	1,078
Assets zero or not reported \$1 under \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000 \$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000 \$100,000,000 or more	5 5	7 25 11	3,561 50,457	4,089 6,018	- 45 3,202	95 3,672	1 923	1 923 •	32 965	16 1,062
Oil and gas extraction           Assets zero or not reported           \$1 under \$1,000,000           \$10,000,000 under \$10,000,000           \$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000           \$100,000,000 or more	15 27 21 22	<b>512</b> 83 185 119 107 18	<b>8,517,348</b> — 35,614 512,608 3,311,377 4,657,748	<b>5,686,333</b> 6,222 19,317 350,475 1,478,340 3,831,980	<b>1,423,295</b> - 16,423 - 12,558 30,091 205,436 1,216,749	<b>1,619,670</b> 2,779 8,418 66,986 322,738 1,218,750	<b>935,442</b> 477 987 13,222 103,763 816,992	<b>933,527</b> 532 1,016 13,054 101,932 816,992	<b>609,711</b> 277 1,849 40,040 136,914 430,630	<b>130,750</b> 2,305 525 17,773 44,709 65,438
Construction Assets zero or not reported \$1 under \$1,000,000	11	<b>384</b> 62 159	<b>3,826,697</b> 	<b>2,917,905</b> 34 42,368	<b>416,794</b> - 50 - 3,544	<b>461,479</b> 	1 <b>22,388</b> 	<b>121,488</b> 	<b>194,572</b> 	<b>44,664</b>  47
\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000 \$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000 \$100,000,000 or more	16 14	101 54 8	373,070 1,760,669 1,664,277	400,769 1,432,796 1,041,938	13,043 196,449 210,896	36,917 205,463 210,896	10,000 62,551 49,301	9,328 62,303 49,301	6,662 115,156 71,167	337 20,876 23,404
Manufacturing           Assets zero or not reported           \$1 under \$1,000,000           \$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000           \$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000           \$100,000,000 or more	331 503 497	<b>18,805</b> 2,621 5,753 6,100 3,617 714	<b>390,581,396</b> 1,525,040 23,984,990 112,023,550 253,047,816	<b>500,334,516</b> 2,306,163 3,050,847 37,527,926 138,172,141 319,277,438	<b>40,379,971</b> 36,189 173,614 2,065,487 10,262,581 27,842,100	<b>47,969,980</b> 214,111 455,601 3,265,639 12,472,787 31,561,842	<b>17,109,507</b> 49,252 62,383 1,033,060 3,796,071 12,168,739	<b>16,839,916</b> 52,612 60,909 1,051,195 3,760,837 11,914,364	<b>14,904,646</b> 77,314 95,646 921,673 3,866,654 9,943,360	<b>3,374,696</b> 4,880 18,285 183,235 1,082,154 2,086,141
Food and kindred products           Assets zero or not reported           \$1 under \$1,000,000           \$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000           \$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000           \$100,000,000 or more	26 39 34 29	<b>1,831</b> 285 651 502 344 49	<b>22,565,728</b> 146,535 1,974,696 11,010,960 9,433,536	<b>31,414,654</b> 113,891 585,478 3,148,578 15,548,690 12,018,016	<b>2,714,895</b> 14,409 199,297 210,353 1,290,749 1,000,086	<b>3,050,716</b> 16,308 212,694 302,510 1,466,166 1,053,038	<b>791,131</b> 1,111 8,901 71,148 419,755 290,216	<b>776,935</b> 1,160 9,060 70,992 405,191 290,532	<b>960,637</b> 7,604 27,043 96,839 530,862 298,290	270,378 4 1,852 26,842 107,312 134,368
Chemicals and allied products           Assets zero or not reported           \$1 under \$1,000,000           \$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000           \$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000           \$100,000,000 or more	55 65 69 61	<b>3,940</b> 617 1,182 1,300 730 111	58,528,756 302,072 5,117,631 21,995,940 31,113,113	<b>60,877,842</b> 218,943 506,548 7,705,200 24,752,002 27,695,150	<b>6,539,859</b> 13,861 22,874 484,711 2,252,740 ,3,765,674	<b>7,382,393</b> 23,885 68,769 740,675 2,689,183 3,859,880	<b>2,473,937</b> 4,503 15,231 237,275 895,578 1,321,350	<b>2,453,161</b> 5,295 14,374 243,582 878,910 1,310,999	<b>2,100,613</b> 12,608 24,868 258,236 862,636 942,264	<b>813,540</b> 1,732 7,920 45,631 259,243 499,015
Petroleum (including integrated) and coal           products           Assets zero or not reported           \$1 under \$1,000,000           \$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000           \$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000           \$100,000,000 or more	27 33 26 28	<b>1,932</b> 299 654 472 333 174	<b>99,994,391</b> 129,726 1,907,876 10,729,362 87,227,428	<b>173,001,490</b> 365,140 340,701 4,631,655 19,822,944 147,841,049	<b>12,612,098</b> - 10,655 - 57,236 150,542 793,845 11,735,602	<b>15,588,956</b> 84,160 21,790 362,922 1,129,150 13,990,935	<b>6,708,937</b> 37,137 2,866 153,596 313,252 6,202,086	<b>6,507,866</b> 36,840 2,548 157,601 310,249 6,000,627	<b>6,134,363</b> 7,507 12,372 88,949 397,629 5,627,906	<b>707,290</b> 13 5,288 4,580 101,092 596,318
Primary metal industries           Assets zero or not reported           \$1 under \$1,000,000           \$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000           \$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000           \$100,000,000 or more	20 31 36 27	<b>1,033</b> 152 352 310 189 30	<b>14,034,236</b> 77,154 1,246,683 5,974,371 6,736,029	<b>10,486,406</b> 1,553 89,038 1,339,859 5,763,013 3,292,942	<b>332,153</b> 706 - 3,605 63,589 145,597 125,865	<b>771,022</b> 1,373 10,439 121,638 360,611 276,961	<b>168,394</b> 10 2,612 27,027 74,983 63,762	<b>134,945</b> 10 2,420 29,173 69,248 34,093	<b>193,123</b> 	<b>126,111</b> 100 133 8,763 81,374 35,742
Machinery, except electrical           Assets zero or not reported           \$1 under \$1,000,000           \$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000           \$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000           \$100,000,000 or more	. 36 62 62 60	<b>1,950</b> 244 497 633 474 102	<b>51,882,026</b> 152,225 2,556,437 15,080,755 34,092,609	<b>50,103,336</b> 91,482 227,601 3,030,453 15,001,742 31,752,058	<b>7,430,539</b> 14,096 - 6,316 194,827 1,116,877 6,111,056	<b>7,989,513</b> 15,756 21,202 314,724 1,395,288 6,242,543	<b>3,045,754</b> 945 4,860 96,140 532,085 2,411,724	<b>3,020,664</b> 615 2,626 97,333 518,446 2,401,642	<b>1,883,219</b> 21 3,947 57,392 281,150 1,540,710	<b>481,385</b> 74 599 21,708 150,748 308,256

Footnote at end of table.

Table 1.—U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$250 Million or More: Controlled Foreign Corporation Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions and Subpart F Income, by Selected Industry of U.S. Corporation and Size of Total Assets of Controlled Foreign Corporation—Continued

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	r - · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Controll	ed Foreign Corpo	· · ·	·	· · · ·	
Selected industry of U.S. corporation filing return and size of total assets of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Number of U.S. corporation returns	Number of foreign	Total assets	Business receipts	Current earnings and profits	current earnin	orations with ngs and profits pre taxes	Foreign income taxes	Actual distributions in current	Subpart
		corporations			(less deficit) before taxes	earnings and profits before taxes	Foreign income taxes (net)	(net)	year	mconne
lanufacturing—Continued	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	. (8)	. (9)	. (10) .
Electrical and electronic equipment	70	2,270	37,641,993		0.704.070			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•
Assets zero or not reported	31	229	37,641,993	39,205,015 72,207	<b>2,701,272</b> - 17,411	3,255,924 2,496	733,755 211	721,578 3,391	838,293 8,937	223,49 19
\$1 under \$1,000,000	59	685	196,988	291,645	- 11,872	26,985	7,327	9,237	6,966	15
\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000 \$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000	63 52	813 479	3,259,962 14,709,565	4,969,089	246,535	394,985	130,598	132,575	104,107	19,79
\$100,000,000 or more	13	64	19,475,477	18,211,915 15,660,159	1,359,948 1,124,073	1,635,950 1,195,509	347,413 248,206	352,285 224,090	539;167 179,115	94,06 109,29
Motor vehicles and equipment	20	925	47,132,506	70,477,798	2,430,468	3,550,208	1,223,562	1,252,124	993.079	269,49
Assets zero or not reported\$1 under \$1,000,000	15	118		1,178,127	- 30,452	13,649	1,476	1,970	19,356	
\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	18 18	235 359	83,825	180,533 2,626,281	4,971 20,662	13,585 98,238	1,336 29,010	1,325 28,962	2,370	1
\$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000 \$100,000,000 or more	17	137	4,690,006	7,203,992	286,911	392,849	140,435	143,287	23,401 101,549	3,29 56,05
·	10	76	41,130,866	59,288,865	2,148,376	3,031,886	1,051,305	1,076,579	. 846,404	210,12
Transportation equipment, except motor vehicles	20	580 /	5,907,382	6,873,398	578,972	696,550	231,942	233,006	216,134	52.22
Assets zero or not reported	10	61		13,289	26,507	26,507	- 145	- 145	2,453	53,22
\$1 under \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	17 14.	203 194	56,467 797,750	83,081	- 441	10,325	1,733	1,724	513	57
\$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000	13	194	3,630,012	1,255,238 4,166,019	53,787 <sup>-</sup> 319,817	86,661, 391,681	· 31,830 132,742	33,572 132,073	26,014 118,008	3,54 24,30
\$1,00,000,000 or more	5	7	1,423,152	1,355,771	179,302	181,375	65,782	65,782	69,147	24,3
Appendix and related products	23	807	11,513,591	15,490,503	1,270,096	1,437,020	466,927	476,545	344,585	155,85
Assets zero or not reported \$1 under \$1,000,000	18 . 22	77 232	80,383	643 160 138	2,920	3,236	- 1	- 1	2,259	
\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	22	311	1,227,569	160,138 1,998,735	- 1,031 143,586	12,554 192,640	4,418 53,233	4,297 53,660	1,262 ,49,500	14 6,71
\$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000 \$100,000,000 or more	21 5	167 20	4,619,363 5,586,276	6,380,418 6,950,569	597,038	684,240	212,671	221,983	207,502	73,55
					527,583	<u> </u>	196,606	196,606	84,061	75,44
Ansportation and public utilities	. <b>106</b> 47	1,508 218	25,021,612	14,153,603 45,887	1,299,298 - 1,952	1,572,265 7,265	357,612 1,665	360,756 1,666	297,736 2,937	<b>334,5</b> 2 30
1 under \$1,000,000	69	577	131,211	184,577	- 915	24,307	4,541	5,120	10,282	1,73
\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	56 54	, 423 242	1,645,036 7,603,191	1,625,251 4,427,694	121,640 418,414	180,892	39,425	41,115	54,824	16,30
\$100,000,000 or more	27	48	15,642,174	7,870,194	762,111	568,007 791,794	142,791 169,190	142,686 170,168	114,857 114,836	88,97 227,20
Vater transportation	10	142	760,470	112,346	18,811	39,466	1,290	3,534	13,405	6,36
Assets zero or not reported	7 8	24	_	6,901	- 351	1	10 <del>–</del> 1	_	-	•
\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	9	63 34	12,385 168,985	10,689 41,923	- 251 1,398	1,206 9,952	63 <sup>-</sup> 986	77 1,894	_	62
\$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000 \$100,000,000 or more					1,000	3,302	*	1,054		1,43
			·		н. Н	-				
solesale and retail trade	116 50	1,404 233	32,358,191	<b>72,992,450</b> 67,870	1,831,937 15,813	2,120,430 16,972	487,710	518,299	559,330	215,03
31 under \$1,000,000	. 81	536	112,341	244,826	-9,840	14,867	2,335 4,516	2,335	982 6,575	12,43
1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	76	. 360	1,370,838	2,232,022	106,374	178,162	47,219	45,748	33,369	13,95
10,000,000 under \$100,000,000	63 15	214 61	6,882,664 23,992,348	16,519,399 53,928,333	398,746 1,320,844	524,998 1,385,431	118,409 315,232	142,184 315,253	150,469 367,935	70,53 115,44
Vholesale trade	63	821	18,094,843	56.901.635	1,016,206	1,217,718	255,192	287,324	••	
Assets zero or not reported \$1 under \$1,000,000	23	92	- · · · - ·	33,114	802	1,932	957	957	345,663 982	72,58
\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	41 43	334 227	72,179 878,805	171,974 1,516,124	- 14,382 80,427	7,703	2,483	10,643	5,394	:2,14
\$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000	38	136 .	4,212,707	14,400,686	235,048	324,780	28,766 84,504	28,132 109,089	27,842 58,511	8,20 28,98
\$100,000,000 or more	6	32	12,931,152 1	40,779,737	714,312	763,398	138,483	138,504	252,933	33,25
Petroleum and petroleum products	8	107	4,297,072	14,932,001	292,660	319,103	110,508	112,028	203,395	33,93
\$1 under \$1,000,000	7	34	6,848	2,288	- 1,279	876	7	8	100	79
\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	7	34	150,136	134,607	8,124	13,531	4,300	4,300	2,262	1,79
\$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000 \$100,000,000 or more	5	22	803,507	5,514,897	53,203	63,320	27,937	29,435	11,368	3,74
letail trade	53	583	14,263,348	16,090,815	815,731	902,712	232,518	230,975	213,667	142,44
Assets zero or not reported	27	141	-	34,756	15,011	15,039	1,378	1,378	-	12,43
\$1 under \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	40 33	202 133	40,162	72,852	4,542	7,164	2.033	2,137	1,181	52
\$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000	25	78	2,669,957	2,118,713	25,947 163,698	58,257 200,218	18,452 33,906	17,616 33,095	5,527 91,958	5,75 41,54
\$100,000,000 or more	9	29	11,061,197	13,148,596	606,532	622,034	176,749	176,749	115,001	82,19
ance, insurance and real estate	169	2,934	126;591,844	23,001,761	2,730,451	3,030,724	675,064	682,550	660,896	242,08
ssets zero or not reported	68 117	422 1,234	244 620	248,703	14,571	26,477	6,577	6,582	1,549	7,48
1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	93	615	244,620 . 2,223,239	289,050	10,724 174,789	45,248 242,050	9,903 59,964	10,568 63,561	4,865 41,538	2,384
10,000,000 under \$100,000,000	83 59	427 236	15,092,855	4,546,032	499,692	631,585	169,317	162,888	167,424	43,14
	· ·		109,031,129	16,531,501	2,030,674	2,085,363	429,303	438,951	445,520	181,631
anking	<b>59</b> - 24	1,066 133	86,236,101	10,870,837 51,628	1,510,715 6,401	1,605,013 10,832	<b>395,072</b> 1,114	396,038	335,258	122,483
Assets zero or not reported			- 1	01,020	0,401	10,032		1,120	4	7,232
\$1 under \$1,000,000	39	369	72,086	83,412	- 200	15,741	3,954	4,110	1,071	67
\$1 under \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000 \$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000	39 30 34	369 211 198	72,086 768,996 7,470,368	83,412 197,966 1,224,873	- 200 57,672 251,180	15,741 72,712 275,052	3,954 23,221 69,201	4,110 25,211 68,659	1,071 18,635 60,761	67 986 11,707

Table 1.—U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$250 Million or More: Controlled Foreign Corporation Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions and Subpart F Income, by Selected Industry of U.S. Corporation and Size of Total Assets of Controlled Foreign Corporation—Continued

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		{			Controlle	d Foreign Corpo	rations			
Selected industry of U.S. corporation filing return and size of total assets	Number of U.S. corporation	Number of	Total	Business	Current earnings	Foreign corp current earnin (+) befo	gs and profits	Foreign	Actual	Subpart F
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	returns	foreign corporations	assets	receipts	and profits (less deficit) before taxes	Current earnings and profits before taxes	Foreign income taxes (net)	income taxes (net)	in current year	income
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
inance, insurance and real estate—Continued										
Insurance	43	508	12,794,273	4,220,417	389,670	446,435	65,898	66,692	78.604	52,359
Assets zero or not reported		70	12,704,275	187,998	7,971	11.925	4,494	4,494	1.300	01,000
\$1 under \$1,000,000		210	46.275	54,792	2.861	6,795	1.743	1,771	1,270	1.827
\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000		110	448,217	315,176	27,745	35,937	10,164	9,800	2.211	3,199
\$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000		93	2,983,523	1.201.339	79,152	118,063	27,362	25,227	50,821	7,523
\$100,000,000 or more		25	9,316,257	2,461,113	271,940	273,715	22,136	25,400	23,002	39,810
Holding and other investment companies,					1					
except bank holding companies	13	382	4.366,132	4,263,824	209.824	241,206	55,487	52,913	87,498	21,625
Assets zero or not reported		37		793	- 308					
\$1 under \$1,000,000		213	34,902	38.527	- 2.215	2,267	520	1.066	651	79
\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000		84	261,290	464,038	9,946	22,517	7.682	6,421	4,558	325
\$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000		42	1,392,470	1,403,300	101,736	113,366	24,340	20,309	32,351	20,806
\$100,000,000 or more		6	2,677,470	2,357,167	100,664	103,056	22,945	25,116	49,938	416
ervices	62	1,255	6,204,392	4,096,183	399,478	557,259	159,460	165,056	164,313	72.302
Assets zero or not reported		256		86.374	20.541	25,381	2.304	2,299	346	14,997
\$1 under \$1,000.000		508	144.093	232,455	- 1,115	29,091	7,903	8,094	7,919	1,556
\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000		350	1,246,974	1.024.315	98,769	129,528	40,335	40,100	39,809	5,966
\$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000		136	3,592,456	2,504,208	212,381	304,356	96.843	102,489	46,239	33,238
\$100,000,000 or more		5	1,220,870	248,830	68,902	68,902	12,075	12,075	70,000	16,544
Business services	22	625	1,882,986	1,431,781	152,352	173,463	64,646	63,057	33,553	10,307
Assets zero or not reported		119		5,947	572	716	270	267	346	
\$1 under \$1,000,000		255	82,579	103,102	4,535	11,201	2,583	2,516	1,605	1,261
\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	15	205	713,185	564,442	51,617	61,490	22,564	21,225	20,290	2,439
\$10,000,000 under \$100,000,000		46	1,087,223	758,290	95,628	100,056	39,229	39,048	11,313	6,607
\$100,000,000 or more		-			- 1	I	1 -	· _	-	-

\* Data deleted to avoid disclosure of information for specific corporations. Note: Detail may not add to total because of rounding.

Table 2.—U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$250 Million or More: Controlled Foreign Corporation Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions and Subpart F Income, by Selected Industries of U.S. Corporation and Controlled Foreign Corporation

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		,			Controlle	ed Foreign Corpo	rations			
Selected industry of U.S. corporation filing the return and selected industry	Number of U.S. corporation		Total	Business	Current earnings	current earnin	orations with lgs and profits pre taxes	Foreign	Actual	Subpart F
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	returns	foreign corporations	assets	receipts	and profits (less deficit) before taxes	Current earnings and profits before taxes	Foreign income taxes (net)	income taxes · (net)	in current year	income
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	. (7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
All industries (U.S. parent)	1,103	27,008	595,406,489	624,529,988	48,591,785	57,469,606	19,888,594	19,663,431	17,429,494	4,420,024
Industry of Controlled Foreign Corporation	· · ·	· ·								
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	46	161	978,638	1,006,480	38,633	88,809	31,682	33,787	19,072	
Mining	123	821	25,901,284	19,534,830	6,564,057	7,263,299	4,016,773	4.021.775	2,088,531	151,36
Construction	51 571	396	4,778,866	5,840,113	431,745	561,290	164,504	165,775	171,063	14,10
Transportation and public utilities	156	7,259 626	219,484,327 16,223,121	341,427,774 10,011,858	23,123,025 641,795	27,510,932	9,923,041 232,909	9,686,985 226,388	7,396,511 537,151	845,68 158,42
Wholesale and retail trade	467	4,646	74,983,155	199,002,412	9,143,205	10,579,211	3,971,057	3,977,831	4,430,170	682,54
Finance, insurance and real estate	671	3,915	228,186,477	34,113,467	6,917,561	8,143,221	1,116,328	1,100,551	2,379,836	2,391,58
Services	399 133	2,571	19,436,781	12,937,029	1,658,857	1,900,428	414,495	432,473	395,550	175,61
Inactive	671	341 6,272	758,852 4,674,988	656,025	72,907	91,700	17,805	17,866	11,610	70
Aining (U.S. parent)	46	602	9,885,843	5,930,863	1,494,624	1,697,589	956,810	953,598	630,151	135,54
Industry of Controlled Foreign Corporation		· ·								
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	•		5 040 004							
Mining Construction	32 3	213 41	5,019,834 726,467	4,741,426 142,477	1,312,456 43,704	1,427,143 80,326	905,800 30,369	902,551 31,563	514,474 7,584	65,84
Manufacturing	13	33	290,937	306,793	11,761	32,934	8,934	8.526	19,041	. 72
Transportation and public utilities		22	201,502	121,237	20,974	26,203	303	- 994	45	1.04
Wholesale and retail trade	6 25	16	141,179	218,327	6,962	7,654	1,106	1,106	11,152	2.63
Services	. 9	58 55	2,152,116 588,416	204,659 187,215	73,416 25,140	78,552 43,836	5,421 4,877	5,561 <sup>°</sup> 5,285	76,456	43,84 21,44
Nature of business not allocable	Ĭ		*		20,140	40,000	4,077	3,203	. 1,005	21,44
Inactive	32	159	750.809_							
il and gas extraction (U.S. parent)	33	512	8,517,348	5,686,333	1,423,295	1,619,670	935,442	933,527	609,711	130,75
Industry of Controlled									- a	
Foreign Corporation Agriculture, forestry and fishing	•		•	• : •	•		•	-	•	• •
Mining	24	190	4,654,419	4,613,684	1,279,699	1,391,379	886,673	883,424	496,804	65,66
Construction	10	. 30	280,808	200 100	0.001				10.071	
Transportation and public utilities	.5	. 30	111,935	289,196 46,988	9,901 - 311	31,066 1,847	8,152 303	7,744	18,971	72
Wholesale and retail trade	5	15	133,964	217,668	6,290	6,981	1,106	1,106	11,152	2,06
Finance, insurance and real estate	17	44	1,972,296	181,352	58,596	63,304	3,962	4,103	73,801	39,87
Services	.8	54	587,614	186,240	25,130	43,826	4,877	5,285	1 399	21,44
Inactive	21	126	· <sup>·</sup> 35,381	-	-		· _	·. –		<u>.</u>
Construction (U.S. parent)	19	384	3,826,697	2,917,905	416,794	461,479	122,388	121,488	194,572	44,664
Industry of Controlled		,							:	
Foreign Corporation Agriculture, forestry and fishing										· · .
Mining	5	54	784,681	259,945	109,694	128,317	. 24,346	23,214	46,608	11,95
Construction	14	95	919,228	1,311,029	113,364	128,958	25,073	25,104	49,439	
Manufacturing	4	26	363,845	553,183	. 29,527	31,579	11,535	11,579	19,219	
Transportation and public utilities										
Finance, insurance and real estate	8	27	958,824	115,307	37,750	44,036	5,320	5,387	20,350	21,970
Services	8	49	439,054	230,400	100,873	101,693	40,481	40,582	50,091	9,96
Nature of business not allocable	12	110	• 36,915	•.	•	· ·	•		· _	
lanufacturing (U.S. parent)	581	18,805	390,581,396	500,334,516	40,379,971	47,969,980	17,109,507	16,839,916	14,904,646	3,374,696
Industry of Controlled	301	10,000			-0,010,011	41,503,500	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10,009,910	, -, -, -, 0 - 0	3,514,090
Foreign Corporation	· .							÷	- · ·	
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	32	111	635,223	616,541	32,594	62,070	22,428	23,036	14,002	-
Mining Construction	64 , 28	448 198	17,279,446 2,795,010	12,222,001 4.040.002	4,937,904 279,970	5,456,110 340,439	3,027,421 106,438	3,034,513 106,361	1,478,575 113,987	33,418 13,338
Manufacturing	496	6,686	210,635,491	327,901,939	22,592,038	26,749,926	9,691,368	9,453,536	7,169,747	838,37
Transportation and public utilities	72	260	9,347,807	4,962,562	164,113	779,909	80,797	72,545	485,642	125,08
Wholesale and retail trade	344	3,767	56,265,475	129,396,250	7,684,709	8,931,367	3,604,990	3.593,148	3,932,747	612,042
Finance, insurance and real estate	339 230	1,826	81,658,613	13,202,523	3,656,892 982,706	4,468,976	394,693	368,552	1,470,747	1,664,21
Nature of business not allocable	230 91	1,223	9,827,041 408,844	7,803,206 189,493	49,044	1,116,275 64,908	178,070 3,300	184,862 3,363	236,810 2,389	87,522
Inactive	388	4,031	1,728,447	, 105, 455 र		01,000	0,000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	. 2,000	. 02

Footnotes at end of table.

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Table 2.—U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$250 Million or More: Controlled Foreign Corporation Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions and Subpart F Income, by Selected Industries of U.S. Corporation and Controlled Foreign Corporation—Continued

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		L			Controlle	ed Foreign Corpo	rations	<del>1</del>		
Selected industry of U.S. corporation filing the return and selected industry	Number of U.S. corporation	Number of	Total	Business	Current earnings	Foreign corp current earnin (+) befo		Foreign	Actual	Subpart F
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	returns	foreign corporations	assets	receipts	and profits (less deficit) before taxes	Current earnings and profits before taxes	Foreign income taxes (net)	income taxes (net)	distributions	income
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Manufacturing—Continued										
Food and kindred products (U.S. parent)	43	1,831	22,565,728	31,414,654	2,714,895	3,050,716	791,131	776,935	960,637	270,378
Industry of Controlled										
Foreign Corporation										
Agriculture, forestry and fishing		54	298,194	289,924	- 8,293	15,462	5,147	5,195	1,967	-
Mining Construction										
Manufacturing		673	14,607,295	25,572,986	1,918,394	2,129,938	688,523	685,487	600,486	76,653
Transportation and public utilities		23	171,440	165,689	15,490	17,743	1,995	1,990	7,532	3,78
Wholesale and retail trade	28	288	1,871,291	4,248,725	188,932	223,263	70,252	68,212		29,206
Finance, insurance and real estate		175	4,811,333	757,287	366,278	426,341	21,150	11,054		145,720
Services		103	392,905	364,688	205,032	207,821	3,680	4,593	46,501	15,019
Nature of business not allocable	31	465	340,738	· _	_		_		_	
			0.000							
Chemicals and allied products (U.S. parent)	72	3,940	58,528,756	60,877,842	6,539,859	7,382,393	2,473,937	2,453,161	2,100,613	813,540
Industry of Controlled					1					
Foreign Corporation										
Agriculture, forestry and fishing		27	100,488	76,367	15,949	18,477	9,209	9,752		0.740
Mining		53	2,559,384	1,777,493	1,170,623	1,202,367	737,557	737,731	509,229	3,748
Construction		1.632	37.611.807	45,133,605	4,211,951	4,733,368	1,449,549	1,442,198	1.254.218	276,979
Transportation and public utilities		27	975,860	629,112	- 99,953	9,358	- 2,951	- 13,638		550
Wholesale and retail trade		770	5,464,570	11,301,447	523,864	628,783	206,822	203,322		130,40
Finance, insurance and real estate		353	10,815,699	1,495,504	678,039	734,691	59,262	60,777		394,348
Services		161	594,210	153,519	30,429	44,633	10,598	9,712	13,928	7,510
Nature of business not allocable		863	249,888	_	_	_	_	_		_
Inactive	. 00	000	249,000	-	_			1		
Petroleum (including integrated) and coal products	05	1 000	00.004.004	170 001 100	10.010.000	10 500 050	6 709 027	6,507,866	6 124 262	707,290
(U.S. parent)	. 35	1,932	99,994,391	173,001,490	12,612,098	15,588,956	6,708,937	6,307,000	0,134,303	707,290
Industry of Controlled										
Foreign Corporation Agriculture, forestry and fishing	3	4	17,717	3,281	- 581	939	145	163	30	-
Mining		271	12,578,869	9,697,332	3,784,806	4,201,311	2,272,745	2,276,963	956,948	25,851
Construction	. 4	13	435,657	1,083,196	26,913	27,142	9,012	9,012		7,763
Manufacturing		326	32,613,502	76,818,658	2,634,506	3,708,924	1,569,086	1,363,453		93,578
Transportation and public utilities		112	6,723,851	2,927,767	130,029	603,786	58,697	60,229 2,740,439		60,168 217,341
Wholesale and retail trade		475 204	26,465,364 19,875,856	79,961,314 2,271,174	5,439,453 586,917	6,051,965 981,180	2,742,609 54,598	2,740,439		301,720
Services		72	866,403	227,087	10,648	13,589	2,031	2,512		861
Nature of business not allocable		24	24,716	11,679	- 592	119	14	12	- 1	10
Inactive	27	431	392,457	-	-	-	_	·	-	-
	40	1,033	14,034,236	10,486,406	332,153	771,022	168,394	134,945	103 123	126,111
Primary metal industries (U.S. parent)	40	1,035	14,034,230	10,400,400	332,133	//1,022	100,034	104,840	100,120	120,11
Industry of Controlled Foreign Corporation										
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	.	•	•		•		•	*	·	
Mining		48	1,100,155	332,467	- 9,149	13,133	2,717	1,777	7,300	-
Construction	. •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Manufacturing		330	6,609,777	7,454,065	193,252	466,904	137,711	106,306		500 39,440
Transportation and public utilities		20 114	316,365 725,969	218,534 1,199,414	9,080 29,663	26,149 47,303	2,207 12,004	2,316 13,766		10,39
Wholesale and retail trade		164	4,597,138	934,333	103,061	196,750	11,853	8,562		75,55
Services	1	55	520,519	315,050	6,691	18,502	1,190	1,506		21
Nature of business not allocable	. 6	22	63,286	30,459	1,350	2,256	712	712	-	
Inactive	. 23	274	93,477		-			-	-	-
Achinery, except electrical (U.S. parent)	68	1,950	51,882,026	50,103,336	7,430,539	7,989,513	3,045,754	3,020,664	1,883,219	481,38
Industry of Controlled	1 -							1		
Foreign Corporation	1						1			
Agriculture, forestry and fishing		•	· ·	· ·		•	•	•		. '
Mining	. 5	42	333,092	313,087	748	19,665	8,325	8,260	4,509	50
Construction		8	82,492	64,204	23,039	23,059	1,995	1,995	1,451	3,27
Manufacturing		702	33,636,239	36,833,682	6,165,443	6,445,916	2,773,899	2,764,014	1,559,862	172,91
Transportation and public utilities		469	8,250,227	9,845,001	490,672	683,638	160,496	150,929	66,328	100,568
Finance, insurance and real estate		168	7,143,442	1,207,273	500,854	519,993	76,074	72,784	227,389	183,852
Services		156	2,288,405	1,795,401	250,437	296,950	24,915	22,628	23,679	20,70
Nature of business not allocable		· ·	•	•	· ·	· ·	l •	1 .	· ·	
Inactive	. 45	390	107,628		-		-			

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 2.—U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$250 Million or More: Controlled Foreign Corporation Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions and Subpart F.Income, by Selected Industries of U.S. Corporation and Controlled Foreign Corporation—Continued

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	· • •	<u> </u>	-	••••••••	Controlle	ed Foreign Corpo	orations			
Selected industry of U.S. corporation filing the return and selected industry	Number of U.S. corporation	Number of	Total	Business	Current earnings	current earnin	porations with ngs and profits pre taxes	Foreign	Actual distributions	Subpart F
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	returns	foreign corporations	assets	receipts	and profits (less deficit) before taxes	Current earnings and profits before taxes	Foreign income taxes (net)	income taxes (net)	in current year	income
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Aanufacturing—Continued		•	· · · · ·				· · ·		1	·
Electrical and electronic equipment (U.S. parent)	70	· 2,270	37,641,993	39,205,015	2,701,272	3,255,924	733,755	721,578	838,293	223,498
Industry of Controlled	·	•	-	-					at	
Foreign Corporation			· .						•	
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	•									
Construction		17 22	303,224 1,024,842	30,498 636,785	- 5,363 10,435	11,160 38,165	3,323 7,273	6,503 7,418	205 15,145	3 007
Manufacturing		786	18,896,896	28,301,544	1,658,208	2,021,208	514,847	503,048	540,274	51,867
Transportation and public utilities		· 27	747,080	740,031	78,907	80,275	17,655	17,655	22,245	5,904
Wholesale and retail trade	45	. 459	3,065,908	5,188,376	301,292	361,192	111,577	111,256	53,634	13,988
Finance, insurance and real estate	29 22	270 222	11,565,042	2,088,276	502,378	565,542	35,924	33,151	178,948	137,405
Nature of business not allocable	•	222	1,585,688	2,117,793	165,952	177,011	42,945	42,330	26,129	10,537
Inactive	.44	428	325,924	-	·	· · _	_	_	·	- en 44
				1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•		
Notor vehicles and equipment (U.S. parent)	20	925	47,132,506	70,477,798	2,430,468	3,550,208	1,223,562	1,252,124	993,079	269,493
Industry of Controlled Foreign Corporation							•	4		
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	_	_		_	_	· · · _				
Mining	•	-			-		_	-		
Construction	-	<del></del>		:		· _ ·		·		· · · · · · -
Manufacturing	19	247	29,606,718	61,223,157	1,868,236	2,847,322	1,100,282	1,134,063	882,288	20,883
Transportation and public utilities	3	14	72,640	25,757	- 540	1,105	273	1,101		
Wholesale and retail trade	· 10 13	313 137	2,437,901 14,511,017	6,066,726 3,007,099	118,139 406,362	173,080 488,108	44,298 74,103	45,852 66,219	35,304	27,415 216,891
Services	10	38	424,247	148,287	35,859	38,181	3,818	4,101	71,538	3,656
Nature of business not allocable	<b>.</b>	<b>,</b>		*			3,010		*	0,000
Inactive	15	170	45,419	)	_ ·	·		· · · -	— .	, <sup>1</sup> –
						``````````````````````````````````````		· · ·		
nstruments and related products (U.S. parent)	23	807	11,513,591	15,490,503	1,270,096	1,437,020	466,927	476,545	344,585	155,856
Industry of Controlled								5 1 A.		
Foreign Corporation Agriculture, forestry and fishing	•	• -	•	· ·	• i				· · · ·	
Mining	_	_		· _	·	_	· _	<u> </u>	· _	· · _
Construction	•	•	• •	•	•	•	· · · •	•	1 . <b>.</b>	
Manufacturing	21	321	6,803,466	9,254,057	977,049	1,056,061	343,651	342,134	263,613	81,443
Transportation and public utilities	15	253	3 931 705	5 709 450	040.016	214 202	110.000	110.000		54 001
Finance, insurance and real estate	-15	33	3,831,795 550,832	5,728,459 69,912	240,216 42,435	314,392 44,474	110,999 1,401	113,063 1,201	66,564 12,350	54,931 19,471
Services	7	38	170,094	298,073	1,278	10,731	5,127	14,376	1,048	10,471
Nature of business not allocable	•			•***		*	•	•	•	
Inactive	19	127	24,185	- '	· ·	v (v → ),	<u> </u>	· · ·	· · —	
ransportation and public utilities		4		· · · ·				1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994 -		s 12 S
(U.S. parent)	106	1,508	25,021,612	14,153,603	1,299,298	1,572,265	357,612	360,756	297,736	334,528
Industry of Controlled		.,			.,,			000,700	101,100	001,010
Foreign Corporation								1		1971 - 1980 - 19 19
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1* 1		•	•	•		1 1 1 1 1	•	•	•
Mining	15	63	2,337,056	2,199,681	219,499	245,508	53,450	55,995	48,875	39,797
Construction	3 19	52 249	309,069	331,942	1,422	8,254	2,617	2,709	53	
Transportation and public utilities	46	230	3,417,558 5,605,599	4,123,061 4,495,787	220,193 396,215	293,695 435,948	86,964 130,387	85,996 133,217	66,037 50,843	5,112 9,421
Wholesale and retail trade	13	146	792,255	994,733	12,308	61,618	13,638	12,326	22,718	2,855
Finance, insurance and real estate	67	199	10,835,990	1,278,569	376,172	429,626	46,296	46,496	92,180	276,303
Services	35	162	1,398,574	728,479	79,576	97,440	24,216	23,968	16,337	1,041
Nature of business not allocable	54	379	278,115	∧. (∆_					··. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	~	. 318	2/6,115	·	. –	_		-		
holesale and retail trade (U.S. parent)	116	1,404	32,358,191	72,992,450	1,831,937	2,120,430	487,710	518,299	559,330	215,031
Industry of Controlled	2 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	· · · · .	# <sup>1</sup>			11.11				
Foreign Corporation					,		1 A A	1 - <b>1</b> - 1 - 1	•	. •
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	4	11	55,647	249,110	- 4,837	233		1,474	108	·
Mining Construction	4	16	210,977	90,395	- 5,660	. 3,313	4,571	4,091	—	347
Manufacturing	20	76	2,117,538	4,244,541	141,488	167,938	61,356	63.050	24,231	1,468
Transportation and public utilities	13	34	165,832	13,616	- 7,810	12,676	654	616	161	1,354
Wholesale and retail trade	76	585	17,104,187	66,413,414	1,362,059	1,482,147	324,146	346,212	376,123	65,008
Finance, insurance and real estate	53	186	12,033,030	1,583,399	313,850	411,036	87,133	87,883	154,155	145,662
Services	26	124	507,065	393,145	32,768	42,905	9,887	15,011	4,554	1,193
Inactive	65	358	150,649			_			_	_
							_		· · ·	

Footnotes at end of table.

# Table 2.—U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$250 Million or More: Controlled Foreign Corporation Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions and Subpart F Income, by Selected Industries of U.S. Corporation and Controlled Foreign Corporation—Continued

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Controlled Foreign Corporations									
Selected industry of U.S. corporation filing the return and selected industry	Number of U.S. corporation	Number of	Total	Business	Current earnings	current earnir	orations with Igs and profits Ire taxes	Foreign	Actual distributions	Subpart F
of Controlled Foreign Corporation	returns	foreign corporations	assets	receipts	and profits (less deficit) before taxes	Current earnings and profits before taxes	Foreign income taxes (net)	income taxes (net)	in current year	income
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Finance, insurance and real estate										
(U.S. parent)	169	2,934	126,591,844	23,001,761	2,730,451	3,030,724	675,064	682,550	660,896	242,087
Industry of Controlled Foreign Corporation	1									
Agriculture, forestry and fishing			•			.		•		
Mining	· ·	•	*	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Construction	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	_	-
Manufacturing	13	104	1,940,558	3,301,29	189,477	204,484	52,381	50,738	86,353	(1)
Transportation and public utilities		18 86	280,382	93,133	23,183	23,832	1,020	932		20,820
Wholesale and retail trade		1,553	396,148 118,814,266	1,278,719 17,513,831	29,803 2,385,410	39,370 2,630,649	11,578 571,102	8,250 581,428	14,096 540,812	206,688
Services	44	254	3,297,343	764,696	113,158	128,553	38,239	40,233	19,613	14,579
Nature of business not allocable	10	18	25,821	25,462	- 523	597	269	268	21	
Inactive	77	872	1,581,626		-	-	-	-	_	-
Banking (U.S. parent)	59	1,066	86,236,101	10,870,837	1,510,715	1,605,013	395,072	396,038	335,258	122,483
Industry of Controlled Foreign Corporation										
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Mining	- 1	_	-	-	-		_	-		
Construction		-	-	-		-	_		-	-
Manufacturing		*	· · ·	•	•	•	•	•	•	· ·
Transportation and public utilities	3	8	10,803	15	- 169	403	185	98	-	· -
Wholesale and retail trade	54	632	83,490,053	10,795,206	1,480,689	1,570,536	385,338	385,365	334,633	116.614
Services	23	107	1,436,249	61,996	28,642	31,277	8,997	10,043	625	5,869
Nature of business not allocable		*	1,430,243	01,550	*	51,277	*	10,040		
Inactive	28	298	1,214,232	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
nsurance (U.S. parent)	43	508	12,794,273	4,220,417	389,670	446,435	65,898	66,692	78,604	52,359
Industry of Controlled Foreign Corporation										
Agriculture, forestry and fishing		•	•	· ·	· ·	· ·	•	· ·	•	l .
Mining	-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-
Construction	-		467.610		45.044		10.000	10.051		-
Manufacturing		37	467,618	567,886	45,841	53,070	19,002	18,851	29,552	-
Wholesale and retail trade		16	36,627	67,668	3,254	3,997	1,701	1,701	1,047	-
Finance, insurance and real estate		293	12,181,432	3,456,765	337,611	377,619	42,799	43,750	41,604	52,359
Services		44	67,312	102,348	3,519	11,149	2,123	2,123	6,401	- 1
Nature of business not allocable		8.	15,817	25,401	- 496	582	266	260	-	-
Inactive	18	106	24,763	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Services (U.S. parent)	62	1,255	6,204,392	4,096,183	399,478	557,259	159,460	165,056	164,313	72,302
Industry of Controlled Foreign Corporation										
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-	-	-				-	-	-	-
Construction		•	•	•		•	•	· ·	•	.
Manufacturing		49	316,232	451,253	- 71,926	15,638	4,518	7,652	3,696	_
Transportation and public utilities	6	51	488,333	306,119	44,924	46,958	18,187	18,025	460	700
Wholesale and retail trade		30	195,020	284,902	38,053	45,010	11,276	11,180	72,975	í –
Finance, insurance and real estate		61	1,708,273	210,716	70,087	76,116	6,329	5,210	20,435	31,733
Services		702	3,307,075	2,829,539	323,648	368,738	118,441	122,248	66,746	39,869
Nature of business not allocable	7	13 339	. 399 144,893	_	325	404	-			-

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Less than \$500.
 Data deleted to avoid disclosure of information for specific corporations.
 Note: Detail may not add to total because of rounding and because agriculture, forestry and fishing is not shown for U.S. parent corporations.

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Table 3.—U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$250 Million or More: Controlled Foreign Corporation Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income and Selected Transactions, by Selected Industry of Controlled Foreign Corporation . . . . \_ . \_

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]	T								
	1 A A				Controlled Fore	ign Corporations			
Selected industry of Controlled Foreign Corporation	Number of U.S. corporation	Number of foreign	Total	Business	Current earnings and profits	Foreign income	Actual distributions in	Subpart F	Selected receipts by foreign corpo-
	returns	corporations	assets	receipts	(less deficit) before taxes	taxes (net)	current year	income	All related
	· · ·	· · ,		_	-		· · ·		persons
	(1)	(2)	(3).	(4)	. (5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
All industries, total	1,103	27,008	595,406,489	624,529,988	48,591,785	19,663,431	17,429,494	4,420,024	83,528,175
griculture, forestry and fishing	46	161	978,638	1,006,480	38,633	33,787	19,072		67,846
lining		821	25,901,284		a 6,564,057	4,021,775	2,088,531	151,361	2,407,93
Oil and gas extraction		602	21,603,663	- 17,782,883	6,438,111	3,928,638	1,902,075	150,624	2,210,309
Construction		396 .	4,778,866	5,840,113	431,745	165,775	171,063	14,108	499,87
lanufacturing		7,259	219,484,327			9,686,985	7,396,511	845,682	46,928,489
Food and kindred products	68 128	650 1,698	16,138,241 39,610,381			738,296	653,107 1,276,286	72,399 335,335	732,39
Petroleum (including integrated) and coal products .	24	125	31,595,723	76,285,946	2,440,693	1,274,757	962,208	60,719	8,976,00
Fabricated metal products	122 131	581. 782	6,178,961 29,499,003	8,082,133	625,777 5,546,221	270,682 2,575,740	338,710	25,534	308,85
Electrical and electronic equipment	127	934	24,238,530	34,057,306		686,518	555,832	69,518	6,516,44
Motor vehicles and equipment	39	249	29,756,928	61,429,201	1,737,388	1,059,071	878,329	20,489	18,954,00
ransportation and public utilities	156	626	16,223,121		641,795	226,388	537,151	158,425	1,880,031
Water transportation	75	261	6,959,562	3,021,868	- 65,842	17,905	334,716	147,880	1,493,333
/holesale and retail trade	467	4,646	74,983,155			3,977,831	4,430,170	682,542	18,363,614
Wholesale trade	410	3,750	62,607,143		8,320,183	3,715,665	4,247,344	636,362	17,942,644
Inance, insurance and real estate		3,915	228,186,477		6,917,561	1,100,551	2,379,836	2,391,587	10,931,629
Banking Credit agencies other than banks	68 185	322 710	66,304,143 59,364,705		807,198 1,720,824	203,329 360,358	224,415 371,598	59,202	1,181,654
Insurance		531	23,623,480		1,059,011	65,850	304,532	860,046 329,057	1,364,624
Holding and other investment companies, except bank holding companies	402		61,087,974	8,204,989			1-070-407		
ervices	399	2,571			2,787,916	309,936	1,370,437	1,072,009	4,845,629
	. 399	. 2,5/1	19,436,781		<b>1,658,857</b> 743,787	432,473	395,550	175,611	2,369,132
Business services	270	1 374	6 044 019						
Business services	270	1,374	6,944,018			204,742	161,286	61,584	· · · · · ·
ature of business not allocable	133	341	758,852	656,025	72,907	17,866	11,610	709	· · · · · ·
ature of business not allocable		· · · ·	758,852 4,674,988	656,025 — Controll		17,866 — ons—Continued	11,610 —		79,626 
lature of business not allocable	133	341 6,272	758,852 4,674,988 Sele xporation filing r	656,025 — Controil cted receipts by fore	72,907 — ed Foreign Corporati	17,866 	11,610	709	79,626
lature of business not allocable	133	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its	758,852 4,674,988 Sele Seporation filing r domestic subsid	656,025 Controll cted receipts by fore sturn aries	72,907 ed Foreign Corporati	17,866 	11,610 	709 —	79,626 Selected payments by foreign corporations to All
lature of business not allocable	133 671	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its Sales stoc	758,852 4,674,988 Selector orporation filing r domestic subsid of Compris	656,025 — Controll cted receipts by fore atum aries insation Interes rents	72,907 eed Foreign Corporations from ign corporations from	17,866 	11,610	709 –	79,626 
lature of business not allocable	133	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its Sales	758,852 4,674,989 Selector comportation filing r domestic subsidies to of Compute k comport	656,025 Controll cted receipts by fore sturn aries insation Interes red for rents and roya	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations ign corporations from it, it, ities Total	17,866 	11,610 	709 – vy Interest, and royalties	79,626 Selected payments by foreign corporations to All related
ature of business not allocable	133 671 Total	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its Sales stoc in trad	758,852 4,674,989 Sele propration filing r domestic subsid of Compr k cer e ser	656,025 Controll cted receipts by fore sturn aries insation tain receive tain receive	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations ign corporations from st, titles td	17,866 	11,610 	709 	Selected payments by foreign corporations to All related persons
ature of business not allocable	133 671 Total (10)	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its Sales stoc in trad (11)	758,852 4,674,989 Sele proporation filing r domestic subsid of Compr k cei e ser ) (	eturn aries ansation tices receipts by fore eturn aries ansation tices receiv 2) (13)	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations ign corporations from it, it, it, it, it, it, it, it,	17,866 	11,610 	709 	All related persons (18)
ature of business not allocable	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58	341 6,272 U.S. oc and its Sales stoc in trad (11) 2 54,859	758,852 4,674,988 Sele proporation filing r domestic subsidi of Comp receir cea e ser ) (() ,629 4,20	Controll cted receipts by fore atum aries statin receive ced for cted receipts by fore receive and roya receive 2) (13) 8,307 7,207,5	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations ign corporations from it, tities Total od (14) 192 14,648,044	17,866 	11,610 	709 	All related persons (18) 112,600,816
ature of business not allocable active Selected industry of Controlled Foreign Corporation All Industries, total griculture, forestry and fishing	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad (11) 2 54,859 0 57	758,852 4,674,988 Sele proporation filing r domestic subsid of Compy receir ce e sen ) ( () ,629 4,20	Controll cted receipts by fore atum aries insation preceive cel for receive cel for for for for for for for for for for	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations ign corporations from tt, ttigs Total ign (14) 192 14,648,044 - 5,796	17,866 	11,610 	709 	All related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764
ature of business not allocable active Selected industry of Controlled Foreign Corporation All Industries, total griculture, forestry and fishing	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its Sales stoc in trad (11) 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699	758,852 4,674,988 Sele proporation filing r domestic subsidi of Comp receir cea ser ) (() ,629 4,20 ,319 ,925 3	Controll cted receipts by fore atum aries stum (ces) receive and roya receive (ces) receive (ces) re	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations ign corporations from it, tities rotal ed (14) 192 14,648,044 	17,866 	11,610 	709 	All related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,636
ature of business not allocable	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,61	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad (11) 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538	758,852 4,674,988 Selector proporation filing r domestic subsid of Competi- receir cer e sen ) (() ,629 4,20 ,319 ,925 3 ,824 3	Controll cted receipts by fore atum aries insation pices for and roya receive 2) (13) 8,307 7,207,3 4,531 8,696 50,5	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations ign corporations from tt, ttigs Total d (14) 192 14,648,044 - 5,796 85 599,010 72 565,544	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,626 Selected payments by foreign corporations tr All related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,636 3,075,326
ature of business not allocable	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,61 270,350	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad (11 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106	758,852 4,674,988 Selector orporation filing r domestic subsid of Computer services e services (c) (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2	656,025	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations from ign corporations from ed. tign corporation ed. tign corporation ed.	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,622 Selected payments by foreign corporations tr related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,636 3,075,326 727,907
ature of business not allocable	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,61 270,35 41,792,13	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad (11) 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408	758,852 4,674,988 Selector proporation filing r domestic subsid of Competi- receir cer e ser 0) (() ,629 4,20 ,319 ,925 3 ,824 3 ,679 14 ,864 2,31	656,025	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations from ign corporations from it, tites Total 20 14,648,044 - 5,796 85 599,010 72 565,544 07 228,250 5,018,855	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,626 Selected payments by foreign corporations tr All related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,636 3,075,326 727,907 66,199,030
ature of business not allocable	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,61 270,350	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad (11) 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 447	758,852 4,674,988 Sele proporation filing r domestic subsid of Compy k recei ce e ser ) (() ,629 4,20 ,319 ,925 3 ,824 3 ,679 14 ,864 2,31 ,446 1	656,025	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations from ign corporations from it, trites (14) 14,648,044 - 5,796 14,648,044 - 5,796 14,548,044 - 5,796 14,548,044 - 5,599,010 72 565,544 5,018,855 36 230,126	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,622 Selected payments. by foreign corporations to All related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,636 3,075,326 727,907 66,199,030 1,742,706
active	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,61 270,35 41,792,13 502,26 1,955,63 7,605,28	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad (111 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 7,459	758,852 4,674,988 Sele proporation filing r domestic subsid of Competi- e ser ) (() ,629 4,20 ,319 ,925 3 ,824 3 ,879 14 ,864 2,31 ,446 1 ,053 11	656,025	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations from ign corporations from it, thes (14) 192 14,648,044 - 5,796 14,648,044 - 5,796 - 5,544 - 5,018,855 - 5,018,856 - 5,018,186 -	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,622 Selected payments. by foreign corporations to All related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,632 3,075,326 727,907 66,199,030 1,742,706 7,427,506
All Industries, total	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,611 270,350 41,792,133 502,26 1,955,633 7,605,283 160,26	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its Sales stoc in trad (11) 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 7,459	758,852 4,674,988 Sele orporation filing r domestic subsidi domestic subsidi domestic subsidi domestic subsidi recei e ser e ser ) (( ,629 4,20 ,319 ,925 3 ,824 3 ,824 3 ,824 3 ,824 14 ,864 2,311 ,446 1 ,569 7 ,185 7	656,025	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations from ign corporations from it, ities (14) 192 14,648,044 - 5,794 85 599,010 72 565,544 07 228,250 154 5,018,855 36 230,122 80 967,477 81 1,347,248 37 146,742	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,622 Selected payments by foreign corporations tr related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,636 3,075,328 7427,506 1,742,706 7,422,706 1,4016,938 982,914
All Industries, total	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,61 270,35 41,792,13 502,26 1,955,63 7,605,28	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad (11) 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 37,407 5 38,408 5 5 7,459 5 5 7,459 5 5 7,459 5 5 7,459 5 5 7,459 5 5 7,459 5 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459 7,459	758,852 4,674,988 Selector orporation filing r domestic subsid of Competic service e Service e S	656,025	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations ign corporations from d, thies Total d (14) 192 14,648,044 - 5796 599,010 72 565,544 5018,855 599,010 72 565,544 5018,855 599,010 72 565,544 5018,855 599,010 72 565,544 5018,855 599,010 72 565,544 5018,655 73 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,622 Selected payments by foreign corporations tr related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,636 3,075,326 727,907 66,199,030 1,742,706 7,427,506 14,016,938 982,914 9,039,184
All Industries, total	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,61 270,35 41,792,13 502,26 1,955,63 1,955,63 7,605,28 160,26 3,842,36	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad (111 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 7,459 1 366 5 2,786 5 2,786	758,852 4,674,988 Sele proporation filing r domestic subsid of Competi- e ser ) (() ,629 4,20 ,319 ,925 3 ,824 3 ,679 14 ,864 2,31 ,446 1 ,053 11 ,569 7 ,185 7 ,185 7 ,185 7 ,107 90	656,025	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations from ign corporations from it, trities (14) 192 14,648,044 - 5,796 14,648,044 - 5,796 14,648,044 - 5,796 14,648,044 - 5,796 14,648,044 - 282,256 54 599,010 72 565,544 5,018,855 136 230,126 80 967,475 81 1,347,245 37 146,742 14,520,125 84 596,374	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,622 Selected payments. by foreign corporations to All related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,632 3,075,328 727,907 66,199,030 1,742,706 7,427,506 14,016,938 982,914 9,039,184 7,057,575
All Industries, total	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,61 270,35 41,792,13 502,26 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,602,28 1,602,63 3,842,36 5,880,04	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad (111 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 7,459 1 366 5 2,786 5 2,786 6 2,7750	758,852 4,674,988 Sele proporation filing r domestic subsid of Competi- e Ser ) (() ,629 4,20 ,319 ,925 3 ,824 3 ,679 14 ,864 2,31 ,446 1 ,053 11 ,569 7 ,185 9 ,077 90 ,107 57 ,658 29	656,025	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations from ign corporations from it, thes (14) 192 14,648,044 - 5,796 14,648,044 - 5,796 14,648,044 - 5,796 14,648,044 - 5,796 14,648,044 - 14,648,044 - 5,796 - 14,648,044 - 14,648,0	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,626 Selected payments by foreign corporations to All related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,636 3,075,326 727,907 66,199,030 1,742,706 7,427,506 14,016,938 982,914 9,039,184 7,057,579 18,760,225
All Industries, total	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,61 270,35 41,792,13 502,26 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,602,28 1,602,26 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,602,28 1,602,28 1,955,63 1,802,64 2,800,04 1,814,22	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad (111 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 7,459 1 36 5 2,786 5 2,786 5 2,785 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 7,459 5 7,459 5 7,459 5 7,459 5 38,408 5 447 3 393, 6 393,	758,852 4,674,988 Sele proporation filing r domestic subsid of Competi- e ser ) (() ,629 4,20 ,319 ,925 3 ,824 3 ,679 14 ,864 2,31 ,446 1 ,053 11 ,569 7 ,185 7 ,185 29 ,077 90 ,107 57 ,658 29 ,718 41	656,025	72,907 ed Foreign Corporati ign corporations from it, it, it, 14,648,044 - 5,796 14,648,044 - 5,796 14,648,044 - 5,55,544 07 228,250 154 5,018,855 136 230,122 146,742 146,742 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747 146,747	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,626 Selected payments. by foreign corporations to All related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,636 3,075,326 727,907 66,199,030 1,742,706 7,427,506 14,016,938 982,914 9039,184 7,057,579 18,760,225 1,587,084
All Industries, total	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,61 270,35 41,792,13 502,26 1,955,63 7,605,28 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 3,842,36 160,26 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,363,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,363,842,36 3,842,36 3,842,363,363,363,36 3,842,36,363,363,363,36 3,963,36	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its Sales stoc in trad (11 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 7,459 136 5 2,786 5 2,786 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 3,7459 136 5 3,7459 1,569 5 3,7459 136 5 3,7459 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 136 3,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,345 14,3	758,852 4,674,988 Sele orporation filing r domestic subsid of Competi- e ser ) ( (,629 4,20 ,319 , 925 3 ,824 3 ,825 3 ,824 3 ,111 ,559 7 ,185 3 ,197 3 ,824 3 ,824 3 ,111 3 ,825 3 ,111 3 ,826 3 ,229 3 ,239 3 ,239 3 ,239 3 ,239 3 ,239 3 ,239 3 ,339	656,025	72,907           ed Foreign Corporations from           ign corporations from           itit           ititit           ititit <td>17,866 </td> <td>11,610 </td> <td>709 </td> <td>79,626 Selected payments. by foreign corporations to All related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,636 3,075,326 727,907 66,199,030 1,742,706 7,427,506 14,016,938 982,914 9,039,184 7,057,579 18,760,225 1,587,084 1,192,496</td>	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,626 Selected payments. by foreign corporations to All related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,636 3,075,326 727,907 66,199,030 1,742,706 7,427,506 14,016,938 982,914 9,039,184 7,057,579 18,760,225 1,587,084 1,192,496
All Industries, total	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,607,58 1,643,61 270,35 41,792,13 502,26 1,955,63 7,605,28 1,60,26 3,842,36 1,955,63 7,605,28 1,60,26 3,842,36 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad (111 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 7,459 1 366 5 2,786 5 447 3 1,569 5 7,459 1 366 5 2,786 5 447 3 1,569 5 7,459 1 366 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 7,459 1 366 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 7,459 1 366 5 38,408 5 1,569 5 1,572 1 367 5 38,408 5 1,569 5 1,569 5 1,569 5 1,569 5 1,572 5 1,572 5 1,699 5 1,573 5 1,575 5 1,775 5 1,575 5 1,775 5 1,7755 5 1,7755 5 1,7755 5 1,77555 5 1,775	758,852 4,674,988 Sele proporation filing r domestic subsid of Competi- e ser ) (() ,629 4,20 ,319 ,925 3 ,824 3 ,679 14 ,864 2,311 ,569 7 ,185 1 ,077 90 ,107 57 ,658 29 ,718 41 ,369 32 ,289 33 ,695 32	656,025	72,907           ed Foreign Corporations from           ign corporations from           itt,           itties           (14)           192           14,648,044           -           5,796           85           599,010           72           56,544           07           228,250           36           37           146,742           36           37           146,742           14           500,963,747           84           506,374           22           809,436           00           587,304           52           505,092           32           3,665,761	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,622 Selected payments. by foreign corporations to All related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,636 3,075,322 727,907 66,199,030 1,742,706 7,427,706 14,016,938 982,914 9,039,184 7,057,577 18,760,225 1,587,084 1,192,496 29,854,152
All Industries, total	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,611 270,35 41,792,13 502,26 1,955,63 7,605,28 160,26 3,842,36 1,955,63 1,60,26 3,842,36 1,955,63 1,80,26 3,842,36 1,955,63 1,842,36 1,955,63 1,842,36 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its Sales stoc in trad (11 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 447 7 1,569 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 3,448 5 4,759 5 3,459 1 3,669 5 3,408 5 3,408 5 3,459 5 5 3,459 5 3,459 5 5 5 3,459 5 5 5 3,459 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	758,852 4,674,988 sele sporation filing r domestic subsid of Competi- e ser ) ( ,629 4,20 ,319 ,925 3 ,824 3 ,825 3 ,824 3 ,825 3 ,824 3 ,824 3 ,824 3 ,824 3 ,825 3 ,824 3 ,824 3 ,824 3 ,825 3 ,824 3 ,824 3 ,824 3 ,824 3 ,825 3 ,826 3 ,827 3 ,828 3 ,829 3 ,258 3 ,259 3 ,259 3 ,259 3 ,259 3 ,258 3 ,259	656,025	72,907           ed Foreign Corporations from           ign corporations from           ittics           11,000           11,000           11,000           11,000           11,000           12           14,648,044           -           5,796,010           72           565,544           007           228,250           154           5,018,855           336           336           336           336           336           230,122           84           506,374           22           809,436           00           587,304           52           505,092           32           3,665,761           17           3,525,626	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,622 Selected payments. by foreign corporations to All related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,636 3,075,322 727,907 66,199,03 1,742,706 7,427,706 7,427,706 7,427,706 14,016,938 982,914 9,039,184 7,057,575 18,760,225 1,587,084 1,192,496 29,654,152 28,424,067
All Industries, total         griculture, forestry and fishing         Ining         Oil and gas extraction         Sonstruction         Manufacturing         Food and kindred products         Chemicals and allied products         Petroleum (including integrated) and coal products         Pabricated metal products         Machinery, except electrical         Electrical and electronic equipment         Motor vehicles and equipment         Motor vehicles and erail trade         Wholesale trade         hance, Insurance and real estate	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,61 270,35 41,792,13 502,26 1,955,63 160,26 3,842,36 5,880,04 18,144,22 1,292,690 988,210 14,680,98 14,400,870 7,256,595 847,444	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad (11) 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 38,408 5 1,569 5 2,786 7 4,59 1 136 5 2,786 7 5,222 17,570 5 393, 0 328 4 13,934, 5 13,708 5 3,11	758,852 4,674,988 	656,025	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations from ign corporations from it, these (14) 192 14,648,044 (14) 192 14,648,044 (14) 192 14,648,044 (14) 192 14,648,044 (14) 192 14,648,044 5,796 85 599,010 72 565,544 07 228,256 136 230,122 80 967,476 81 1,347,246 37 146,742 146,742 14 520,125 80 967,476 81 1,347,246 37 146,742 14 520,125 84 596,374 17 3,526,722 21 3,525,626 81 327,193	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,626 Selected payments. by foreign corporations to related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,632 3,075,326 727,907 66,199,030 1,742,706 7,427,506 14,016,936 982,914 9,039,184 7,057,576 18,760,225 1,587,084 1,192,496 29,854,152 28,424,067 8,279,917 1,879,567
active         Selected industry of Controlled Foreign Corporation         All Industries, total         griculture, forestry and fishing         Ining         Oil and gas extraction         onstruction         Manufacturing         Food and kindred products         Chemicals and allied products         Petroleum (including integrated) and coal products         Fabricated metal products         Mathinery, except electrical         Electrical and electronic equipment         Motor vehicles and equipment         water transportation         holesale and retail trade         Wholesale trade         mance, Insurance and real estate         Barking         Credit agencies other than banks	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,611 270,35 41,792,13 502,26 1,955,63 7,605,28 160,26 3,842,36 1,955,63 1,60,26 3,842,36 1,955,63 1,80,26 3,842,36 1,955,63 1,842,36 1,955,63 1,842,36 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1,955,63 1	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad (111 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 7,459 1 366 5 38,408 5 447 3 1,569 5 7,459 1 366 5 2,766 5 2,766 5 2,766 5 2,766 5 3,7459 1 3,689 5 1,539 1 3,934, 3 1,3,708 5 53, 9 11	758,852 4,674,988 Sele corporation filing r domestic subsid of comp e ser ) (() ,629 4,20 ,319 ,925 3 ,824 3 ,679 14 ,864 2,31 ,824 3 ,679 14 ,864 2,31 ,107 90 ,107 90 ,107 90 ,107 57 ,658 29 ,718 41 ,369 32 ,289 33 ,695 32 ,258 155 ,503 2 3	656,025           Controli           cted receipts by fore           sturn arries           Insation red for tain           Interest rents and corrective           2)         (13)           8,307         7,207,3           4,531         3,459           3,459         14,9           2,009         593,0           4,630         8,2           3,574         202,5           7,339         '66,3           4,643         9,1           9,681         41,6           2,440         128,6           9,681         41,6           2,440         128,6           3,575         140,8           4,649         134,3           3,577         754,0           3,527         754,0           3,316         2,074,8	72,907 ed Foreign Corporations from ign corporations from it, trites (14) 192 14,648,044 - 5,796 14,648,044 - 5,796 - 5,018,855 - 36,544 - 5,018,856 - 36,544 - 35,544 - 35,544 - 35,544 - 35,544 - 35,544 - 35,544 - 35,544 - 35,544 - 35,544 - 35,55,544 - 35,55,544 - 35,55,544	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,622 Selected payments. by foreign corporations to All related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,636 3,075,326 727,907 66,199,030 1,742,706 7,427,506 14,016,938 982,914 9,039,184 7,057,579 18,760,225 1,587,084 1,192,496 29,854,152 28,424,067 8,279,917 1,879,587 2,377,659
All Industries, total	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,61 270,35 41,792,13 502,26 1,955,63 160,26 3,842,36 5,880,04 18,144,22 1,292,699 988,210 14,680,981 14,400,876 7,256,595 847,444 2,125,633 886,977	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad (11) 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 38,408 5 7,459 1 136 5 38,408 5 7,459 1 136 5 2,786 5 2,786 5 2,276 5 2,276 5 393, 0 328 447 3 1,569 5 1,59 1 3,59 4 4,75 1 3,69 5 1,59 1 3,59 5 1,59 1 3,59 5 1,59 1 3,59 5 1,59 5 1,59 5 1,59 5 1,59 5 1,59 5 1,59 6 1,59 5 1,59	758,852 4,674,988 Sele reporation filing r domestic subside e ser ) (( ,629 4,20 ,629 4,20 ,718 4,20 ,658 29 ,718 4,11 ,658 29 ,718 4,11 ,759 3,22 ,718 4,11 ,658 29 ,718 4,11 ,658 29 ,658 29	656,025	72,907           ed Foreign Corporations from           ign corporations from           itt,           itties           11,000           11,000           11,000           11,000           11,000           11,000           11,000           11,000           11,000           11,000           12,000           13,000           13,000           11,000           12,000           13,000           13,000           14,000           13,000           14,000           12,000           13,000           13,000           14,000           14,000           154           136,000           141,000           152           150,002           12           141,000           17,000           17,000           13,526,722           13,526,722           13,526,722           14,711,142           18           18,473,821	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,626 Selected payments. by foreign corporations to related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,636 3,075,326 727,907 66,199,030 1,742,706 7,427,506 7,427,506 14,016,936 982,914 9,039,184 7,057,576 18,760,225 1,587,084 1,192,496 29,854,152 28,424,067 8,279,917 1,879,587 2,377,659 586,445
All Industries, total	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,611 270,35 41,792,13 502,26 1,955,63 160,26 3,842,36 5,880,04 18,144,22 1,292,699 988,210 14,680,981 14,400,870 7,256,595 847,444 2,125,635 846,977 2,977,000	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad (11) 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 393, 13,708 5 33, 11,509 5 33, 11,509 5 35,508 5 34,508 5 35,508 5 38,508 5 33,508 5 35,508 5 36,508 5 36,508 5 37,508 5 37,509 5 37,509 5 37,509 5 37,509 5 38,508 5 5 38,508 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	758,852           4,674;988           solution filling r           domestic subsidie           comestic subsidie           solution filling r           domestic subsidie           solution filling r           solution filling	656,025	72,907           ed Foreign Corporations from           ign corporations from           itties           itties           (14)           192           14,648,044           -           5599,010           72           565,544           007           228,250           136           231           364           007           228,250           136           230,122           136           230,122           36           301           232           3,665,761           137           3,525,626           81           327,193           41           71,142           18           327,193           41           711,142           18           473,821           51           1,769,166	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,626 Selected payments. by foreign corporations to (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,636 3,075,328 7427,508 7,427,508 7,427,508 7,427,508 14,016,938 982,914 9,039,184 7,057,579 18,760,225 1,587,084 1,192,496 29,854,152 28,424,067 8,279,917 1,879,587 2,377,659 586,445 3,003,269
All Industries, total griculture, forestry and fishing lining Oil and gas extraction Oil and gas extraction onstruction Manufacturing Food and kindred products Chemicals and allied products Chemicals and allied products Petroleum (including integrated) and coal products Petroleum (including integrated) and coal products Petroleum (including integrated) and coal products Petroleum (including integrated) and coal products Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicles and retail trade Wholesale trade nance, Insurance and retal estate Banking Credit agencies other than banks Insurance Holding and other investment companies, except bank holding companies ervices	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,61 270,35 41,792,13 502,26 1,955,63 160,26 3,842,36 5,880,04 18,144,22 1,292,690 988,210 14,680,98 14,400,870 7,256,595 847,444 2,125,633 886,977 2,977,000 1,415,475	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad (11) 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 38,408 5 1,569 5 38,408 5 38,408 5 1,569 5 2,786 5 2,786 5 2,786 5 2,786 5 2,786 5 38,408 5 1,569 5 3,7459 1,368 5 3,7459 1,368 5 3,7459 1,368 5 3,7459 1,368 5 3,7459 1,369 5 3,7459 1,368 5 3,7459 1,378 5 3,378 5 3,378 5 3,378 5 3,378 5 3,378 5 3,378 5 3,408 5 3,378 5 3,408 5 3,378 5 3,3785 5 3,3785 5 3,	758,852 4,674,988 	656,025	72,907           ed Foreign Corporations from           ign corporations from           ithes           tit,           thes           11,648,044           -           599,010           72           72           72           72           72           72           74,648,044           -           772           72           72           746           707           728,250           736           736           746,742           80           967,476           81           1,347,246           7146,742           80           967,476           81           1,347,246           7           7           82           7           84           505,092           32           3,665,761           17           3,526,262           81           327,193           41           711,142 <td>17,866 </td> <td>11,610 </td> <td>709 </td> <td>79,626 Selected payments. by foreign corporations to related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,638 3,075,328 727,907 66,199,030 1,742,708 7,427,508 7,427,508 1,4016,938 9,92,914 9,039,184 7,057,579 18,760,225 1,587,084 1,192,496 29,854,152 28,424,067 8,279,917 1,879,587 2,377,659 586,445 3,003,269 2,471,087</td>	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,626 Selected payments. by foreign corporations to related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,638 3,075,328 727,907 66,199,030 1,742,708 7,427,508 7,427,508 1,4016,938 9,92,914 9,039,184 7,057,579 18,760,225 1,587,084 1,192,496 29,854,152 28,424,067 8,279,917 1,879,587 2,377,659 586,445 3,003,269 2,471,087
All Industries, total griculture, forestry and fishing lining Oil and gas extraction Oil and gas extraction Oil and gas extraction onstruction Manufacturing Food and kindred products Chemicals and allied products Chemicals and allied products Petroleum (including integrated) and coal products Petroleum (including integrated) and coal products Machinery, except electrical Electrical and electronic equipment Motor vehicles and equipment Motor vehicles and retail trade Wholesale trade mance, Insurance and real estate Banking Credit agencies other than banks Insurance Holding and other investment companies, except bank holding companies ervices Business services	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,61 270,35 41,792,13 502,26 1,955,63 160,26 3,842,36 5,880,04 18,144,22 1,292,699 988,210 14,680,981 14,400,870 7,256,595 847,444 2,125,633 886,977 2,977,000 1,415,478 921,156	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 38,408 5 38,408 5 38,408 5 38,408 5 1,569 5 2,786 5 2,786 5 2,786 5 2,786 5 2,786 5 393, 0 328 447 3 1,569 5 1,569 5 38,408 5 38,408 5 38,408 5 3,7,459 1 3,68 5 38,408 5 3,7,459 1 3,68 5 3,7,459 1 3,69 5 3,7,459 1 3,68 5 3,7,459 1 3,69 5 3,7,459 1 3,69 5 3,7,459 1 3,69 5 3,7,459 1 3,68 5 3,7,459 1 3,69 5 3,7,459 1 3,68 5 3,7,459 1 3,69 5 3,7,59 5 3,93,50 5 3,95,50 5 3,95,50 5 3,95,50 5 3,95,50 5 3,95,500 5 3,95,50000000000000000000000000000000000	758,852           4,674;988           sele           sere           orporation filing r           domestic subsidie           sere	656,025	72,907           ed Foreign Corporations from           ign corporations from           itties           itties </td <td>17,866 </td> <td>11,610 </td> <td>709 </td> <td><b>79,626</b> Selected payments, by foreign corporations to related persons <b>112,600,816</b> <b>74,764</b> <b>3,367,636</b> <b>3,075,328</b> <b>727,907</b> <b>66,199,030</b> 1,742,708 <b>7,427,508</b> <b>7,427,508</b> <b>7,427,508</b> <b>7,427,508</b> <b>14,016,938</b> <b>9,82,914</b> <b>9,039,184</b> <b>7,027,579</b> <b>18,760,225</b> <b>1,587,084</b> <b>1,192,496</b> <b>29,854,152</b> <b>28,424,067</b> <b>8,279,917</b> <b>1,879,587</b> <b>2,377,659</b> <b>586,445</b> <b>3,003,269</b> <b>2,471,087</b> <b>916,528</b></td>	17,866 	11,610 	709 	<b>79,626</b> Selected payments, by foreign corporations to related persons <b>112,600,816</b> <b>74,764</b> <b>3,367,636</b> <b>3,075,328</b> <b>727,907</b> <b>66,199,030</b> 1,742,708 <b>7,427,508</b> <b>7,427,508</b> <b>7,427,508</b> <b>7,427,508</b> <b>14,016,938</b> <b>9,82,914</b> <b>9,039,184</b> <b>7,027,579</b> <b>18,760,225</b> <b>1,587,084</b> <b>1,192,496</b> <b>29,854,152</b> <b>28,424,067</b> <b>8,279,917</b> <b>1,879,587</b> <b>2,377,659</b> <b>586,445</b> <b>3,003,269</b> <b>2,471,087</b> <b>916,528</b>
All Industries, total	133 671 Total (10) 68,589,58 62,05 1,807,58 1,643,61 270,35 41,792,13 502,26 1,955,63 160,26 3,842,36 5,880,04 18,144,22 1,292,690 988,210 14,680,98 14,400,870 7,256,595 847,444 2,125,633 886,977 2,977,000 1,415,475	341 6,272 U.S. cc and its stoc in trad 2 54,859 0 57 7 1,699 9 1,538 5 106 5 38,408 5 38,408 5 38,408 5 38,408 5 38,408 5 1,569 5 2,786 5 2,786 5 2,786 5 2,786 5 2,786 5 393, 0 328 447 3 1,569 5 1,569 5 38,408 5 38,408 5 38,408 5 3,7,459 1 3,68 5 38,408 5 3,7,459 1 3,68 5 3,7,459 1 3,69 5 3,7,459 1 3,68 5 3,7,459 1 3,69 5 3,7,459 1 3,69 5 3,7,459 1 3,69 5 3,7,459 1 3,68 5 3,7,459 1 3,69 5 3,7,459 1 3,68 5 3,7,459 1 3,69 5 3,7,59 5 3,93,50 5 3,95,50 5 3,95,50 5 3,95,50 5 3,95,50 5 3,95,500 5 3,95,50000000000000000000000000000000000	758,852           4,674;988           sele           sere           orporation filing r           domestic subsidie           sere	656,025	72,907           ed Foreign Corporations from           ign corporations from           ithes           tit,           thes           11,648,044           -           599,010           72           72           72           72           72           72           74,648,044           -           772           72           72           746           707           728,250           736           736           746,742           80           967,476           81           1,347,246           7146,742           80           967,476           81           1,347,246           7           7           82           7           84           505,092           32           3,665,761           17           3,526,262           81           327,193           41           711,142 <td>17,866 </td> <td>11,610 </td> <td>709 </td> <td>79,626 Selected payments. by foreign corporations to related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,638 3,075,328 727,907 66,199,030 1,742,708 7,427,508 7,427,508 1,4016,938 9,92,914 9,039,184 7,057,579 18,760,225 1,587,084 1,192,496 29,854,152 28,424,067 8,279,917 1,879,587 2,377,659 586,445 3,003,269 2,471,087</td>	17,866 	11,610 	709 	79,626 Selected payments. by foreign corporations to related persons (18) 112,600,816 74,764 3,367,638 3,075,328 727,907 66,199,030 1,742,708 7,427,508 7,427,508 1,4016,938 9,92,914 9,039,184 7,057,579 18,760,225 1,587,084 1,192,496 29,854,152 28,424,067 8,279,917 1,879,587 2,377,659 586,445 3,003,269 2,471,087

Table 3.—U.S. Corporation Returns with Total Assets of \$250 Million or More: Controlled Foreign Corporation Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions, Subpart F Income and Selected Transactions, by Selected Industry of Controlled Foreign Corporation—Continued

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	· ·			Control	lled Foreign Corp	orations-Contir	lued			
				Selected payr	ments by foreign	corporations to-	Continued			
Selected industry of			orporation filing domestic subsid			Any foreign corporation controlled by U.S. corporation filing return				
Controlled Foreign Corporation	Total	Purchases of stock in trade	Compensation paid for certain services	Dividends paid: First 60 days of accounting period	Dividends paid: Remainder of accounting period	Total	Purchases of stock in trade	Compensation paid for certain services	Dividends paid: First 60 days of accounting period	Dividends paid: remainder of accounting period
<u></u>	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)
All industries, total	96,424,708	71,095,809	4,137,396	1,512,881	10,270,943	14,966,599	757,373	4,013,396	275,864	4,927,884
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	61,388	41,493	1,149	659	8,854	13,376	-	556	185	8,947
Mining	2,041,998	566,837	150,860	59,496	1,005,969	1,320,354	_	58,407	1,130	985,459
Oil and gas extraction		514,292	145,350	50,046	860,349	1,262,552	_	55,941	1,130	974,271
Construction	520,703	312,704	92,013	8,752	87,308	190,865		96,409	6,912	60,396
Manufacturing	58,814,552	45,934,962	2,496,662	1,039,757	4,404,269	6,341,687	483,543	2,413,631	165,344	1,534,043
Food and kindred products	1,256,221	557,385	75,664	48,235	393,598	483,163	53,444	66,389	45,983	146,964
Chemicals and allied products	6,085,268	4,007,850	307,361	222,442	679,450	1,338,071	195,737	371,413	29,491	305,891
Petroleum (including integrated) and coal products	12.058.965	11,499,677	106,071	95,069	286,835	1.006.499	50,508	259,681	3,784	457,986
Fabricated metal products	839,809	444,928	30,671	127,676	147,306	123,429	8,248	11,617	11,794	48,186
Machinery, except electrical		4,462,781	380,950	294,372	985,577	847,472	4,821	501,040	7,777	208,235
Electrical and electronic equipment	6,634,434 17,247,385	5,217,806 15,426,963	576,122 775,876	37,617 43,506	377,161 756,066	420,238 1,512,841	17,079 131,956	146,868 926,825	35,562 1,874	97,669 69,281
Transportation and public utilities	929.211	68,465	377,074	8,420	363,168	645,297	7,313	123,831	286	109,148
Water transportation	765,875	1,015	339,988	5,396	326,361	417,393	-	58,626	133	2,674
Wholesale and retail trade	27,001,490	23,213,838	304,317	178,724	2,738,661	2,757,920	264,529	408,488	30,854	1,446,131
Wholesale trade	25,724,360	22,255,197	281,100	174,910	2,596,048	2,605,870	263,060	394,483	28,091	1,419,239
Finance, insurance and real estate	5,189,417	387,609	252,384	175,049	1,397,756	3,054,488	1,411	576,299	60,200	720,285
Banking	1,553,610	15,790	28,258	23,115	167,425	291,818	-	5,647	2,115	29,717
Credit agencies other than banks	1,025,149	667	168,969	18,656	96,220	1,352,511	-	470,059	24,105 10.654	229,373
Insurance	308,830	7,042	16,171	38,307	193,960	277,004	-	28,438	10,654	54,/54
bank holding companies	2,064,520	345,010	11,223	93,007	902,459	937,506	1,411	29,327	14,479	350,757
Services	1,843,926	553,273	461,437	42,017	264,341	625,397	577	333,427	10,954	52,492
Business services	606,552	369,489	67,768	13,080	96,838	308,959	(1)	207,347	10,326	38,836
Nature of business not allocable	22,024	16,629	1,501	6	617	17,216	-	2,347	-	10,984
Inactive	_	- 1	-	_	-	-	-	_	- 1	-

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(1) Less than \$500. Note: Detail may not add to total because of rounding.

 Table 4.—Foreign Corporations Controlled by U.S. Corporations with Total Assets of \$250 Million or More: Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions and Subpart F Income, by Selected Industry and Percentage of Direct or Indirect Ownership by U.S. Corporation

 [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Foreign corporations with current earnings and profits (+) before taxes Selected industry of U.S. corporation filing the return and percent of Controlled Foreign Corporation owned directly or indirectly by U.S. corporation filing the return Actual istributions in current year Current earnings and profits (less deficit) Number of foreign corporation Total assets Business Subpart F income reign incon taxes (net) Current Foreign income taxes (net) earnings and profits before taxes re taxes (1) (2) (3) (5) (7) (9) (4) (6) (8) 17.429,494 4.420.024 All Industries, total 27.008 595,406,489 624.529.988 48,591,785 57.469.606 19.888.594 19.663.431 .95 under 100 percent ...... 45,887,016 2,370,801 15,770,195 971,546 13,701,465 465,259 21,971 468,103,734 481,906,031 38,357,917 15,621,911 952,203 31,750,910 2.007.159 99,759 1.121 90 under 95 percent 846,108 2,449,973 224,042 687,167 2,120 23,947 399 11,617,003 19,505,611 773,077 206,600 236.651 686,612 1,184,472 80 under 90 percent 514 2,284,739 13,690,656 20,826,698 70 under 80 percent 748 15,370,338 24,146,271 959.537 1.240.765 489.353 470.025 312,724 14,314 60 under 70 percent 602 25,007,013 13,240,506 24,770,627 2,255,429 ,385,122 834,654 934,255 224,318 936,086 200,884 927,318 240,886 8,021 2,480 More than 50 under 60 percent 655,137 652 9,148,135 1,707,153 4,857,401 575,948 41,144 640,293 75,389 472 258.024 258,935 79 865 5 576 116 413 16,290 16,613 5,626 126 313,561 275.229 4,774 Percentage not determinable ..... 5,771,041 3,755,733 681,698 739.488 313,404 **59,882** 46,360 1.173 Agriculture, forestry and fishing 116 936 515 1.102.708 39.232 20.042 21.768 17.851 30,389 100 percent ...... 95 under 100 percent 98 13,681 15,407 791,099 857,024 17,049 1,173 90 under 95 percent-80 under 90 percent . 70 under 80 percent 60 under 70 percent More than 50 under 60 percent 2 . . . 50 percent 4 17,030 2,7,45 - 3.948 501 ... Ξ. -۰. 630.151 602 956.810 953,598 135.543 Minina 9.885.843 5.930.863 1.494.624 1.697.589 511 20 9,011,878 88,494 5,617,389 25,633 1,450,873 1,618,688 4,932 936,027 1,207 934,144 1,207 610,452 35 133,450 90 under 95 percent 80 under 90 percent 70 under 80 percent 11 4 16 1.477 54'469 3,179 1.001 1,728 284 39,859 7 26,932 - 75 122,758 12,279 2,444 2,444 6,694 60 under 70 percent 17 147,361 381,598 55,736 170,565 12,484 40,775 17,458 40,793 1 584 1 682 1.475 279 More than 50 under 60 percent 15,541 15,541 11,462 8 16 50 percent 8 45 299 9,127 -1 937 1,023 - 1.297 32 Less than 50 percent . . Percentage not determinable ..... Oil and gas extraction ..... 609.711 512 8.517.348 5.686.333 1.423.295 1.619.670 935.442 933.527 130.750 438 19 7,819,852 72,940 5,452,299 20,727 1,398,319 - 6,967 1,562,777 923,620 921,738 601,552 129,129 100 percen 95 under 100 percent 35 268 1.342 90 under 95 percent 32.051 3,179 1,153 1,517 6 4 12 17 7 4 284 29,745 80 under 90 percent 7 .7 26,932 - 652 2,444 70 under 80 percent 119,226 10.558 2.444 6.649 60 under 70 percent 147.361 55,736 12,484 17,458 1.584 1.682 1.475 279 More than 50 under 60 percent 284,127 26,075 7,786 7,786 113,970 26,094 50 percent 10,514 2,029 892 991 Ξ. Less than 50 percent -1 Percentage not determinable 3,826,697 2.917.905 416.794 122.388 121.488 194,572 44.664 Construction 384 461.479 307 18 88,195 - 108 100 percent 2 737 410 1,414,316 279,241 317.033 88,404 133,692 42 250 95 under 100 percent - 135 85,313 42,029 5,800 6,468 7,421 2,046 90 under 95 percent 80 under 90 percent 70 under 80 percent 4 280,739 158 596 71.012 75.337 10.826 9,854 29 635 6 201,763 3.015 1,112 956 5,031 83,565 2.170 15 14 7 60 under 70 percent 122,107 8.146 8,759 1.951 1.992 3.097 More than 50 under 60 percent 333,448 362 33,530 33,846 15,692 15,696 8,677 Less than 50 percent 58.343 2.344 297 78,969 2.344 297 ... Percentage not determinable 4 35,536 90.359 4,651 4,651 - 31 - 31 40,379,971 17,109,507 16,839,916 14,904,646 3,374,696 Manufacturing ..... 18.805 390.581.396 500.334.518 47.969.980 100 percent 95 under 100 percent 15,319 775 308 371 769 387.370.043 31,501,370 37 991 299 13 414 224 13 220 824 11 499 549 3 248 950 15,555,741 27,296,524 431,425 1,840,711 2,150,773 908,710 886,562 89,830 267 399 460 136,230 118,771 90 under 95 percent 5.685.708 475.219 536.952 91 80 under 90 percent 70 under 80 percent 11,619,328 8,596,925 18,791,926 2,045,178 766,867 2,199,697 650,281 437,351 1,139,259 249,457 648 417 12 000 418,763 8,808 7,568 60 under 70 percent 427 20 448 806 22 863 088 2 117 545 2 220 615 892 821 894 852 863 922 More than 50 under 60 percent 515 10,023,361 10,199,329 542,123 388,711 683,748 415,975 170,927 149,101 211,786 47,100 1,929 50 percent 3.632.875 178,298 181,405 1,189 299 4.175.986 Less than 50 percent 78 1.610.901 1 526 486 41 721 66 801 15 530 15 857 126 4 298 266 3,424,071 660,527 702,664 305,366 275,192 Percentage not determinable .... 4,492,872 305,136 4,203 Food and kindred products .... **1.831** 22,565,728 31,414,654 2,714,895 2,400,455 3,050,716 791,131 776,935 652,796 960,637 270,378 18 415 976 25 204 141 2 661 163 663,856 266.258 88 1,138,923 1;434,693 56,004 70,174 20,355 3,716 19,877 3,717 8,438 576 9,460 11,030 1,419 90 under 95 percent . . - 8 101,184 218,106 29,802 655 80 under 90 percent 785.818 1.399.762 71.616 98 025 33 140 14 878 64 73 60 28 22 10 37 429,395 47,191 48,362 22,513 22,430 35,381 70 under 80 percent 904,728 18,670 60 under 70 percent 860.748 1,822,859 93,993 103.096 35.552 60.278 990 268,412 144,708 1,840 9,801 22,621 8,986 3,338 More than 50 under 60 percent 165,507 8 986 24 188 50 percent 3,331 335 3,124 93,449 Less than 50 percent 19 242 19 546 2 702 2 947 468 468 Percentage not determinable 401,321 151,863 21,832 22,752 - 785 140 24,455 1.564 licats and allied products ...... **3,940** 3,330 58,528,756 60,877,842 6,539,859 7,382,393 2,473,937 2,453,161 2,100,613 813,540 100 percent ....... 95 under 100 percent 49,559,998 53,668,886 5,960,826 119,778 6.663.667 2.206.954 2.198.993 1.878.337 802,799 65,236 20,448 64,957 21,304 1,052,296 1,112,413 146,144 48,533 7.461 95 29 47 70 71 491,528 90 under 95 percent . . 59,631 64,102 41,007 10,088 382,836 80 under 90 percent 1,509,782 500.113 22 207 5 322 6.380 9,377 40,660 29,196 54,237 22,382 62,640 1,919,98 39,870 83,931 60 70 under 80 percent 3.162 60 under 70 percent 760.625 959,937 138.657 143.803 207 47 2,033,298 More than 50 under 60 percent 1 126 220 88 852 110.367 17 342 16.401 56 186 58 — 990,108 105,216 58,978 58,984 50 percent 116,244 8,438 6,383 - 1,561 Less than 50 percent 16 192 19 645 6.387 2.373 2.384 246 Percentage not determinable ..... 37 103,701 89.005 6,741 3.322 325 4 386

Footnotes at end of table.

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Table 4.—Foreign Corporations Controlled by U.S. Corporations with Total Assets of \$250 Million or More: Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions and Subpart F Income, by Selected Industry and Percentage of Direct or Indirect Ownership by U.S. Corporation—Continued
[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Selected industry of U.S. corporation filling the return and percent of Controlled Evering Concentration	Number of	Total	Business	Current earnings	current earnin	orations with logs and profits pre taxes	- Foreign income	Actual distributions in current year	Subpart
Controlled Foreign Corporation owned directly or indirectly by U.S. corporation filling the return	foreign corporations	assets	receipts	and profits (less deficit) before taxes	Current earnings and profits before taxes	Foreign income taxes (net)	taxes (net)		income
Petroleum (including integrated) and coal	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
100 percent         90 under 100 percent         90 under 95 percent         80 under 90 percent         70 under 80 percent         60 under 90 bercent         50 under 50 bercent         50 under 50 bunder 60 percent         50 percent         Less than 50 percent	<b>1,932</b> 1,497 129 19 31 52 92 44 49 5	<b>99,994,391</b> 71,141,988 4,634,901 479,393 4,685,003 1,525,943 16,569,631 667,808 251,648 23,551	173,001,400 121,156,048 16,000,224 2,534,292 12,094,467 2,467,163 17,764,858 517,052 438,955 6,515	<b>12,612,098</b> 8,400,725 234,690 64,597 1,641,916 367,298 1,754,825 52,887 95,103 416	<b>15,588,956</b> 11,170,670 374,050 66,985 1,655,281 373,884 1,784,561 55,958 98,629 1,259	6,708,937 4,960,771 287,413 26,736 469,053 162,427 738,495 15,669 46,572 505	6,507,866 4,783,323 268,217 27,058 467,138 159,221 738,220 16,316 46,572 505	6,134,363 4,271,200 38,139 31,610 1,003,623 82,314 697,899 8,711 127 	<b>707,29</b> ( 636,306 63,483  4,509  2,949 31 13 
Percentage not determinable	14	14,524	21,917	- 359	7,680	1,296	1,296	741	_
Primary metal industries	1,033 830 20	14,034,236 9,877,768 291,145	10,486,406 7,697,335 116,247	332,153 203,720 48,891	771,022 498,337 53,676	<b>168,394</b> 79,259 15,034	<b>134,945</b> 64,523 15,034	193,123 123,788 10,586	126,111 124,928 
80 under 90 percent	24 31 24 33 18 23	448,653 549,419 531,981 1,685,452 319,726 115,434	275,735 492,823 452,620 1,110,131 116,528 163,595	- 26,588 - 28,682 35,490 115,336 7,112 1,338	9,239 16,115 43,184 127,546 9,752 12,452	651 2,730 15,186 49,922 2,742 2,870	1,350 2,389 13,716 48,399 2,853 2,870	710 1,405 9,175 30,857 8,564 2,538	1,075 
tachinery, except electrical	1,950 1,614 100 14 27 38 27 79 25 11 15	<b>51,682,028</b> 40,398,614 3,997,481 453,600 616,846 669,842 231,593 2,685,051 100,315 216,019 2,512,664	50,103,336 37,786,085 3,952,783 395,590 661,300 560,691 234,407 4,213,527 59,568 94,994 2,144,391	7,430,539 5,572,093 1,032,751 48,281 83,071 66,393 10,632 32,873 5,912 3,423 575,113	<b>7,989,513</b> 5,998,287 1,054,558 49,363 92,481 83,511 17,206 98,696 6,029 13,137 576,247	<b>3,045,754</b> 2,222,245 398,644 30,160 44,148 49,407 8,009 - 3,647 880 3,964 291,945	3,020,664 2,215,072 398,674 30,170 44,192 49,801 7,924 - 24,145 949 4,134 293,893	<b>1,883,219</b> 1,454,783 207,185 33,910 11,989 181 1,998 565 — 142,567	<b>481,385</b> 470,679 696 14 2000 8,665 - 761 370 -
ectrical and electronic equipment	2,270 1,920 91 38 32 33 58 14 37 7 40	<b>37,641,993</b> 31,709,330 1,271,643 1,119,752 403,772 935,158 420,015 472,770 320,808 180,334 808,411	<b>39,205,015</b> 33,262,920 1,662,088 1,222,360 538,439 477,814 279,420 651,089 509,368 173,300 426,043	2,701,272 2,436,161 94,438 35,980 39,350 - 21,422 32,822 40,319 14,032 3,203 26,387	3,255,924 2,862,992 125,355 41,070 49,258 36,683 35,996 46,250 15,565 5,464 37,291	<b>733,755</b> 627,132 28,153 9,626 18,971 10,612 9,050 19,434 4,298 3,231 3,248	721,578 611,198 28,473 9,807 18,080 10,647 9,575 19,434 7,412 3,377 3,577	838,293 742,071 38,454 24,168 7,727 4,100 11,804 3,328 2,646 1,427 2,566	<b>223,499</b> 222,755 192  80  471  
otor vehicles and equipment         100 percent           95 under 100 percent         90 under 95 percent           90 under 90 percent         70 under 80 percent           70 under 80 percent         70 under 80 under 70 percent           60 under 70 percent         50 percent           Less than 50 percent         90 percent           90 percent         90 percent	925 594 106 91 47 34 13 20 9 3 8	<b>47,132,506</b> 40,551,644 1,261,012 2,511,456 1,204,012 693,624 97,033 773,855 11,105 12,704 16,060	<b>70,477,798</b> 57,487,857 1,020,469 8,746,742 1,067,596 1,234,892 185,359 609,770 26,736 27,157 70,590	2,430,468 1,956,632 33,091 250,986 66,279 46,309 14,813 49,591 38 4,160 8,569	3,550,208 3,001,301 65,602 260,155 67,316 78,065 14,813 50,085 135 4,160 8,577	1,223,562 1,097,406 19,846 29,504 16,489 29,673 6,261 22,173 3 2,119 88	<b>1,252,124</b> 1,127,605 19,842 27,435 16,605 29,976 6,261 22,266 - 74 2,119 88	993,079 880,829 15,270 60,307 12,245 12,078 2,407 9,328 45 58 511	<b>269,493</b> 269,493 
ransportation equipment, except motor vehicles	<b>580</b> 451 28 4 18 19 21 27 8 — 4	<b>5,907,382</b> 4,156,428 603,932 5,618 309,382 156,442 312,126 284,048 74,754  4,652	<b>6,673,398</b> 4,797,299 633,703 9,153 486,646 221,136 243,334 417,327 64,031 	<b>578,972</b> 347,258 99,172 703 48,493 18,744 10,996 49,664 3,902 41	<b>696,550</b> 438,152 104,066 703 53,651 24,114 20,590 51,039 4,128 - 107	<b>231,942</b> 149,273 26,131 293 15,324 9,794 6,443 21,083 3,513 3,513 - 87	<b>233,006</b> 150,784 25,236 293 15,632 9,803 6,572 21,085 3,513 3,513 87	<b>216,134</b> 139,113 23,700 137 29,827 8,385 5,685 7,599 1,600  89	<b>53,226</b> 52,686 77 - 463 - -
struments and related products	<b>807</b> 746	11,513,591 10,085,865	1 <b>5,490,503</b> 13,522,477	1,270,096 1,162,258	1,437,020 1,314,229	<b>466,927</b> 404,808	<b>476,545</b> 414,185	<b>344,585</b> 306,789	1 <b>55,856</b> 155,843
95 under 100 percent	5 4 9 10 9 3 16	47,907 108,237 351,342 14,519 50,501 744,249 63,312	75,732 154,355 543,684 15,633 62,944 985,777 78,511	14,014 20,311 64,834 179 6,582 - 10,418 8,243	14,113 20,311 65,695 1,631 8,050 311 8,275	3,593 9,620 40,158 1,190 4,404 	3,580 9,620 40,158 1,205 4,404 -	10,101 8,131 18,068 192 557 	- 3 3 (!) - 3
Isportation and public utilities	1,508 1,233 48 34 17 55 28 22 43 6 22	<b>25,021,612</b> 19,941,471 239,915 104,090 542,371 393,530 212,856 236,428 2,998,669 7,743 344,538	14,153,603 12,530,028 200,242 77,065 170,737 258,262 238,591 283,763 382,327 4,303 8,286	5,243 <b>1,299,298</b> 937,231 17,020 8,845 115,779 5,504 23,039 32,302 154,798 388 4,390	8,273 <b>1,572,265</b> 1,165,796 20,410 10,046 115,864 12,555 34,718 32,969 173,528 1,377 5,001	1,071 357,612 245,889 3,492 4,375 10,937 4,501 12,542 7,857 65,919 73 2,027	1,071 360,756 249,032 3,492 4,393 10,937 4,593 12,415 7,857 65,919 73 2,045	382 297,736 228,331 15,323 1,438 1,948 1,703 13,932 4,187 30,462 412 -	3 334,528 318,849 4,689 
tter transportation	142 123	<b>760,470</b> 679,544	1 <b>12,348</b> 98,504	<b>18,811</b> 11,427	<b>39,466</b> 30,914	<b>1,290</b> 1,290	<b>3,534</b> 3,534	13,405	<b>6,368</b> 5,524
70 under 80 percent 50 under 70 percent More than 50 under 60 percent 50 percent		48,393	1,323	3,356	3,356	-	-		

Footnotes at end of table

Table 4.—Foreign Corporations Controlled by U.S. Corporations with Total Assets of \$250 Million or More: Total Assets, Receipts, Earnings, Taxes, Distributions and Subpart F Income, by Selected Industry and Percentage of Direct or Indirect Ownership by U.S. Corporation—Continued (Money anounts are in thousand of default) . . . (Money amounts are in thousands of dollars)

·Ľ

Selected industry of U.S. corporation filing the return and percent of	Number of	· •	Bratas	Current earnings	Foreign corp current earnin (+) befo	orations with logs and profits are taxes	Eoreige is and	Actual distributions	Subpart F	
Controlled Foreign Corporation owned directly or indirectly by U.S. corporation filing the return	foreign corporations	Total assets	Business receipts	and profits (less deficit) before taxes	Current earnings and profits before taxes	Foreign income taxes (net)	Foreign income taxes (net)	in current year	income	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8) 559,330	(9) 215,031	-
holesale and retail trade 100 percent 35 under 100 percent 30 under 95 percent 30 under 95 percent 70 under 80 percent 50 under 70 percent 50 under 70 percent 50 percent Less than 50 percent Less than 50 percent Percentage not determinable	59 38 19 129 37 34 21 14 19	32,358,191 22,969,502 373,044 1,142,204 371,609 4,790,250 2,102,577 174,700 333,118 64,668 36,520	72,992,450 52,823,400 630,367 3,993,167 1,511,484 12,272,803 998,872 302,706 430,835 16,117 12,699	1,831,937 1,408,162 14,929 170,884 30,206 152,963 56,281 - 6,676 - 3,385 4,569 4,004	2,120,430 1,620,685 19,293 178,741 34,282 174,753 63,260 15,777 4,424 4,753 4,462	487,710 421,837 1,907 11,154 7,482 27,511 10,377 5,826 825 ,78 714	518,299 449,403 1,907 11,154 10,129 27,576 10,377 5,831 1,131 7,8 7,714	559,330 427,871 435 36,154 8,386 42,121 39,624 2,810 1,167 763	215,031 207,679 2,030 	n Na shekara na shekara
Wholesale trade	546 37 34 13 18 18 18 18 18 39 13	18,094,843 12,175,464 102,038 1,118,095 164,632 3,967,626 169,070 155,980 176,631 64,658 647	<b>56,901,635</b> 39,094,731 152,227 3,990,679 533,912, 12,099,486 348,234 263,569 .395,508 16,117 7,173	<b>1,016,206</b> 699,933 3,164 9,661 111,456 9,781 9,741 - 2,248 4,566 109	<b>1,217,718</b> 849,309 6,732 177,901 13,709 133,246 - 16,759 12,692 2,051 4,750 568	255,192 219,349 1,532 11,047 .957; 11,866 5,514 4,182 .436 .78 .232	287,324 248,763 1,532 11,047 3,604 11,930 5,514 4,187 437 78 232	345,663 257,820 435 36,154 1,743 35,632 9,401 2,547 1,167 763 —	72,583 66,629 632 	
Retail trade :         100 percent         95 under 100 percent         90 under 95 percent         80 under 90 percent         70 under 80 percent         70 under 80 percent         60 under 70 percent         50 percent         50 percent         90 under 70 percent         50 percent         Percentage on under 60 percent         Percentage on determinable	488 22 4 11 19 16 12	14,263,348 10,794,038 271,005 24,108 206,977 822,623 1,933,507 18,719 156,487	16,090,815 13,728,669 478,140 2,488 977,573 173,318 650,638 39,137 35,327	<b>815,731</b> 708,230 11,766 840 20,545 41,507 46,501 - 16,417 - 1,137	<b>902,712</b> 771,376 12,561 840 20,573 41,507 46,501 3,085 2,372	<b>232,518</b> 202,488 374 107 6,525 15,645 4,863 1,644 390	230,975 200,640 374 107 6,525 15,645 4,863 1,644 694	<b>213,667</b> 170,051 6,643 6,489 30,222 262 	142,448 141:050 1,398 	
hance, insurance and real estate	2,369 167 35 54 55	<b>126,591,844</b> 98,500,075 15,239,392 4,464,504 764,676 1,313,484 1,939,176	<b>23,001,761</b> 17,781,322 2,903,242 898,438 171,272 265,476 299,010	2,730,451 2,400,498 123,818 94,572 18,621 22,388 28,348	<b>3,030,724</b> 2,629,395 158,514 95,322 20,214 27,840 29,989	675,064 512,776 51,676 64,105 5,441 10,900 11,273	682,550 522,048 54,002 64,103 5,074 10,137 11,077	660,896 629,134 10,568 7,534 4,624 	242,087 238,702 1,163 551 674 13	
Nore than 50 under 60 percent 0 percent eess than 50 percent Percentage not determinable	. 39 73 . 10 84	2,001,650 1,513,134 19,883 835,870	195,276 296,444 39,020 152,261	4,473 25,793 2,135 9,805	18,741 28,793 2,314 19,603	2,127 10,607 608 5,552	507 9,404 608 5,591	778 1,105 115	(1) 732 250	e de la companya de Esta de la companya d
Banking 100 percent 95 under 100 percent 90 under 95 percent 80 under 95 percent 70 under 80 percent 60 under 70 percent 60 under 70 percent 50 percent Less than 50 percent 	846 96 9 5 22 20 8 41	86,236,101 65,127,958 12,335,118 2,826,420 111,623 1,066,950 1,851,817 1,295,337 1,414,335	10,870,837 7,908,133 1,901,863 354,964 21,394 117,846 230,980 61,274 .223,172	<b>1,510,715</b> 1,292,849 90,330 75,137 1,965 6,713 18,967 6,591 14,017	1,605,013 1,363,615 108,554 75,137 2,549 7,237 20,100 6,781 16,375	395,072 274,907 38,652 62,187 83 2,791 8,725 9,82 6,866	<b>396,038</b> 276,354 40,233 62,187 85 2,078 8,529 134 5,659	<b>335,258</b> 322,799 3,935 3,645 1,253 3,238 	122,483 122,483 — — — — — — — —	2 
nsurance 100 percent 95 under 100 percent 90 under 95 percent 80 under 90 percent 70 under 80 percent 60 under 70 percent More than 50 under 60 percent 50 percent Less than 50 percent Percentage not determinable	. 345 . 44 . 12 . 17 . 13 . 18 . 9 . 12	12,794,273 8,380,584 2,204,588 1,492,773 395,987 122,140 52,908 -66,301 -56,914 1,035 21,042	4,220,417 2,612,360 886,030 431,489 68,169 -70,926 54,400 44,300 38,072 1,528 13,144	369,670 344,615 16,558 15,691 2,909 6,924 6,120 -3,008 2,049 95 -2,284	<b>446,435</b> 376,377 32,829 16,191 3,090 6,951 6,314 1,649 2,303 95 636	<b>65,898</b> 53,338 6,258 942 1,538 2,136 112 985 22 249	<b>66,692</b> 54,481 6,160 943 61 1,538 2,136 112 985 ,22 254	<b>78,604</b> 66,846 5,607 3,875 - 749 1,265 83 156 23 -	<b>52,359</b> 51,047 1,163 136 	
Holding and other Investment companies, except bank holding companies           100 percent           95 under 150 percent           80 under 55 percent           80 under 50 percent           70 under 80 percent           70 under 80 percent           60 under 70 percent           60 under 70 percent           50 percent           90 under 70 percent           90 under 70 percent           90 encent           90 under 70 percent           Percentage ont determinable	9	<b>4,366,132</b> 3,912,980 138,230 194,495	<b>4,263,824</b> 4,073,632 110,813 50,797	209,824 199,739 3,383 7,911	241,206 228,960 3,543 8,543 	<b>55,487</b> 50,899 793 3,791	<b>52,913</b> 47,259 793 3,681	87,498 83,799 14 3,667	<b>21,625</b> 20,535 416 674	
rvicea 100 percent 59 under 90 percent 80 under 90 percent 70 under 80 percent 50 under 70 percent 60 under 70 percent 50 percent 50 percent Less than 50 percent Percentage not determinable	1,100 31 9 16 21 27 4 19 17 4	6,204,392 5,780,530 98,763 17,181 54,708 59,292 81,201 89,320 6,557 728 16,111	4,096,183 3,512,509 132,629 17,868 19,273 26,127 187,095 119,795 24,081 1,275 55,530	<b>399,478</b> 350,152 5,046 3,798 3,695 8,461 7,911 8,610 13,573 131 - 1,900	<b>557,259</b> 497,760 8,273 4,534 4,252 8,747 8,640 8,778 13,705 13,705 145 2,427	<b>159,460</b> 137,557 3,469 -,860 2,194 3,969 2,967 6,348 2,078 1 6	<b>165,056</b> 142,649 3,975 860 2,194 3,992 2,953 6,350 2,078 -3 6	164,313 155,387 51 1,848 621 4,380 764 1,186 (1) 38 37	72,302 67,854 	n figure de la companya de la compa Ser de la companya de Ser de la companya de Ser de la companya de
Business services 100 percent 95 under 100 percent 80 under 95 percent 80 under 90 percent 70 under 80 percent 60 under 70 percent 60 under 70 percent 50 percent 50 percent Less than 50 percent Percentage not determinable	625 524 7 6 13 16 26 17 5 4	1,882,986 1,606,131 33,864 12,143 46,085 43,185 77,779 52,123 4,690 728 6,257	1,431,781 1,132,684 15,930 12,697 17,879 15,982 185,835 43,392 5,192 1,275 914	152,352 123,514 2,602 3,277 2,891 7,325 8,304 4,121 73 131 113	173,463 143,092 2,643 3,277 3,448 7,612 8,640 4,289 205 145 113	<b>64,646</b> 51,178 1,239 2,184 3,658 2,967 2,968 105 1 6	<b>63,057</b> 49,595 1,225 339 2,184 3,681 2,953 2,970 105 - 3 6	33,553 27,468 51 43 621 4,200 764 330 	10,307 10,307 — — — — — — — — —	

<sup>1</sup> Less than \$500. Data deleted to avoid disclosure of information for specific corporations. Note: Detail may not add to total due to rounding.  $2\pi^{-1}$ 

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By Cecelia Hilgert and Susan J. Mahler\*

Nonprofit charitable organizations, those exempt under Internal Revenue Code section 501(c)(3), that filed returns for 1985 reported revenues of \$268.4 billion, of which nearly two-thirds (\$167.9 billion) was derived from the organizations' program activities. Contributions, gifts, and grants represented another 21 percent of total revenues (\$55.8 billion [See Figure A]). Total expenses were \$244.2 billion, of which \$206.6 billion was for the programs conducted. Data were obtained from the Form 990, Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax [1]. A total of 106,449 organizations, of the 310,000 recognized by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), were required to file returns [2].

Figure A.—Selected Data for Nonprofit Charitable Organizations, Reporting Years 1982, 1983, and 1985 [All figures are estimates—money amounts are in billions of dollars]

Item	1982	1983	1985
	(1)	(2)	(3)
Number of returns	75,738	89,052	106,449
Total assets	\$279.6	\$331.2	\$423.5
Total revenue	196.3	224.0	268.4
Contributions, gifts and grants	41.3	46.4	55.8
Dues and assessments	2.5	3.1	3.8
Program service revenue	124.4	147.5	167.9
Total expenses	181.3	207.5	244.2
Program service expenses	151.7	173.6	206.6
Fundraising services	1.7	1.8	2.2
Management and general expenses	27.4	31:8	34.6

Organizations that are tax-exempt under the Internal Revenue Code section 501 (c)(3) include those with purposes that are religious, charitable, educational, health-related, or scientific, or are for the purpose of testing for public safety. Their activities are restricted only in that they must be substantially related to the exempt purpose of the organization, and they must serve the public (as opposed to private) interest. Examples of the types of organizations that meet this criteria are universities and schools, hospitals, youth organizations, United Way campaigns, community performing-arts associations, and environmental support groups. There is the stipulation that net earnings cannot flow to a private shareholder or individual, and there are restrictions on activities to influence legislation. In addition, these organizations cannot participate in any political campaign on behalf of any candidate for political office.

The Internal Revenue Code classified tax-exempt, nonprofit organizations into 25 groups, certain of which could receive tax-deductible donations. Those exempt under Code section 501(c)(3) receive the largest part of tax-deductible donations, and they are the largest providers of philanthropic goods and services. Data in this article refer only to those section 501(c)(3) organizations that are not private foundations [3]. Churches, including also a convention of churches or an association of churches, were not required to file Form 990 and are not included in these data. Asset holdings for nonprofit charitable organizations totaled \$423.5 billion for 1985. When using inflation-adjusted figures, assets increased by 20 percent over the 1983 level, the last year for which data are available [4]. Most of the assets (84 percent) were controlled by organizations with holdings of \$10,000,000 or more, representing only 5 percent of the organizations filing returns (See Figure B). These same organizations also received threeguarters of the total revenue (\$206.8 billion). Figures C and D present the top 10 501(c)(3) organizations in terms of revenues and assets, respectively, for 1985.

Nearly one-half of the returns filed were by organizations with assets of less than \$100,000; this asset-size class had 46,056 returns, an increase of 64 percent from 1983. By comparison, the 5,266 returns of organizations with assets \$10,000,000 or more were 10 percent higher than for 1983. California and New York were the leading states in terms of the number of returns filed, with 12,214 and 11,436, respectively. (Table 2 presents complete data by state.)

\*Foreign Special Projects Section. Prepared under the direction of Michael Alexander, Chief.

### Nonprofit Organizations, 1985

#### Figure B.—Nonprofit Charitable Organizations by Asset Size, Reporting Year 1985

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

Asset size	Number of returns	Percent	Total assets	Percent
Totai	106,449	100.0	\$423,544	100.0
Under \$100,000 <sup>1,2</sup>	46,056	43.3	1,480	0.4
\$100,000 under \$500,000 <sup>1</sup>	29,088	27.3	6,075	1.4
\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	9,450	8.9	6,704	1.6
\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	16,589	15.6	53,191	12.6
\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	3,777	3.6	85,813	20.3
\$50,000,000 or more	1,489	1.4	270,281	63.8

<sup>1</sup> Estimates should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which they are based <sup>2</sup> Includes also returns with zero assets or assets not reported.

NOTE: Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

Figure C		
Top Ten Section 501(c)(3) Organizations Ranked by To	otal	
<b>Revenue, 1985</b> [Money amounts are in millions of c	Jollars]	
Name	Total <u>Revenue</u>	
College Retirement Equities	<b>\$7,983</b> -	
Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America	6,034	
Kaiser Foundation Health Plan	3,495	
New York City Health and Hospitals Corporation	2,016	
Harvard College	1,706	
Kaiser Foundation Hospitals	1,624	
Stanford University	1,098	
California Institute of Technology	1,085	
University of Pennsylvania	1,009	
American National Red Cross	972	

### **1985 FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS**

#### Revenue

The programs operated by nonprofit charitable organizations in support of their exempt purposes generated \$167.9 billion for 1985. This source of revenue--"program service revenue"--included tuition and fees at educational institutions, hospital patient care charges (whether paid by patients or through third-party reimbursements), admission fees

## Figure D

4.12

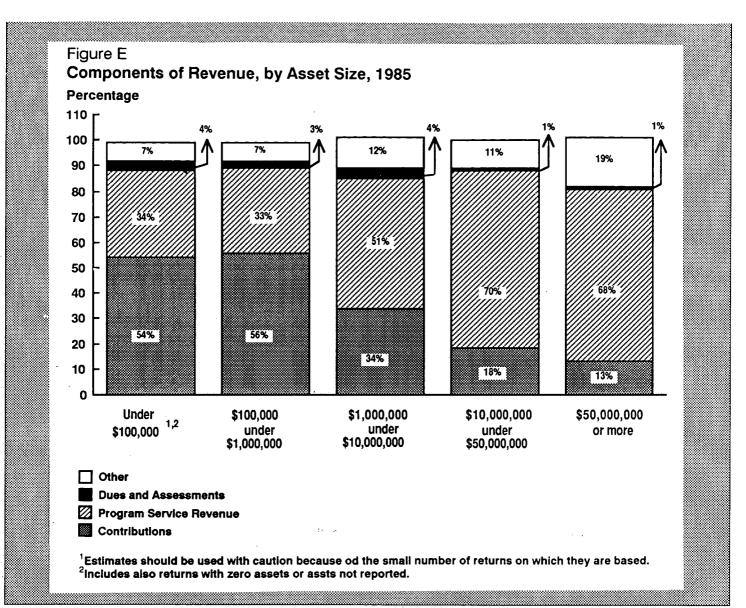
. . . . . . .

## Top Ten Section 501(c)(3) Organizations Ranked by Total Assets, 1985 [Money amounts are in millions of dollars] [Money Amounts are in millions of dollars] Total Name

College Retirement Equities	
Fund	624,146
Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association of America	23,159
Harvard College	5,345
Yale University	2,934
Stanford University	2,866
Columbia University	2,139
Princeton University	2,131
Kaiser Foundation Hospitals	2,051
Cornell University	1,967
Common Fund for Nonprofit Organizations	

collected by museums or community performingarts events, YMCA/YWCA activity fees, and payments received for insurance and retirement coverage by selected pension and annuity funds. Program service revenue represented 63 percent of total revenue, slightly less than the 66 percent reported for 1983.

As shown in Figure E, the smaller organizations relied on program service revenue, i.e., fees, less



than the larger organizations did. This source accounted for one-third of total revenue of the organizations with assets of less than \$1,000,000, as compared to one-half of the revenue of the organizations with holdings of between \$1,000,000 and \$10,000,000, and over two-thirds for organizations with holdings \$10,000,000 or more.

Contributions comprised the same proportion, 21 percent, of total revenue as for 1983. This was the most frequently reported type of support, shown on four-fifths of the returns. This type of support was most important to the smaller organizations, accounting for more than one-half of the total revenue of organizations with assets of less than \$1,000,000, but decreasing to just 18 percent of the revenue of organizations with assets between \$10,000,000 and \$50,000,000, and 13 percent of the revenue for organizations with assets \$50,000,000 or more.

Figure F shows that "direct" contributions were evenly divided between \$25.3 billion in Government grants and \$24.8 billion in direct public contributions. (Indirect public support totalled \$5.7 billion.) Government grants represented a greater proportion of the total revenue of the smaller organizations. For organizations with assets of less than \$1,000,000, these grants were 35 percent of total revenue and 62 percent of total contributions received. For organizations with assets of \$10,000,000 or more, however, Government grants represented just 5 percent of total revenue. (This low percentage was because of the predominant effect of the program service revenue received by these organizations.)

Direct public support was 44 percent of the total contributions. Generally, the organizations with larger asset holdings benefited more from this type of support. Organizations with asset holdings of Figure F.—Contributions Received by Nonprofit Charitable Organizations, by Asset Size, Reporting Year 1985

Asset size	Total contributions	Contributions received through direct support	Contributions received through indirect support <sup>2</sup>	Contributions received through Government grants
	- (1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Total Under \$100,000 <sup>3,4</sup>		\$24,750 1,524 1,492 1,518	\$5,699 192 628 325	\$25,321 1,677 3,518 4,237
1,000,000 under \$10,000,000 10,000,000 under \$50,000,000 50,000,000 or more	11,678 10,348	5,471 6,061 8,686	1,465 1,355 1,734	4,743 2,933 8,213

Includes contributions, gifts, grants and bequests received directly from the public.

<sup>2</sup> Includes contributions received indirectly from the public through solicitation campaigns conducted by fundraising agencies

<sup>3</sup> Estimates should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which they are based.
<sup>4</sup> Includes also returns with zero assets or assets not reported.

NOTE: Detail may not add to total because of rounding.

between \$10,000,000 and \$50,000,000 reported direct public support equalling 59 percent of total contributions, while those organizations with holdings greater than \$50,000,000 had this type of support amounting to 47 percent of total contributions. In contrast, the organizations with assets less than \$1,000,000 reported direct public support comprising 30 percent of their contributions total.

Indirect public support, the revenue received through solicitation campaigns conducted by federated fundraising agencies, was 10 percent of total contributions. The percentage of total contributions that this support comprised did not vary substantially between different size organizations.

#### **Expenses**

Expenses of nonprofit charitable organizations, including such classifications as salaries and wages, pension plan contributions, other employee benefits, interest, and rent, supplies and travel, totaled \$244.2 billion for 1985. The expenses that were attributable to the specific program activities for which the organization was created and which were the basis of the tax exemption represented 85 percent of the total. This was one percentage point greater than program service expenses had represented of total expenses in 1983. Salaries and wages were \$73.2 billion, one-quarter of total program expenses.

Management and general expenses, which pertained to the overall direction of the organization rather than to specific programs, were \$34.6 billion, representing 14 percent of total expenses. Fundraising expenses and payments to affiliates together comprised only 1 percent of total expenses. Payments to affiliates were payments to organizations closely related to the reporting agency, such as support and dues payments by local agencies to their State and national agencies.

Organizations with assets of \$10,000,000 or more accounted for three-fourths of all expenses, even

though organizations with assets of less than \$500,000 filed 71 percent of the returns with expense reported. Table 3 presents detailed data on expense.

#### Assets and Liabilities

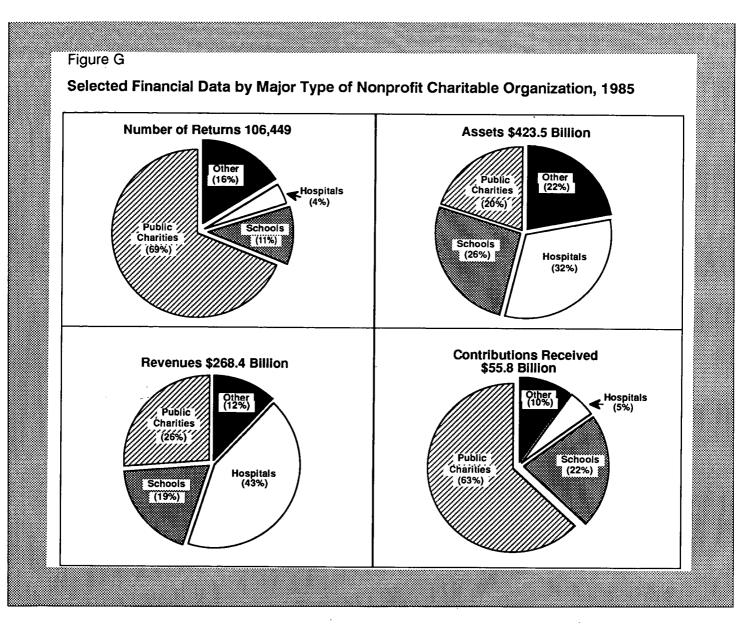
Land, buildings, and equipment represented the major asset holdings of nonprofit charitable organizations, \$143.3 billion, accounting for one-third of total assets. For organizations with assets of \$10,000,000 or more, land, buildings, and equipment represented one-third of their total holdings Fororganizations with assets of between \$1,000,000 and \$10,000,000, they accounted for 43 percent. However, for organizations with assets \$50,000,000 or more, investments in securities was the largest single component of assets (\$90.6 billion). For smaller organizations--those with assets of less than \$500,000--cash and savings represented 43 percent of their total holdings (\$3.2 billion).

Mortgages and other notes payable were the largest single liability item, \$78.2 billion for 1985. Organizations with assets \$50,000,000 or more represented 59 percent (\$46.2 billion) of that total, and organizations with asset holdings between \$10,000,000 and \$50,000,000 accounted for an additional 23 percent (\$18 billion).

The balance sheet of a tax-exempt section 501(c)(3) organization does not have an owner's equity section; instead earnings accrue to the net worth/fund balance section. The net worth/fund balance total for these organizations was \$237.2 billion, 56 percent of total assets, for 1985. In exchange for tax exemption, these organizations forfeit the privilege of paying dividends on invested capital. This is an important difference between the nonprofit charitable organizations and for-profit commercial entities [5].

#### **TYPES OF ORGANIZATIONS**

Figures G, H, and I display information available on the types of nonprofit charitable organizations



### Figure H.—Selected Balance Sheet and Income Statement Items, by Type of Charitable Organization, Reporting Year 1985

[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in millions of dollars]

Type of organization	Total assets	Total liabilities	Total revenue	Program service revenue	Total expenses
,	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Total, all charitable organizations Church or religious-affiliated organization <sup>1</sup> Educational institution Hospital Governmental unit Hospital research organization Organization supporting a public college Publicly-supported organization	109,820 135,877 2,052 1,587 4,894	\$186,390 1,227 21,725 67,530 737 361 799 37,829	\$268,390 2,999 51,184 115,239 1,961 803 2,095 70,789	\$167,893 1,650 28,809 102,398 1,027 267 361 25,626	\$244,214 2,941 42,350 107,914 1,866 718 1,519 66,174
Organization supporting charitable organizations Organization testing for public safety Type not reported	76,924	55,686 24 472	22,703 141 471	7,460 134 161	30,203 123 406

<sup>1</sup> Churches are not required to file a Form 990. Most of the organizations in this category either filed voluntarily or misreported their type of organization. The estimate is, therefore, not inclusive of the majority of religious organizations. NOTE: Detail may not add to total because of rounding.

that filed Form 990 for 1985. This information was based on the section of the return that asked an organization to supply a reason for its not being classified in the "less-favored" tax category of private foundation. (A private foundation is subject to an excise tax on investment income and to certain types of taxes for activities that are not allowed by the Internal Revenue Code because it has private sources of funding.)

Hospitals, educational institutions, and "publiclysupported organizations" were the major categories of nonprofit charitable organzations in terms of returns, assets, revenue, and contributions received (See Figure G). This latter group is comprised of other qualified organizations that are operated for purposes that are beneficial to the public interest and that receive support from a broad cross-section of the public. (Examples of this type of organization included United Way campaigns, American Cancer Society, community foundations, Corporation for Public Broadcasting, and the Humane Society of America.) Together, the assets of these three types of organizations totaled \$333.7 billion, their revenue, \$237.2 billion. They represented 79 percent and 88 percent, respectively, of the totals for all the nonprofit charitable organizations

Hospitals accounted for 43 percent of total revenue and 32 percent of total assets but only 4 percent of the number of returns. While publicly-supported organizations comprised 69 percent of the total returns filed, they accounted for only 26 percent of total revenue and 20 percent of asset holdings. Educational institutions accounted for 11 percent of returns but ranked second in terms of assets with 26 percent [6].

The largest asset holdings for these three major types of organizations were land, buildings, and equipment, representing 46 percent of hospital assets, 40 percent of the assets of educational institutions, and 34 percent of the assets of publicly-supported organizations. In contrast, organizations that supported public charities, of which examples included College Retirement Equities Fund, Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association, YMCA Retirement Fund, and Julliard Musical Foundation, had nearly two-thirds of their total assets in investment securities and only 5 percent in land, buildings, and equipment.

As would be expected, program service revenue was the principal source of revenue for hospitals (89 percent of total revenue) and also for educational institutions (56 percent), but it was only 36 percent for publicly-supported organizations. These latter organizations derived one-half of their total revenue from contributions. Figure I details the types of contributions received by the major types of charitable organizations. Nearly two-thirds of all contributions was received by the publicly-supported organizations, with Government grants and direct public support comprising 88 percent of their contributions total. For these organizations, the ones with assets of less than \$10,000,000 accounted for two-thirds of the contributions received, although they accounted for 98 percent of the returns filed. Educational institutions received one-fourth of their total revenue through contributions. Hospitals, on the other hand, depended on contributions for just 2 percent of total revenue.

#### SUMMARY

For 1985, nonprofit charitable organizations reported total revenues of \$268.4 billion. Of that, the fees collected for program services--those activities conducted in support of the purpose for which tax exemption was granted--accounted for 63 percent. Asset holdings were \$423.5 billion, of which land, buildings, and equipment accounted for 34 percent of the total.

Contributions were \$55.8 billion. This source of revenue was particularly important to organizations with smaller asset holdings; those with holdings of less than \$1,000,000 depended on contributions for one-half of their support. Expenses totaled \$244.2 billion, of which 85 percent was in support of the program services that formed the basis of the organizations' tax exemption.

Figure I.—Contributions Received, by Major Type of Recipient Nonprofit Charitable Organization, Repor	ting Year 1985
[All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in millions of dollars]	

		tributions aived	Direct support		Indirec	t support	Government grants	
Type of organization	Amount	Percentage of total	Amount	Percentage of total	Amount	Percentage of total	Amount	Percentage of total
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Total, all charitable organizations	\$55,771	100.0	\$24,750	<u>,</u> 100.0	\$5,699	100.0	\$25,321	100.0
ducational institution	12,310	22.1	5,580	22.6	462	8.1	6,268	24.8
ospital	2,641	4.7	. 1,712	6.9	179	3.1	751	3.0
ublicly-supported organization	34,833	62.5	13,960	72.8	4,148	72.8 ·	16,725	66:1
charities	2,290	4.1	1,728	5.3	299	5.3	263	1.0

A total of 106,449 returns were filed, with publiclysupported charities accounting for 69 percent of the total. Hospitals, as a group, led in both revenues and assets.

#### DATA SOURCES AND LIMITATIONS

The statistics in this article are based on a sample of Tax Year 1985 Form 990, Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax, filed by organizations classified under Internal Revenue Code section 501 (c)(3) and having accounting periods ending December 1985 through November 1986. Forms 990-PF filed by private foundations under section 501 (c)(3) were excluded. Calendar-year filers represented 44 percent of the population, while 56 percent of the noncalendar-year filers had accounting periods ending in June. The sample included 48 "group returns" [7].

The estimates of nonprofit charitable organizations were based on a random probability sample of 1985 unaudited information returns stratified by asset level. The sample was drawn from a multi-year sample frame of 123,501 organizations based on the latest return filed by each. Consequently, the sampling frame of 123,501 organizations included some whose most recent return filed was for a year prior to 1985. The rates in the sample design ranged from .0021 for returns with assets of less than \$500,000 to 1.00 for returns of organizations with assts of \$10,000,000 or more. A sample of 6,526 returns was drawn from the frame, and either a 1985 return was secured or a determination was made that there was no 1985 return. For the final study sample, to compensate for the fact that not all 1985 returns were secured, the sample weight was increased for the asset classes under \$10,000,000. For returns of organizations with assets of \$10,000,000 or more, all of which were to be selected, prior-year returns of the same organization were substituted in some cases and, in other instances, a weight of slightly more than one applied to compensate for other cases in which neither the current or prior year returns was located.

Because the data in this article are estimates based on a sample, they are subject to sampling and nonsamplng error. To use the statistical data properly, the magnitude of the sampling error should be known. The size of the sampling error is estimated by the approximate coefficients of variation (CV's) as shown in Figure J. The approximate CV's shown here are intended only as a general indication of the reliability of the data. For a number other than those

Figure J.—Coefficient of Variation for Number of Returns	
Determined for Specified Asset-Size Classes	
	-

Coefficient of variation	Under \$500,000 or blank	\$500,000 under \$2,500,000	\$2,500,000 under \$10,000,000
· · · · ·	(1)	(2)	(3)
0.025	80,800	17,600	5,300
0.050	61,600	13,700	2,600
0.075	44,100	10,000	1,400
0.100	31,600	7,200	800
0.150	17,400	4,000	400
0.200	10,700	2,500	200

shown below, the corresponding CV's can be estimated by interpolation.

#### **NOTES AND REFERENCES**

- [1] See Hilgert, Cecelia, "Nonprofit Charitable Organizations, 1983," *Statistics of Income Bulletin,* Winter 1985-86, Volume 5, Number 3.
- [2] The total number of tax-exempt organizations, including those not required to file Form 990, was obtained from the Internal Revenue Service Exempt Organizations Business Master File, Monthly Exempt Organizations Statistical Summary, unpublished tables.
- [3] See Riley, Margaret, "Private Foundation Returns, 1985," *Statistics of Income Bulletin,* Summer 1989, Volume 9, Number 1.
- [4] All inflation-adjusted figures cited in this article were derived using the Gross National Product Implicit Price Deflator, 1982 = 100, calculated by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, and published in the Economic Report of the President, 1989.
- [5] For additional information, see Gross, Malvern J., Jr., and Warshauer, William J., Jr., *Financial and Accounting Guide for Nonprofit Organiza-tions*, 3rd ed., John Wiley & Sons, 1983.
- [6] See Mahler, Susan, and Skelly, Daniel F., "Nonprofit Charitable Organizations: A Decade of Change (1975-1985)," *Statistics of Income and Related Administrative Research: 1989,* U.S. Department of the Treasury, Internal Revenue Service.
- [7] A parent organization could file a return for affiliated organizations that were subject to the parent's control and were tax-exempt under a current group exemption letter. All the organizations on a group return had to have the same accounting period.

Table 1.—Returns of Tax-Exempt Section 501(C)(3) Organizations: Selected Income and Balance Sheet Items, by Size of Total Assets, 1985

[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	· ·		T	Size of	total assets	<u>,                                     </u>	
ltems	Total	Under 2,3	\$100,000 under \$500,000 3	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 or more
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Returns of section 501(C)(3) organizations <sup>1</sup>		46,056 1,479,862	29,088 6,074,793	9,450 6,704,112	16,589 53,191,111	3,777 85,813,060	1,489 270,281,351
Cash (non-interest bearing): Number of returns		37,330	25,210	8,297	13,960	3,016	. 1,136
Amount Savings and temporary cash investments:	9,529,486	306,172	701,668	565,843	1,314,080	1,597,145	5,044,579
Number of returns Amount Accounts receivable (net):		30,058 587,926	21,331 1,632,274	7,260 1,135,129	12,730 7,219,825	3,020 8,069,952	1,161 18,676,275
Number of returns		18,422 125,397	11,150 631,081	5,992 630,987	11,431 2,762,441	3,298 7,464,554	1,388 16,967,921
Pledges receivable (net): Number of returns		485 11,209	485 41,765	346 40,565	2,714 1,387,535	727 1,457,532	337
Grants receivable: Number of returns Amount		1,939 42,222	. 970 48,753	1,383 <sup>,</sup> 171,868	1,653 745,022	468 521,043	288 781,458
Receivables due from officers, directors, trüstees and key employees: Number of returns	2,734	485	1,454	115	373	191	115
Amount Other notes and loans receivable (net):	517,512	4,152	11,619	115 3,174	14,375	72,685	115 411,508
Number of returns Amount Inventories for sale or use:		2,424 28,697	4,363 264,783	2,535 111,280	4,291 1,355,338	1,654 2,027,800	.800 5,683,128
Number of returns		4,363 19,685	4,848 106,212	2,766 82,368	5,922 450,018	2,575 888,273	1,203 1,589;901
Number of returns	33,588 3,161,384	6,302 7,181	9,696 72,949	4,264 60,972	9,364 324,963	2,768 768,443	1,194
Investments-securities: -Number-of-returns Amount		485	1,939	2,074	8,946,655	2,460	
nvestments—land, buildings and equipment (minus accumulated depreciation): Number of returns	8,904	1,939	2,909	1,037	1,964	722	332
Amount	7,425,487	9,775	218,964	276,654	1,442,655	1,761,064	3,716,375
Number of returns Amount Land, buildings, and equipment (minus	7,320 30,406,604	485 5.202	1,454 254,493	807 151,795	2,669 1,889,039	1,235 3,571,225	670 24,534,851
accumulated depreciation): Number of returns Amount	62,929 143,335,753	19,392 324,358	17,938 1,661,489	7,030 2,643,248	13,798 22,857,699	3,395 35,594,465	1,377
Other assets Number of returns Amount	37,370 27,121,562	10,666 7,631	7,272	5,301 216,831	9,861 2,481,465	2,988 5,610,212	1,282
<b>btal liabilities</b> Accounts payable:	186,389,508	998,857	1,978,533	2,357,913	20,259,930	32,497,825	128,296,449
Number of returns Amount Grants payable:	64,574 24,317,829	21,331 491,371	16,968 588,219	7,606 606,693	13,691 3,310,028	3,534 5,295,500	1,443 14,026,017
Number of returns Amount Support and revenue designated for future periods:	3,482 2,901,022	485 211	970 76,066	461 34,297	1,113 446,937	324 812,140	129 1,531,371
Number of returns	12,919 5,247,044	2,424 20,709	4,363 158,541	1,613 281,037	3,497 1,517,398	754 1,674,225	268 1,595,134
Loans from officers, directors, trustees and key employees: Number of returns		1,454	1,454	115	124	51	. 12 e . 3 → 12 e . 17
Amount Mortgages and other notes payable: Number of returns	357,210 31,975	4,928	28,799 8,242	576 4,725	68,788 8,939	84,582 2,601	169,537
Amount Dther liabilities: Number of returns	78,196,369	276,701 13,574	893,018 8,726	1,000,659	11,769,482 9,049	18,044,597 2,764	46,211,912
Amount	75,370,032	204,938	233,889	434,650	3,147,297	6,586,781	64,762,477
Number of returns Amount	105,841 237,154,778	45,571 481,004	29,088 4,096,259	9,450 4,346,199	16,474 32,931,180	3,773 53,315,235	1,485 141,984,901
Jumber of returns	105,479 423,544,288	45,086 1,479,862	.29,088 6,074,793	9,450 6,704,113	16,589 53,191,110	3,777 85,813,060	1,489 270,281,351
tal revenue: lumber of returns	106,449 268,389,632	46,056 6,246,775	29,088 10,664,649	9,450 10,116,752	16,589 34,596,728	3,777 58,463,873	1,489 148,300,855
otal contributions received: Number of returns Amount	84,057 55,770,719	35,875 3,392,202	22,301 5,637,893	8,067 6,080,384	13,222 11,678,417	3,275 10,348,427	1,318 18,633,395
Contributions received from direct public support: Number of returns Amount	76,266 24,750,168	31,512 1,523,549	20,846 1,491,669	7,260 1,517,764	,12,360 5,470,695	3,077 6,060,907	1,211 8,685,583
Contributions received from indirect public support: Number of returns	22,134	7,757	6,787	2,190 325,335	4,400 1,464,547	668	333 1,734,512
Footnotes at end of table.	5,699,416	191,//0	020,340	320,000	1,404,047	1,354,896	1,734,512

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# Table 1.—Returns of Tax-Exempt Section 501(C)(3) Organizations: Selected Income and Balance Sheet Items, by Size of Total Assets, 1985—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	Size of total assets									
Items	Total	Under \$100,000 2,3	\$100,000 under \$500,000 <sup>3</sup>	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 under \$50,000,000	\$50,000,000 or more			
<u> </u>	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)			
Total revenue (continued):										
Government grants:	00.000	13,000	7,757	3,688	3,856	1,265	652			
Number of returns	30,308 25,321,134	13,090 1,676,875	3,517,875	4,237,285	4,743,175	2,932,625	8,213,300			
Program service revenue:				0.000	10,974	3.102	1,317			
Number of returns	65,732 167,893,094	26,664 2,129,924	17,453 3,681,371	6,223 3,277,562	17,653,495	40,926,963	100,223,779			
Amount Membership dues and assessments:	107,093,094	2,123,324					105			
Number of returns	27,517	15,029	6,302	2,305 158,988	3,385 1,188,322	391 633,777	105 1,001,269			
Amount Interest on savings and temporary cash investments:	3,751,104	252,552	516,196	130,900	1,100,022	000,777				
Number of returns	81,248	33,451	22,786	7,952	12,926	2,978	1,156 2,349,497			
Amount	4,502,911	62,671	147,596	143,012	762,328	1,037,807	2,349,497			
Dividends and interest from securities: Number of returns	15.979	970	3,878	2,074	6,290	1,944	823			
Amount	7,689,457	641	41,013	46,110	740,192	1,193,753	5,667,748			
Net rental income (loss):	10.555	1 454	3,394	1,729	4,125	1,250	604			
Number of returns	12,555 612,747	1,454 45,464	- 10,842	12,190	246,898	100,952	218,086			
Gross rents:				4 700	4 1 1 4	1,254	602			
Number of returns	12,547 1,485,258	1,454 141,979	3,394 18,371	1,729 38,182	4,114 519,963	244,317	522,446			
Amount Rental expenses:	1,485,258	141,979	10,071	00,102						
Number of returns	6,291	1,454	1,454	461	1,923	646 143,365	353 304,360			
Amount	872,510	96,515	29,212	25,992	273,065	143,303	304,000			
Other investment income (loss): Number of returns	3,452	485	970	230	1,037	469	261			
Amount	1,739,031	439	1,646	3,394	122,131	182,879	1,428,543			
Total gain (loss) from sale of assets:		4 000	2 070	1,959	5,652	2,059	972			
Number of returns	16,460 7,233,460	1,939 6,531	3,878 27,505	17,410	401,736	949,722	5,830,556			
Amount Gains (loss), sales of securities:	1,200,100					1 400	607			
Number of returns	11,636	1,454	2,909 22,491	1,152 22,453	4,085 336,266	1,428 805,472	5,265,346			
Amount Gross amount from sales:	6,458,279	6,251	22,451	22,400						
Number of returns	11,598	1,454	2,909	1,152	4,075	1,409	599 43,738,715			
Amount	53,884,912	16,325	179,164	172,553	2,465,057	7,313,099	43,738,713			
Cost or other basis and sales expenses: Number of returns	9,559	970	2,424	922	3,566	1,191	487			
Amount	47,426,633	10,074	156,673	150,099	2,128,791	6,507,627	38,473,369			
Gain (loss), sales of other assets:	6,678	485	970	1,152	2,461	1,027	583			
Number of returns		280	5,014	- 5,044	65,471	144,250	565,210			
Gross amount from sale of other assets:				4 007	2.473	908	525			
Number of returns		485	970 7,714	1,037 15,698	357,152	328,112	1,081,088			
Amount Cost of other basis and sales expenses:	1,790,403	120		1			450			
Number of returns		485	485	807 20,742	1,390 291,681	787 183,861	456 515,878			
Amount	1,015,302	440	2,699	20,742	231,001	100,001				
Net income (loss), fundraising: Number of returns	22,342	13,090	5,333	1,268	2,239	313	100			
Amount		170,912	265,535	83,224	371,440	85,693	51,028			
Gross revenue:	22,489	13,090	5,333	1,383	2,250	325	108			
Number of returns		346,148	383,695	130,048	614,531	139,369	88,149			
Direct expenses:		0.700	4.000	1,037	1,770	282	99			
Number of returns		8,726 175,236	4,363 118,159	46,824	243,091	53,677	37,122			
Arnount Gross profit (loss), sales of inventory:	0/4,100	110,200								
Number of returns		3,878	5,333	1,498	2,436 492,969	742	329 1,904,548			
Amount	3,953,446	39,433	160,048	40,454	492,909	1,313,333	1,004,010			
Gross sales minus returns and allowances: Number of returns	14,214	3,878	5,333	1,498	2,436	741	328			
Amount		148,001	471,834	214,457	1,006,136	2,205,312	3,172,733			
Cost of goods sold:	13,293	3,878	4,848	1,498	2,092	669	- 308			
Number of returns		108,569	311,786	174,003	513,167	889,317	1,268,185			
Other revenue:				4.070	9,070	2,653	1,121			
Number of returns		14,544 145,998	14,059 196,682	4,379 254,024	938,799	1,687,905	10,992,385			
Amount	14,215,795	143,550	100,002	201,02,0						
Total expenses: Number of returns		45,571	28,603	9,334	16,455	3,764 53,480,945	1,487 132,412,987			
Amount		6,206,511	10,495,551	9,700,828	31,917,324	53,460,945	102,412,507			
Program services: Number of returns	100,497	42,662	28,118	8,989	15,654	3,621	1,452			
Amount		5,013,830	8,807,915	8,229,789	26,372,398	43,496,534	114,673,575			
Fundraising:		0.606	7,272	3,111	5,329	1,482	641			
Number of returns Amount		9,696 219,270	109,548	117,704	418,656	580,784	780,262			
Payments to affiliates:					845	128	70			
	. 3,697	1,454	970	230						

Excluding Private Foundations.
 Includes zero assets or not reported.
 Money amounts in this column should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which they are based.
 NOTE: Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

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 Table 2.—Returns of Tax-Exempt Section 501(C)(3) Organizations: Selected Income and Balance Sheet Items, by State, 1985<sup>1</sup>

[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

·····	**				·	Selecte	elected receipts			
State	Number of returns	Total revenue		ntributions Bived	Direct put	blic support	Indirect pu	blic support	Govern	ment grants
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	- (7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
United States, total	106,449	268,389,632	84,057	55,770,719	76,266	24,750,168	22,134	5,699,416	30,308	25,321,134
Alabama	.888	2,257,332	710	378,384	592	137 744	33	28.301	638	212,338
Alaska	525	156,354	<sup>.</sup> 40	48,774	27	29,314	1 1	1,023	29	18,436
Arizona	263	1,790,502	221	390,085	207	154,861	19	- 7,987	144	227,237.
Arkansas California	953 12,214	1,289,630	443	196,407	430	115,605	140	35,685	38	45,117
•·· ·		28,865,873	8,582	5,454,065	7,276	2,926,144	1,631	538,575	2,824	1,989,347
Colorado Connecticut	1,350 1,893	3,033,472	1,315	512,103	1,303	314,004	256	89,095	28	109,005
Delaware	32	4,599,438 777,761	1,393 29	768,025	1,390	539,957	41	12,892	558	215,177
District of Columbia	2,393	6,363,245	2,256	2,083,363	28 :	37,816 591,946	5	1,054	10	3,600
Florida	4,073	9,948,046	3,486	3,083,541	3,444	949,740	1,007	389,912	1,444	1,216,517
Georgia	1,335	4,143,138	1,163	1.073.932	1,151	498,900	293	68,404		
Hawaii	402	987,165	274	344,226	273	498,900 68,676	. 14	5,666	297 135	506,628 269,884
Idaho	146	604,021	135	319,985	134	81,532	12	1,531	119	236,923
Illinois	4,595	15,348,396	3,729	3,657,150	3,694	1,147,993	1,437	319,859	1,983	2,189,297
Indiana	4,023	5,732,313	3,344	1,165,854	2,346	553,759	1,037	36,089	2,076	576,007
lowa	1,270	1,867,324	1,223	219,374	1,220	150.851 .	32	10,958	43	57.565
Kansas	• 732	1,463,715	726	182,902	715	108,177	58	19,778	165	54,947
Kentucky	928	2,048,871	755	305,466	265	247,420	33	10,454	533	47,592
Louisiana Maine	714	2,284,838	688	567,202	570	106,236	18	12,258	620	448,708
		981,726	1,059	54,316	1,058	29,795	491	11,528	499	12,993
Maryland	2,967	3,501,952	1,354	289,160	1,342	202,944	28	14,884	107	71,332
Massachusetts Michigan	5,056 4,444	15,299,534 9,397,848	3,87 <u>1</u> 2,898	4,335,445	3,854	1,315,526	655	22,994	1,430	2,996,924
Minnesota	1,516	3,714,138	2,698	1,311,891 1,024,208	2,889 1,462	601,331 510,461	1,297	302,452	1,546	408,108
Mississippi	698	1,135,430	692	175,336	664	97,614	267 487	163,190 32,515	295 178	350,558 45,207
Missouri	2,289	6,121,352	1,163	1.049.796	1,145	413.756	212	193,966	228	í · · ·
Montana	45	398,977		12.860	34	8,799	3	618	6	<u>442,075</u> 5~ 3,443.
Nebraska	. 80	936,109	73	174,296	71	156,112	18	5.079	28	13,105
Nevada	25	181,058	25	60,372	14	58,258	10	726	10	1,388
New Hampshire	298	1,023,478	285	175,771	283	149,900	. 119	1,986	135	23,886
New Jersey	2,790	7,261,965	2,584	1,085,094	2,554	463,191	910	215,969	959	405,934
New Mexico	81	568,337	66	45,865	62	26,212	5	3,433	18	16,219
New York	11,436	45,226,470	9,520	8,841,350	9,210	4,077,369	1,727	1,580,402	4,214	3,183,579
North Carolina North Dakota	3,069 170	5,072,947 779,656	2,536 157	1,443,704	2,406	756,701	642	152,346	1,281	534,658
				67,166	157	64,589	. 2	2,039	3	538
Ohio Oklahoma	6,181 1,708	11,405,661	4,982 1,438	2,421,894	3,971	920,820	2,436	310,495	2,239	1,190,579
Oregon	2,286	1,929,316	1,653	505,347 355,239	1,436 1,647	233,673 280,412	22 619	9,836	624 509	261,837
Pennsylvania	6.049	20,395,716	4,783	3,042,207	4,735	1,867,552	1,239	5,514 186,255	978	69,313 988,399
Puerto Rico	11	124,613	10	61,539	10	12	0	( <sup>2</sup> )	10	64 500
Rhode Island	702	1.437.007	700	271.897	687	84.564	48	75,726	171	01,526
South Carolina	93	1,086,741	82	103,064	77	67.364	28	5,192	42	30,507
South Dakota	412	871,671	399	42,518	399	31,871	116	1,675	25	8.971
Tennessee	2,079	3,908,037	1,938	632,748	1,935	419,196	616	92,456	30	121,096
Texas	4,776	10,247,272	3,768	2,290,987	3,145	1,303,396	1,545	246,110	849	741,482
Utah	132	1,102,016	130	189,401	14	18,264	• 0· •	(3)	126	171,137
Vermont	635	302,632	625	24,761	623	16,442	2	121	493	8,198
Virginia Washington	1,683 2,688	5,541,774	1,637	1,834,386	1;125	963,669	46	66,537	695	804,180
West Virginia	2,688	3,959,111 1,358,452	1,683	561,117 163,667	1 175 533	200,114 36,358	628 19	12,046	531	5 348,956
Wisconsin		· ·						3,170	139	124,140
Wyoming	1,381 26	3,545,083 56,943	1,131	283,877	1,104	189,029	681	62,988	74	31,859
	· · ·		15	8,669	15	8,638	0	. (1)	. 1	31
Foreign <sup>3</sup>	143	3,913,076	119 _	2,037,461	92	415,560	45	52,749	69	1,569,152
Footnote(s) at end of table.										

Footnote(s) at end of table.

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# Table 2.—Returns of Tax-Exempt Section 501(C)(3) Organizations: Selected Income and Balance Sheet Items, by State, 1985 1—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Selected receip	ots-continued							
State	Program se	rvice revenue	Membersh asses	ip dues and sments	Total	Program service		Func	Iraising	
-	Number of returns	Arnount	Number of returns	Amount	expenses	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	
	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
United States, total	65,732	167,893,094	27,517	3,751,104	244,214,146	100,497	206,594,040	27,531	2,226,224	
Alabama	858	1,645,597	25	14,123	2,156,153	887	1,853,397	40	7,763	
Alaska	28	62,938	488	18,738	140,829	524	118,218	11	1,181	
Arizona	215	1,226,425	22	8,769	1,694,798	240	1,405,707	30	19,411	
Arkansas	940	928,415	252	16,414	1,177,137	952	942,994	133 2,286	7,395	
California	6,305	20,448,731	3,500	552,456	26,277,709	11,320	22,788,085			
Colorado	349	2,074,896	120	14,517	2,753,214	863	2,275,130	288	30,119	
Connecticut	1,629	3,076,495	527	79,225	4,057,889	1,889	3,471,008	833	62,266	
Delaware	28	506,581	14	14,435	645,325	32	516,774	6	2,488	
District of Columbia	1,815	3,126,818	283	518,971	5,892,757	2,378	5,169,873	1,154	69,287	
Florida	2,703	5,826,814	1,015	47,984	9,180,362	4,036	7,616,089	603	54,349	
Georgia	415	2,427,391	193	123,769	3,643,292	1,322	3,098,063	226	31,078	
Hawaii	283	461,444	2	504	894,628	401	657,531	140	10,261	
daho	30	223,433	0	( <sup>2</sup> )	564,895	146	511,395	6	892	
Illinois	2,868	9,933,704	225	124,716	14,025,030	4,569	12,148,814	1,884	109,957	
Indiana	2,785	3,887,918	538	56,221	5,124,701	4,009	4,187,385	1,103	40,554	
	747	1,407,290	129	51,741	1.691.843	1,268	1,298,216	555	14,165	
owa	232	1,112,566	24	15,147	1,309,693	732	1,132,590	519	6.869	
Kansas	293	1,561,129	499	7,175	1,842,637	418	1,608,023	35	11,495	
Kentucky	293 94	1,418,540	23	29,874	2,176,073	712	1,716,987	18	5,362	
Maine	583	782,080	486	2,290	886,454	595	697,848	20	3,649	
						2,466	2,496,598	88	16.031	
Maryland	1,846	2,533,350	2,094	337,807	3,180,581	4,932	11,211,256	873	97,733	
Massachusetts	3,176	8,201,630	1,208	83,340	13,139,972	4,932	6,814,113	1,360	47,114	
Michigan	2,770	7,208,901	393	221,290	8,653,522	1,514	2,991,035	308	31,117	
Minnesota	1,371	2,279,031	126	20,392	3,320,131	698	943,114	25	3,019	
Mississippi	90	782,210	115	2,263						
Missouri	1,522	4,355,578	649	88,390	5,383,045	1,781	4,536,585	229	25,596	
Montana	· 35	365,874	1	37	387,355	35	337,958	4	2,116	
Nebraska	41	617,180	5	4,834	797,182	80	671,254	47	13,569	
Nevada	25	104,736	1	39	132,124	25	103,480	3	129	
New Hampshire	159	662,896	128	18,731	871,711	297	649,003	133	16,188	
New Jersey	2.119	4,960,180	1,021	58,452	6,582,313	2,741	5,134,391	977	55,455	
New Mexico	56	394,491	1 1	48	498,887	68	368,508	23	790	
New York	7,752	20,368,577	3,841	445,045	42,682,613	10,288	38,098,696	3,930	452,207	
North Carolina	1,914	3,117,146	16	11,904	4,560,708	3,068	4,110,922	324	26,021	
North Dakota	44	672,027	116	226	688,785	55	592,130	14	1,635	
Ohio	2.484	7,686,305	2.048	125,888	10.016.446	5,668	8,002,108	1,861	45,566	
Oklahoma	822	1,156,668	617	21,254	1,823,080	1,689	1,441,416	1,005	11,632	
Oregon	1,306	1,437,691	15	3,762	1,799,892	2,285	1,561,378	521	17,042	
Pennsylvania	4,675	15,370,967	2.026	94,999	18,786,919	5,961	15,821,697	2,096	265,947	
Puerto Rico	11	62,247	0	(2)	116,003	11	102,826	0	(²)	
			657	54,486	1,171,878	692	1,007,434	159	8,608	
Rhode Island	563 75	854,584	23	12,246	963,417	90	712,092	26	5,244	
South Carolina	75 401	827,578 729,995	23	22,648	815,521	412	698,333	128	3,952	
South Dakota	2,044	2,751,962	972	16,227	3,519,204	2,065	2,944,403	306	38,355	
Tennessee	2,265	6,264,475	1.373	182,433	9,073,236	4,616	7,442,057	1,036	96,505	
Texas			1 '						674	
Utah	130	689,331	0	(Å	1,002,875	131	937,949	501	1,551	
Vermont	624	239,013		29	288,803	633	224,155		70,018	
Virginia	1,470	2,924,180	51	93,807	4,939,332	1,667	3,924,411	294 524	15,755	
Washington	1,711	3,151,480	618	7,311	3,740,152	2,685	3,034,789	524 506	5,954	
West Virginia	190	997,696	496	9,923	1,263,182	689	1,132,878			
Wisconsin	732	2,782,192	289	29,822	3,253,821	1,261	2,648,373	286	23,876	
Wyoming	13	27,145	0	( <sup>2</sup> )	42,287	26	38,857	2	183	
	98	1,176,573	23	86.394	3,534,409	134	2,645,710	50	30.271	
Foreign <sup>3</sup>	30	1,170,573	23	L 00,094	3,304,409	i	1	L	L	

Footnote(s) at end of table.

Table 2.—Returns of Tax-Exempt Section 501(C)(3) Organizations: Selected Income and Balance Sheet Items, by State, 1985 <sup>1</sup>—Continued

[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

	i Information items							
State	Total	assets	Total	Total liabiliti balance/i	es and fund tet worth			
	Number of returns	Amount	liabilities	Number of returns	Amount			
	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)			
United States, total	105,479	423,544,289	186,389,508	106,449	423,544,288			
Alabama	888	3,219,111	1,567,559	888	3,219,112			
Alaska	525	450,788	266,253	525	450.788			
Arizona	263	2,647,535	1.681.747	, 263	2,647,535			
Arkansas	953	2,133,676	753,164	953	2,133,676			
California	11,729	35,338,635	15,212,838	12,214	35,338,635			
Colorado								
	1,350 1,893	4,266,629	1,763,264	1,350	4,266,629			
Connecticut	32	10,200,195	2,103,289	1,893	10,200,195			
Delaware		1,876,497	488,110	32	1,876,497			
District of Columbia	2,393	7,847,750	2,841,734	2,393	7,847,750			
lorida	4,073	13,176,175	5,283,928	4,073	13,176,175			
Seorgia	1,335	6,380,303	1,624,167	1,335	6,380,303			
lawaii	. 402	2,073,588	555,326	402	2,073,588			
daho	146	634,545	237,464	146	634,545			
llinois	4,595	20,864,363	7,805,152	4,595	20,864,363			
ndiana	4,023	8,414,805	3,277,851	4,023	8,414,805			
owa	1,270	3.330.494	1,311,897	1,270	3,330,494			
Kansas	732	2,350,782	786,630	732	2,350,782			
entucky	928	3,485,375	1,424,019	928	3,485,375			
ouisiana	714	3,728,639	1,575,802	714	3,728,639			
taine	1.080	1,425,314	525,302	1,080	1,425,314			
	,				1			
Maryland	2,967	5,266,257	1,919,638	2,967	5,266,257			
Aassachusetts	5,056	25,188,329	8,170,043	5,056	25,188,329			
Aichigan	4,444	11,710,275	4,691,734	4,444	11,710,275			
Ainnesota	1,516	5,762,684	2,476,046	1,516	5,762,684			
Aississippi	698	1,872,503,	659,622	698	1,872,503			
Aissouri	2,289	9,712,560	3,369,242	2,289	9,712,560			
fontana		724,254		45	724,254			
ebraska	80	2,317,547	753,232	. 80	2.317.547			
levada	. 25	316,788	114,435	25	316,788			
lew Hampshire	298	2,485,996	777,197	298	2,485,996			
lew Jersey	2,790	11,383,838	4,586,450	2,790	11,383,838			
lew Mexico	81	1,205,533	531,764	2,790	1,205,533			
lew York	10,951	90,535,565	63,074,754	11,436	90,535,564			
Iorth Carolina	3.069	7,509,212	1,988,192	3,069				
Iorth Dakota	170	1,033,933	559,480		7,509,212			
	·			170	1,033,933			
Dhio	6,181	16,810,864	6,095,243	6,181	16,810,863			
Dklahoma	1,708	4,474,764	1,483,278	1,708	4,474,764			
)regon	2,286	2,576,707	1,112,531	2,286	2,576,707			
ennsylvania	6,049	27,097,883	10,984,867	6,049	27,097,882			
uerto Rico	11	, 122,252	57,987 <sup>.</sup>	11	122,252			
hode Island	702	2.203.616	690.962	702	2,203,616			
outh Carolina	93	1,983,566	667,512	93	1,983,566			
outh Dakota	412	1,786,264	1.032.664	412	1,786,264			
ennessee	2,079	6.079.557	2,100,859	2.079	6.079.557			
exas	4,776	18,849,815	7,186,945	4,776	18,849,815			
tah	132	1.703.748			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
ermont	635		588,994	132	1,703,748			
iroinia '	1.683	839,483	237,295	635	839,483			
irginia /ashington		7,704,461	2,547,371	1,683	7,704,461			
/est Virginia	2,688 691	4,759,433 1,924,704	2,089,615	2,688	4,759,433			
			738,602	691	1,924,704			
Visconsin	1,381	6,541,375	2,190,585	1,381	6,541,375			
lyoming	26	210,418	63,022	26	210,418			
oreign <sup>3</sup>	143	7,004,908	1.370.458	143	7.004.908			
✓		1,000,000			1,004,000			

 Excluding Private Foundations.
 Less than \$500.
 Includes entities organized outside the United States that have received tax-exempt recognition under Internal Revenue Code section 501(c)(3) and that conduct part of their activities in the United States. . -÷ŧ.,

# Table 3.—Returns of Tax-Exempt Section 501(C)(3) Organizations: Functional Expenditures, By Size of Total Contributions Received, 1985 <sup>1</sup>

[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

					of total contributions re			
Item	Total	Contributions zero or unreported	\$1 under \$25,000	\$25,000 under \$100,000	\$100,000 under \$500,000	\$500,000 under \$1,000,000	\$1,000,000 under \$10,000,000	\$10,000,000 or more
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Number of 501(c)(3) returns	106,449	22,392	26,074	22,181	19,618	7,525	8,124	536
otal functional expenditures:								
Number of returns	105,213	22,301	25,083	22,066	19,598	7,523	8,108	535
Amount	A 10 100 000	39,126,035	20,108,051	19,513,655	38,937,740	24,903,426	56,382,960	44,431,491
Total grants and allocations:								
Number of returns	25,102	3,344	8,446	4,730	3,500	2,442	2,325	314
Amount		8,599,437	276,302	210,295	589,438	595,302	3,326,136	5,897,893
Total specific assistance to individuals:								43
Number of returns		501	500	262	4,361	856 273,962	763 514,611	466,408
Amount	7,533,215	7,851	5,862,203	11,529	396,650	213,902	514,011	400,400
Total benefits paid to or for members:	0.622	677	511	512	859	38	28	8
Number of returns		278,568	25,076	18,753	170,751	12,208	11,147	45,555
Amount Total compensation of officers, directors:	302,030	210,000	20,010			· ·		
Number of returns	31,372	7,336	5,070	5,899	7,213	2,665	2,860	330
Amount		409,500	211,043	264,960	445,741	284,695	508,030	571,160
Total other salaries and wages:					10 500	7 000	7,787	477
Number of returns		14,229	13,010	14,889	16,503	7,039 10,451,278	22,681,531	15,992,951
Amount	86,382,609	8,289,211	5,393,254	7,621,721	15,952,663	10,451,276	22,001,001	10,552,551
Total pension plan contributions:	10,400	2,503	1,850	3,067	5,317	1,434	3.933	335
Number of returns		2,503	123,848	212,680	428,442	244,742	721,940	945,300
Amount Total other employee benefits:	2,541,420	204,470	120,040	2,2,000				
Number of returns	45,746	6,171	5,498	9,787	12,652	5,318	5,894	425
Amount		782,137	422,778	674,261	1,359,533	949,057	1,974,915	1,574,950
Total payroll taxes:						5040	E 600	389
Number of returns		12,238	10,723	12,049	15,248	5,942 693,933	5,699 1,437,107	921,122
Amount	5,511,726	549,033	334,146	502,387	1,073,999	093,933	1,407,107	521,122
Total professional fundraising fees:	4 100	119	17	1,011	894	824	1,255	60
Number of returns		4,621	417	9,808	6,535	14,290	46,218	15,188
Amount Total accounting fees:	. 97,070	4,021	1		-,			
Number of returns	57,103	14,290	11,548	10,217	9,971	4,934	5,778	364
Amount		71,085	41,405	46,384	105,067	76,953	113,396	58,408
Total legal fees:						0.000	0.554	325
Number of returns		5,082	4,825	4,689	4,019	2,333 54,325	3,554 198,597	85,496
Amount	. 696,243	118,711	49,085	70,500	119,529	54,525	130,337	00,400
Total supplies:	82,461	15,686	19,291	16,627	16.352	6,854	7,206	445
Number of returns		1,941,049	1,444,339	2,010,089	3,908,694	2,187,438	4,340,727	2,948,730
Total telephone:		.,	.,,	,				
Number of returns	. 74,435	14,484	16,403	14,919	15,818	5,915	6,474	421
Amount	. 1,602,020	178,959	80,471	117,593	247,111	176,583	443,456	357,847
Total postage and shipping:			11.000	14,501	14,866	5,429	5,481	399
Number of returns		9,610	14,083 53,553	43,940	137,957	76,201	443,017	261,951
Amount	. 1,097,083	80,464	55,555	40,540	107,007	, 0,201		
Total occupancy: Number of returns	61,710	10,462	12,596	10,525	15,423	5,403	6,884	416
Amount		691,032	379,545	452,300	1,067,299	798,227	1,899,008	1,272,105
Total equipment rental and maintenance:			1					
Number of returns	. 53,066	8,779	10,047	9,819	13,166	5,483	5,369	403
Amount		281,883	213,402	266,051	559,646	318,543	807,275	543,194
Total printing and publications:			10.070	14.005	14,115	5,321	4,754	406
Number of returns		6,861	16,378	14,365 112,152	326,271	154,687	556,131	399,938
Amount	. 1,804,480	134,290	121,010	112,152	320,271	104,001		
Total travel: Number of returns	. 62,314	8,357	13,881	14,300	11,760	6,433	7,154	428
Amount	1	163,560	81,131	88,339	162,447	198,311	729,108	551,672
Total conferences, conventions and meetings:		- ,						070
Number of returns	. 46,442	8,416	7,425	11,272	12,365	3,605	3,090	270
Amount	899,582	252,558	160,915	49,184	97,862	57,647	176,664	104,751
Total interest:			0.000	6 576	6,179	3,656	3,094	275
Number of returns		8,093	6,883	6,576 559,607	1,033,328	635,317	869,180	570,043
Amount	5,456,250	1,259,554	529,221	339,007	1,000,020	000,017	200,100	1
Total depreciation, depletion:	. 51,078	9,249	9,082	9,236	13,110	4,807	5,257	337
Number of returns		1,068,524	675,741	925,684	1,777,438	1,075,007	1,462,417	614,680
Total other expenses:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,000,024						
Number of returns	. 100,149	21,104	24,090	20,584	18,395	7,383	8,063	530
Amount		13,699,524	3,629,140	5,245,412	8,978,468	5,574,718	13,122,353	10,232,148

<sup>1</sup> Excluding Private Foundations.

NOTE: Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

# **Environmental Taxes, 1987**

#### By John A. Kozielec\*

Environmental excise tax liabilities of \$800.8 million before adjustments were reported by 681 taxpayers during the first year of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, or SARA. After adjustments, the tax was \$760.1 million. SARA reinstated and amended the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), which had expired on September 30, 1985, and re-established the Hazardous Substance Trust Fund, more commonly referred to as the "Superfund." Under SARA, Congress planned to amass \$6.6 billion for the Superfund during the 5-year period beginning January 1, 1987.

#### BACKGROUND

To deal with the problems of hazardous substances or wastes, Congress created a major Federal program to clean up the worst abandoned hazardous substance and waste sites in the country by Environmental enacting the Comprehensive Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA). Congress intended to amass \$1.4 billion in the Fund through a special environmental tax on petroleum, petrochemicals, and inorganic chemicals. The tax rates for each were formulated so that the tax liability would reflect the respective percentages in which these substances were found in hazardous waste sites [1]. By the time CERCLA expired on September 30, 1985, only about \$1.2 billion in environmental taxes had been reported for the period from April 1981 through September 1985 [2].

When it became clear that the goal of cleaning up the worst abandoned hazardous waste sites would not be met, Congress decided to extend and amend CERCLA by enacting the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) and re-establishing the Hazardous Substance Trust Fund or Superfund, effective January 1, 1987 through December 31, 1991. However, to encourage dumping at qualified waste disposal facilities and to avoid penalizing those who were already doing so, SARA repealed the hazardous waste tax, a tax on waste received at qualified waste sites.

The Superfund is used to clean up chemical spills and abandoned hazardous waste sites. It relies on an excise tax levied on crude oil used in or exported from the United States, imported crude oil and petroleum products, 11 petrochemicals and 31 inorganic chemicals from which other hazardous substances and wastes are generated. The hazardous chemical substances and wastes which the Fund was designed to deal with were those generated during production of plastics, paints, adhesives, herbicides, fertilizers, and pesticides, or in the production of metals, petroleum products and glass. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) estimated that 57 million metric tons of hazardous wastes were being produced annually and that more than 90 percent of this waste was believed to be disposed of in environmentally unsound ways [3].

Under SARA, Congress increased the appropriations for the Superfund to \$8.5 billion. Approximately \$6.6 billion was to be raised through the renewal of the environmental excise taxes on petroleum, petrochemicals, and inorganic chemicals. Another \$1.25 billion was to be appropriated from general tax revenues at the rate of \$250 million per year for 5 years. The remainder was to come from penalties for clean-up costs, punitive damages in responding to an environmental emergency involving a release of hazardous substances, interest earned on the Superfund, amounts recovered in behalf of the Superfund, and moneys recovered or collected under the Clean Water Act.

Expenditures of the \$8.5 billion appropriated or collected were to include but were not limited to the following: 1) costs of responding to the presence of hazardous substances on land or in the water or air, including clean-up and renewal of such substances and remedial action; 2) payment of claims for injury to, or destruction or loss of, natural resources belonging to or controlled by the Federal or State Governments; 3) any costs incurred by the Agency for Toxic Substance and Disease Registry of the U.S. Service, including costs of Public Health epidemiological studies, health assessments, and preparation of toxicological profiles, and 4) certain costs relating to response, including damage assessment and maintenance of emergency response forces.

#### **TAXES REPORTED FOR 1987**

The percentage distribution of environmental taxes attributable to petroleum, petrochemicals, and inorganic chemicals changed considerably in 1987

<sup>\*</sup>Foreign Special Projects Section. Prepared under the direction of Michael Alexander, Chief

in response to SARA, compared to the distribution for the combined quarters ended June 1981 through September 1985 under CERCLA. Figure A shows that the petrochemical tax was 28.1 percent of total environmental taxes for 1987, a significant decrease from the 66.1 percent for the entire period 1981 through 1985.

In contrast, the percentage of the total that was due to petroleum environmental taxes increased from 15.0 percent to 65.9 percent. This reflected the new, higher, petroleum tax rates under SARA. For 1987, taxes on domestic petroleum, imported crude oil and petroleum products, and petrochemicals were nearly equal, as shown in Figure B.

Figure B shows that under SARA the average tax (for 1987, before adjustments) was \$1.2 million per taxpayer, an increase of over \$85,000 compared to the overall average for the period April 1981 through September 1985 under CERCLA. The resultant total of environmental excise taxes generated for the Superfund amounted to \$800.8 million. This amount is distributed in Figure C by the types of hazardous substances that were taxed and by the quarter of 1987 in which tax was incurred.

The top five companies in 1987, each reporting more than \$35 million in tax, reported more than \$243 million in tax before adjustments. This was over 30 percent of the total tax for 1987. The top 14 companies, those that reported over \$15 million in tax, were responsible for more than half the total tax.

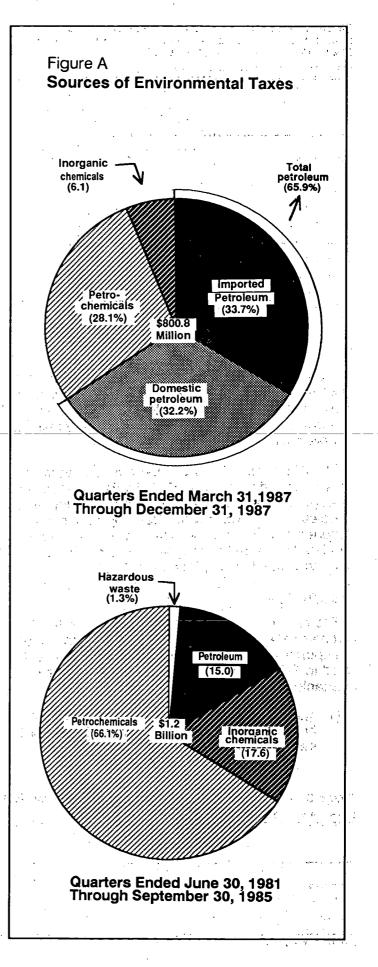
#### PETROLEUM

Specifically, the following petroleum and petroleum-related businesses were subject to the environmental excise tax:

- operators of U.S. refineries receiving domestic crude oil;
- (2) importers of crude oil and petroleum products for consumption, or warehousing; and
- (3) users or exporters of crude oil on which the environmental tax had not already been paid.

SARA increased the excise tax imposed by CERCLA on crude oil received at a U.S. refinery or exported from the United States, from \$.0079 to \$.0820 per barrel and on crude oil and petroleum products imported into the United States for consumption or warehousing from \$.0079 to \$.1170 per barrel.

As Figure B shows, petroleum environmental taxes reported for 1987 by the companies subject to the tax totalled \$527.4 million, an average tax of \$1.4 million per company, compared to \$176.9 million or



#### Figure B.—Number of Businesses and Environmental Excise Taxes Before Adjustments and Credits, Quarters Ended March 1987 through December 1987

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Type of	Number of businesses reporting	Tax before adjustments			
tax	environmental excise taxes	Total tax <sup>2</sup>	Average tax		
· _ • · · · · · · · ·	(1)	(2)	(3)		
Total environmental taxes	681	\$800,8330	\$1,176		
Taxes on:					
Total petroleum	. 382	527,431	1,381		
Domestic petroleum produced	174	257,912	1,482		
Imported crude oil and					
petroleum products	208	269,519	1,296		
Petrochemicals	162	224,923	1,388		
Inorganic chemicals	296	48,479	164		

<sup>1</sup> Number of businesses do not add to total because businesses could report a tax on more than one type of substance. <sup>2</sup> Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

an average of under \$0.4 million per company for the 1981-85 period. The 1987 petroleum tax liability alone was thus almost three times greater than the amount for the entire 5-years of the previous petroleum tax under CERCLA.

The 208 companies with imported petroleum had an average tax for 1987 of \$1.3 million, while the average tax for the 174 companies with domestic petroleum was \$1.5 million. Data for domestic and imported petroleum businesses were not separately tabulated for 1981 through 1985 because the tax rate per barrel was the same for each.

#### **CHEMICALS**

The requirements for filing and reporting the tax on chemicals applied to any manufacturer, producer, or importer that sold or used the taxable chemicals listed in Table 1. The following petrochemicals and inorganic chemicals were exempted from tax:

(1) methane or butane used as a fuel, unless a business used the chemical in the manufacture of another taxable chemical;

- (2) nitric acid, sulfuric acid, ammonia, and also methane if used in the production of ammonia that was used for fertilizer or animal feed substances:
- (3) sulfuric acid produced solely as a by-product of, and on the same site as, air pollution control equipment;
- (4) any substance to the extent it was derived from coal;
- (5) chemicals used in the manufacture or production of any motor, diesel, or aviation fuel;
- (6) chemicals because of their transitory presence during smelting, refining, or extracting any substance not subject to the tax:
- (7) chromium, cobalt, or nickel that was recycled; and
- (8) taxable chemicals sold for export.

#### PETROCHEMICALS

The tax rate of \$4.87 per ton for nine of the 10 petrochemicals taxed at this rate under CERCLA was not changed by SARA; however, SARA increased the rate on xylene from \$4.87 to \$10.13 per ton. The tax on the eleventh petrochemical, methane, remained unchanged at \$3.44 per ton; this was the lowest rate applicable to any petrochemical (see Table 2). For 1987, petrochemicals were reported by one-fourth of the companies reporting an environmental tax. They accounted for only 28 percent of the total tax, an average tax of nearly \$1.4 million per taxpayer, compared to the period 1981-1985 when petrochemicals accounted for 66 percent of the total tax and nearly \$3 million per taxpayer. For 1987, ethylene, the highest revenue-producing petrochemical, was reported by 31 businesses for a total of over \$87 million in tax. This was approximately 40 percent of the total tax on petrochemicals. For the period 1981 through 1985, ethylene was also the highest revenue-producing petrochemical. It was reported by 47 businesses and accounted for a total of \$311 million in tax during this period. This was the same proportion of total petrochemical taxes (40 percent)

Figure C.—Environmental Taxes Before Adjustments by Quarter, Quarters Ended March 1987 through December 1987 [Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

Quarter ended	Total	Domestic petroleum	Imported crude oil and petroleum products	Petro- chemicats	Inorganic chemicals
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
All quarters	\$800.8	\$257.9	\$269.5	\$224.9	\$48.5
March June September December	186.3 197.4 208.0 209.1	63.3 66.0 64.7 64.0	57.3 62.5 75.6 74.1	53.8 56.7 56.9 57.5	12.0 12.1 10.8 13.6

NOTE: Detail may not add to the total due to rounding

as in 1987. The combined tax on benzene, propylene, xylene, plus ethylene amounted to almost \$193 million. This was nearly 86 percent of the total tax for petrochemicals. During 1981 through 1985, the tax reported for these same four chemicals totalled \$627 million. This total was not that much different, percentage-wise, from 1987--80 percent.

#### **INORGANIC CHEMICALS**

SARA did not change the tax imposed by CERCLA on 31 inorganic chemicals. The rates continued to vary from \$0.22 to \$4.45 per ton. A total of \$48.5 million in tax was reported in 1987 by 296 taxpayers, for an average of \$164,000 per taxpayer. Although more than 40 percent of the businesses with an environmental tax reported a tax on inorganic chemicals, the total amount of tax incurred was only slightly over 6 percent of the total environmental tax for the tax year. For the period 1981-85, the percentage of businesses with inorganic chemical taxes was about the same as 1987; although the total number was greater at 439. This was 48 percent more than for 1987. However, the amount of inorganic taxes for the period 1981-1985 comprised a larger part of the total, 18 percent. The average tax for inorganic chemicals during the earlier period (1981-1985) was \$475,000 per business or almost three times greater than that in 1987.

Sulfuric acid was the most frequently reported inorganic chemical in 1987, with 77 businesses accounting for \$1.5 million in tax liability, which represented only 3 percent of the tax reported for all inorganic chemicals. Chlorine, reported by 48 businesses, accounted for more than half of the inorganic chemical tax and over 3 percent of the total environmental tax. For 1981 through 1985, sulfuric acid was also the most frequently reported inorganic chemical tax. The 114 businesses with sulfuric acid tax liabilities reported \$10.5 million or 5 percent of the total inorganic tax.

#### HAZARDOUS WASTE

CERCLA had established the Post-closure Liability Trust Fund financed by a tax levied on hazardous waste received at a qualified hazardous waste disposal facility. This Fund was to pay for the costs of managing closed hazardous waste disposal facilities. The tax of \$2.13 per dry weight ton of hazardous waste was repealed under SARA. The tax on waste received at these sites totalled \$15.6 million over the 1981-1985 period.

#### **ADJUSTMENTS**

A business could adjust, i.e., reduce, its total tax if a chemical on which tax was previously paid was later used to manufacture or produce another substance subject to the environmental excise tax. The taxpayer could reduce current tax by either claiming a credit for taxes previously paid, paying the total but filing a claim for a refund of these taxes, or applying the previously paid amount toward the next quarter's tax if no tax was due currently. A credit or refund was also allowed if a tax were later paid on a chemical such as nitric acid; sulfuric acid; or ammonia which was used to produce fertilizer; methane used to produce ammonia; or a chemical used to produce animal feed. Each of these was considered to be a nontaxable use. Credits or refunds could also be claimed for taxes paid on crude oil removed from a pipeline and later returned to the same pipeline.

SARA retroactively repealed the tax on xylene for the quarters ending before October 1, 1985. Thus, taxpayers could also claim a credit for the tax previously paid (including interest, and additions to tax, such as from IRS examination activities) on xylene, or file a claim for a refund. Many, but not all, taxpayers claimed the adjustment to their xylene tax for 1981-1985 on their returns for the first quarter under SARA, which ended March 1987. For 1981-1985, there were 92 businesses that reported \$72.7 millionof excise taxes on xylene.

Total adjustments reported for 1987 were \$40.8 million. Almost 60 percent was claimed in the quarter ending March 1987. Although xylene was the most obvious chemical that could give rise to tax adjustments, it was not the only one. However, the adjustments for other types of chemicals were not tabulated separately.

#### DATA SOURCES AND LIMITATIONS

Form 6627, Environmental Taxes, is used to compute the tax liability for petroleum and chemicals. The data shown in this study are taken from the Form 6627. Since products could only be taxed once, if an environmental tax was already paid on an item, tax could not be reimposed on a subsequent person who would otherwise be liable for the tax. As a result, taxpayers are not double counted in the statistics. Returns are due to be filed with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) within 1 month after the end of the quarter in which the business is liable for an environmental tax. Data in this article reflect information reported on unaudited returns filed for the quarters ending March 31, 1987 through December 31, 1987.

IRS also releases environmental tax statistics in a separate quarterly report on excise taxes [4]. The figures, taken from the Form 720, the Quarterly Excise Tax Return, rather than Form 6627, show the total tax collected, after adjustments, based on

returns recorded on the IRS Business Master File as part of routine tax administrative processing. The data, however, are not classified by type of chemical. Because returns are due 1 month after the end of the calendar quarter in which tax was incurred, the tax reflected in the collection statistics is for the quarter in which the returns were filed and processed. In contrast, for this article, taxes represent the amounts reported on the return rather than the amounts actually collected. Moreover, the statistics are shown for the quarter in which the tax liability was actually incurred. The tax collection statistics also include amounts paid with returns filed after the 1-month period because of routine filing extensions and other reasons. For Statistics of Income, the tax for these returns was included in the quarter representing the guarter for which the tax was due. In summary, the collection statistics cover whatever tax was recorded during a quarter, regardless of when it was incurred. Consequently, the two series of data are not directly comparable.

Since no statistical sampling was involved, the data presented here are not subject to sampling error, but may be subject to nonsampling error. For example, although efforts were made to secure all returns, because of time and resource constraints, information from returns for prior quarters for the same businesses were used as the basis for estimating data for returns unavailable for the statistics.

#### **NOTES AND REFERENCES**

- [1] U.S. Senate, *Report of the Committee on Finance on S.51*, Report 99-73, May 23, 1985.
- [2] For prior years, see Barnhardt, Janet, "Superfund for Environmental Taxes," *Statistics of Income Bulletin*, Fall 1982, Volume 2, Number 2; Belal, Rashida, "Superfund for Environmental Taxes, 1981and 1982," *Statistics of Income Bulletin*, Fall 1983, Volume 3, Number 2; "Environmental Taxes 1981-83," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Spring 1985 Volume 4, Number 4; "Environmental Taxes, 1981-84," *Statistics of Income Bulletin*, Spring 1986, Volume 5, Number 4; "Superfund for Environmental Taxes, 1981-84," *Statistics of Income Bulletin*, Spring 1986, Volume 5, Number 4; "Superfund for Environmental Taxes, 1981-85," *Statistics of Income Bulletin*, Spring 1987, Volume 6, Number 4.
- [3] Environment and Natural Resources Policy Division, Congressional Research Service, Library of Congress, A Legislative History of the ComprehensiveEnvironmentalResponse, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (Superfund), Public Law 96-510, 1983.
- [4] U.S. Department of the Treasury, Internal Revenue Service, Internal Revenue Report of Excise Taxes, issued quarterly.

# Environmental Taxes, 1987

Table 1.—Environmental Excise Taxes by Type of Substance and Quarters Ended March 1987 to December 1987 [Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

		Quarter ended					
Type of substance	Total	March	June 1987	September 1987	December 1987		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)		
Total	800,833	186,356	197,389	207,957	209,131		
Petroleum, total	527,431	120,574	128,526	140,230	138,102		
Imported crude oil and petroleum products	269.519	57,313	62,523	75,556	74,128		
	257,912	63,261	- 66,003	64,674	63,974		
Domestic petroleum					57.457		
Petrochemicals, total	224,923	53,836	56,739	56,902			
Acetylene	726	162	175	· 197 ·	192		
Benzene	29,676	6,862	7,793	7,648	7,732		
Butane	3,622	650	1,131	1,228	613		
Butylene	· · 4,457 ·	1,448	929	1,111	970		
Butadiene	6,296	1,170	1,624	1,501	2,001		
Ethylene	87,161	20,512	21,239	22,572	22,839		
Methane	7,462	1,998	1,941	1,705	1,818		
Naphthalene	125	.25	24	55	21		
Propylene	41,566	9,813	10,186	10,547	11,021		
Toluene	<sup>+</sup> 9,352	2,807	2,534	1,986	2,025		
Xylene	34,479	8,380	9,163	8,353	8,584		
	l •	44.057	12,125	10,826	13,572		
Inorganic chemicals, total	48,479	11,957	2.286	2.394	2,650		
Ammonia	9,451	2,121	2,286	2,394	2,000		
Antimony	23	3	4	22	28		
Antimony trioxide	99	25	. 25				
Arsenic	· 3	Ċ,	2	()	( <sup>1</sup> ) 17		
Arsenic trioxide	68	13	23	16			
Barium sulfide	2	(1)	() ()	O D	· ( <sup>1</sup> )		
Bromine	732	144	161	214	213		
Cadmium	9	2	3	3 ·	* *1+*		
Chlorine	27,836	7,195	7,096	5,615	7,930		
Chromium	35	. 9	9	8	10 <sup>,</sup>		
Chromite	480	120	107	95	158		
Potassium dichromate	1	(1)	(1)		(')		
Sodium dichromate	82	1	77	2.	2		
Cobalt	20	3	4	5	8 ′		
Cupric sulphate	72	17	22	18	16		
Cupric oxide	52	13	15 ····	14	10 <sup></sup>		
Cuprous oxide		6	5	4	4 11 -		
Hydrochloric acid	232	57	63	59	53		
Hydrogen fluoride	1,281	308	327	355	291		
Lead oxide	1,433	374	361	329	368		
Mercury	91	25	23	41	1		
	402	91	95	93	124		
Nickel	1.592	375	406	358	453		
Phosphorus	. 4	373	1 1	1	1		
Stannous chloride	23		5	6	.6		
Stannic chloride	35			i ă l	9.00		
Zinc chloride			. <del>9</del> . 11	i s	10		
Zinc sulfate	38	11		-13	16		
Potassium hydroxide	56	13	14	681	657		
Sodium hydroxide		608	556		434		
Sulfuric acid	1,454	335	331	354			
Nitric acid	356	74	84	100	- 98		

<sup>1</sup> Less than \$500, however, the data are included in the totals. NOTE: Detail may not add to total because of rounding.

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# Table 2.—Environmental Excise Taxes, by Type of Substance, Aggregate for the Quarters Ended March 1987 to December 1987

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Type of substance	Number of businesses reporting environmental excise taxes	Number of tons (000's)	Tax rate per barrel or ton (dollars)	Average tax per business (dollars)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
		E	Barrels	
Petroleum, total	382	5,448,854	N/A	1,380,711
Domestic petroleum	174	3,145,268	.082	1,482,253
Imported crude oil and petroleum products	208	2,303,585	.117	1,295,767
			Tons	1
Petrochemicals, total	162	43,147	N/A	1,388,411
cetylene	33	149	4.87	22,014
Benzene	47	6.094	4,87	631.398
Butane	16	744	4.87	226.364
Butylene	14	915	4.87	318.379
Butadiene*	24	1,293	4.87	262,335
Ethylene	31	17,898	4.87	2,811,656
Methane	24	2,169	3.44	
Naphthalene	5	2,109		310,913
Propylene	48		4.87	24,915
	48 54	8,535	4.87	865,965
Toluene	54 49	1,920 3,404	4.87 10.13	173,184 703,659
norganic chemicals, total	296	32,768	N/A	
Ammonia	73			163,781
	9	3,580	2.64	129,461
Antimony		5	4.45	2,506
Antimony trioxide	19	26	3.75	5,222
Arsenic	7	1	4.45	358
Arsenic trioxide	10	20	3.41	6,790
Barium sulfide	(*)	(*)	2.30	(*)
Bromine	6	164	4.45	121,985
Cadmium	13	2	4.45	678
Chlorine	48	10,310	2.70	579,926
Chromium	12	8	4.45	2,956
Chromite	9	316	1.52	53,306
Potassium dichromate	(*)	(*)	1.69	(*)
Sodium dichromate	9	44	1.87	9.060
Cobalt	12	4	4.45	1.627
Cupric sulfate	22	39	1.87	3,284
Cupric oxide	12	14	3.59	4,315
Cuprous oxide	5	5	3.97	3,797
Hydrochloric acid	45	800	.29	5,154
Hydrogen fluoride	-5	303	4.23	85,380
Lead oxide	28	303	4.23	51,161
Mercury	28	20	4.14	10,066
	9 14			
Nickel		90	4.45	28,727
Phosphorus	6	358	4.45	265,362
Stannous chloride	4	1	2.85	936
Stannic chloride	6	11	2.12	3,899
Zinc chloride	18	16	2.22	1,930
Zinc sulfate	19	20	1.90	1,991
Potassium hydroxide	26	256	0.22	2,167
Sodium hydroxide	66	8,935	0.28	37,905
Sulfuric acid	77	5,592	0.26	18,881
Nitric acid	26	1,482	0.24	13,676

<sup>1</sup> Number of businesses do not add to total because businesses could report a tax on more than one type of substance.
 <sup>\*</sup> This figure is not shown to avoid disclosure of information for specific businesses. However, the data are included in the appropriate tables.
 N/A — Not applicable.
 NOTE: Detail may not add to total because of rounding.

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## NOTICE

The data on the following pages are the latest and most accurate available at time of publication. However, they are subject to continuous revision as more information becomes available. Data labeled as preliminary should be used with caution.

# Table 1.--Individual Income Tax Returns: Selected Income and Tax Items for Selected Tax Years, 1970-1987

[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

All returns	(1) 74,279,831 74,279,831 N/A S31,692,540 66,965,659 531,883,892 32,630,355 22,021,267 7,729,939 15,806,924 6,159,985 30,554,201 7,962,663	(2) 82,229,332 54,527,726 27,701,606 N/A 947,784,873 73,520,046 795,399,462 40,378,240 43,433,554 8,853,491 21,892,126 7,242,542 0,742,542	(3) 93,902,469 57,122,592 36,779,877 N/A 1,613,731,497 83,802,109 1,349,842,802 49,019,575 102,009,444 10,738,982 38,761,253	(4) <b>101,660,287</b> 67,006,425 18,124,702 <b>16,529,160</b> <b>2,305,951,483</b> 87,198,001 1,928,200,978 64,526,434 182,109,194 15,527,579	(5) <b>103,045,170</b> 68,909,828 17,584,689 16,550,653 <b>2,481,681,046</b> 88,217,638 2,031,025,984 65,236,518 167,640,438 (0,700,625)	(6) <b>106,996,270</b> - 71,032,103 17,446,685 18,517,482 <b>2,773,824,198</b> 90,984,304 2,163,905,509 67,933,810 168,966,067
form 1040 returns         form 1040A returns         form 1040Ez returns         adjusted gross income (AGI)         arount         arount         Amount         Amount         Amount         Amount         Amount         Business or profession net income less loss:         Number of returns         Amount         et capital gain less loss in AGI: <sup>2</sup> Number of returns         Amount         ensions and annuities in AGI:         Number of returns	74,279,831 N/A N/A 631,692,540 66,965,659 531,883,892 32,630,355 22,021,267 7,729,939 15,806,924 6,159,985 30,554,201	54,527,726 27,701,606 N/A 947,784,873 73,520,046 795,399,462 40,378,240 43,433,554 8,853,491 21,892,126 7,242,542	57,122,592 36,779,877 N/A <b>1,613,731,497</b> 83,802,109 1,349,842,802 49,019,575 102,009,444 10,738,982	67,006,425 18,124,702 16,529,160 <b>2,305,951,483</b> 87,198,001 1,928,200,978 64,526,434 182,109,194 15,527,579	68,909,828 17,584,689 16,550,653 <b>2,481,681,045</b> 88,217,638 2,031,025,984 65,236,518 167,640,438	71,032,103 17,446,685 18,517,482 2,773,824,198 90,984,304 2,163,905,509 67,933,810
form 1040 returns         form 1040A returns         form 1040Ez returns         adjusted gross income (AGI)         arount         arount         Amount         Amount         Amount         Amount         Amount         Business or profession net income less loss:         Number of returns         Amount         et capital gain less loss in AGI: <sup>2</sup> Number of returns         Amount         ensions and annuities in AGI:         Number of returns	74,279,831 N/A N/A 631,692,540 66,965,659 531,883,892 32,630,355 22,021,267 7,729,939 15,806,924 6,159,985 30,554,201	54,527,726 27,701,606 N/A 947,784,873 73,520,046 795,399,462 40,378,240 43,433,554 8,853,491 21,892,126 7,242,542	57,122,592 36,779,877 N/A <b>1,613,731,497</b> 83,802,109 1,349,842,802 49,019,575 102,009,444 10,738,982	67,006,425 18,124,702 16,529,160 <b>2,305,951,483</b> 87,198,001 1,928,200,978 64,526,434 182,109,194 15,527,579	68,909,828 17,584,689 16,550,653 <b>2,481,681,045</b> 88,217,638 2,031,025,984 65,236,518 167,640,438	71,032,103 17,446,685 18,517,482 2,773,824,198 90,984,304 2,163,905,509 67,933,810
Form 1040A returns         Form 1040EZ returns         Salaries and wages:         Number of returns         Amount         axable interest received:         Number of returns         Amount         Dividends in AGI: <sup>1</sup> Number of returns         Amount         Dividends in AGI: <sup>1</sup> Number of returns         Amount         Listiness or profession net income less loss:         Number of returns         Amount         Let capital gain less loss in AGI: <sup>2</sup> Number of returns         Amount         Let capital gain less loss in AGI: <sup>2</sup> Number of returns         Amount         Let capital gain less loss in AGI: <sup>2</sup> Number of returns         Amount         Let capital gain less loss in AGI: <sup>2</sup> Number of returns         Amount         Let capital gain less loss in AGI: <sup>2</sup> Number of returns         Amount         Let capital gain less loss in AGI: <sup>2</sup>	N/A N/A <b>631,692,540</b> 66,965,659 531,883,892 32,630,355 22,021,267 7,729,939 15,806,924 6,159,985 30,554,201	27,701,606 N/A 947,784,873 73,520,046 795,399,462 40,378,240 43,433,554 8,853,491 21,892,126 7,242,542	36,779,877 N/A <b>1,613,731,497</b> 83,802,109 1,349,842,802 49,019,575 102,009,444 10,738,982	18,124,702 16,529,160 <b>2,305,951,483</b> 87,198,001 1,928,200,978 64,526,434 182,109,194 15,527,579	17,584,689 16,550,653 <b>2,481,681,046</b> 88,217,638 2,031,025,984 65,236,518 167,640,438	17,446,685 18,517,482 <b>2,773,824,198</b> 90,984,304 2,163,905,509 67,933,810
orm 1040EZ returns	N/A 631,692,540 66,965,659 531,883,892 32,630,355 22,021,267 7,729,939 15,806,924 6,159,985 30,554,201	N/A 947,784,873 73,520,046 795,399,462 40,378,240 43,433,554 8,853,491 21,892,126 7,242,542	N/A 1,613,731,497 83,802,109 1,349,842,802 49,019,575 102,009,444 10,738,982	16,529,160 2,305,951,483 87,198,001 1,928,200,978 64,526,434 182,109,194 15,527,579	16,550,653 <b>2,481,681,046</b> 88,217,638 2,031,025,984 65,236,518 167,640,438	18,517,482 2,773,824,198 90,984,304 2,163,905,509 67,933,810
salaries and wages: Number of returns	66,965,659 531,883,892 32,630,355 22,021,267 7,729,939 15,806,924 6,159,985 30,554,201	73,520,046 795,399,462 40,378,240 43,433,554 8,853,491 21,892,126 7,242,542	<b>1,613,731,497</b> 83,802,109 1,349,842,802 49,019,575 102,009,444 10,738,982	<b>2,305,951,483</b> 87,198,001 1,928,200,978 64,526,434 182,109,194 15,527,579	2,481,681,046 88,217,638 2,031,025,984 65,236,518 167,640,438	<b>2,773,824,198</b> 90,984,304 2,163,905,509 67,933,810
Number of returns         Amount         Amount         Amount         scable interest received:         Number of returns         Amount         Amount         Mumber of returns         Amount         Susiness or profession net income less loss:         Number of returns         Amount         Jusiness or profession net income less loss:         Number of returns         Amount         Let capital gain less loss in AGI: <sup>2</sup> Number of returns         Amount         Pensions and annuities in AGI:         Number of returns	531,883,892 32,630,355 22,021,267 7,729,939 15,806,924 6,159,985 30,554,201	795,399,462 40,378,240 43,433,554 8,853,491 21,892,126 7,242,542	1,349,842,802 49,019,575 102,009,444 10,738,982	87,198,001 1,928,200,978 64,526,434 182,109,194 15,527,579	2,031,025,984 65,236,518 167,640,438	90,984,304 2,163,905,509 67,933,810
Amount	531,883,892 32,630,355 22,021,267 7,729,939 15,806,924 6,159,985 30,554,201	795,399,462 40,378,240 43,433,554 8,853,491 21,892,126 7,242,542	1,349,842,802 49,019,575 102,009,444 10,738,982	1,928,200,978 64,526,434 182,109,194 15,527,579	2,031,025,984 65,236,518 167,640,438	2,163,905,509 67,933,810
avable interest received: Number of returns	32,630,355 22,021,267 7,729,939 15,806,924 6,159,985 30,554,201	40,378,240 43,433,554 8,853,491 21,892,126 7,242,542	49,019,575 102,009,444 10,738,982	64,526,434 182,109,194 15,527,579	65,236,518 167,640,438	67,933,810
Number of returns         Amount         Amount         Jividends in AGI: 1         Number of returns         Amount         Jusiness or profession net income less loss:         Number of returns         Amount         Jet capital gain less loss in AGI: 2         Number of returns         Amount         Jet capital gain less loss in AGI: 2         Number of returns         Amount         Vensions and annuities in AGI:         Number of returns	22,021,267 7,729,939 15,806,924 6,159,985 30,554,201	43,433,554 8,853,491 21,892,126 7,242,542	102,009,444 10,738,982	182,109,194 15,527,579	167,640,438	
Amount       Amount         Dividends in AGI: 1       Number of returns         Amount       Business or profession net income less loss:         Number of returns       Amount         Amount       Business loss:         Amount       Number of returns         Amount       Business loss in AGI: 2         Number of returns       Amount         Pensions and annuities in AGI:       Number of returns	22,021,267 7,729,939 15,806,924 6,159,985 30,554,201	43,433,554 8,853,491 21,892,126 7,242,542	102,009,444 10,738,982	182,109,194 15,527,579	167,640,438	
Jurdends in AGI: ' Number of returns	7,729,939 15,806,924 6,159,985 30,554,201	8,853,491 21,892,126 7,242,542	10,738,982	15,527,579		168,966,067
Amount	15,806,924 6,159,985 30,554,201	21,892,126 7,242,542			10	1
Amount	15,806,924 6,159,985 30,554,201	21,892,126 7,242,542			16,753,537	22,324,321
Number of returns	30,554,201	7,242,542		55,046,351	61,623,348	66,791,158
Amount	30,554,201		1			00,731,100
let capital gain less loss in AGI: <sup>2</sup> Number of returns Amount ensions and annuities in AGI: Number of returns			8,881,119	11,900,341	12,360,345	13,002,055
Number of returns	7,962 663	39,421,478	55,129,154	78,772,577	90,423,763	105,460,627
Amount ensions and annuities in AGI: Number of returns	7,962,663					1
ensions and annuities in AGI: Number of returns		7,574,823	9,970,921	11,125,595	15,560,453	15,450,141
Number of returns	9,006,683	14,071,893	30,029,074	67,694,001	132,841,678	137,398,726
	3,249,558	5,088,937	7 070 704	12 100 005	11 771 000	
	7,878,808	20.886.871	7,373,704 43,339,736	13,133,295 95,096,003	14,771,235 107,696,794	16,497,586
Inemployment compensation in AGI:	.,	20,000,071	-0,009,700	50,090,003	107,090,794	124,754,833
Number of returns	N/A	N/A ·	1,798,210	4,771,546	5,106,015	7,370,742
Amount	N/A	N/A	2,028,456	6,355,539	6,975,196	12.286.674
ocial security benefits in AGI:						,,
Number of returns	N/A	N/A	• N/A	2,956,073	3,174,904	3,637,211
Amount	N/A	N/A	N/A	9,594,182	10,648,112	12,524,112
Number of returns	0.557.400		· · · · · · · · ·			
Amount	6,557,498 3,232,817	7,143,812	8,208,132	9,970,604	9,394,506	9,492,112
artnership and S Corporation net income less loss:	3,232,017	5,202,078	4,105,381	- 12,963,727	- 15,292,084	-9,254,758
Number of returns	n.a.	n.a.		5,487,671	5 017 455	5 574 500
Amount	12,637,912	12,811,091	n.a. 10,099,346	- 2,526,591	5,817,455 - 5,859,500	5,574,532
arm net income tess loss:			10,000,040	- 2,020,001	- 3,639,300	24,314,070
Number of returns	3,026,530	2,755,041	2,608,430	2,620,861	2,524,331	2,420,186
Amount	2,788,713	3,563,325	-1,792,466	- 12,005,483	-7,284,231	- 1,323,464
otal statutory adjustments:						
Number of returns	6,370,552	9,024,255	13,148,919	37,763,418	38,034,061	11,620,127
Amount Individual Retirement Arrangements:	7,665,251	15,101,999	28,614,061	95,082,299	99,008,229	30,116,329
Number of returns						
Amount	N/A N/A	1,211,794	2,564,421	16,205,846	15,535,531	7,318,727
Self-employed retirement plans:	11/24	1,436,443	3,430,894	38,211,574	37,758,393	14,065,722
Number of returns	591,655	595,892	568.936	675.822	· 773,296	759.083
Amount	847,692	1,603,788	2,007,666	5,181,993	6,194,617	6,183,441
Married couples who both work:			_,,	0,101,000	0,104,011	/ . 0,100,441
Number of returns	N/A	N/A	N/A	24,835,278	25,647,221	N/A
Amount:	N/A	· N/A	N/A	24,614,983	26,672,241	N/A
Number of exemptions						
Number, age 65 or over	204,126,402	212,202,596	227,925,098	244,180,202	245,752,978	217,495,163
tal deductions:	8,904,331	9,937,208	11,847,168	16,748,810	17,395,776	N/A
Number of returns	73,862,448	81.585.541	88,491,251	00.040.000	00 400 004	
Amount	120,549,755	233,181,778	346,000,155	96,848,626 554,733,523 <sup>3</sup>	98,180,981 611,293,162 <sup>-3</sup>	106,005,861
Itemized deductions:		200,101,170	0-0,000,100	004,700,020	011,293,102	607,223,5134
Number of returns.	35,430,047	26,074,061	28,950,282	39,848,184	40,667,008	35,627,790
Total amount <sup>o</sup>	88,178,487	122,260,601	218,028,139	405.023.525	447,057,972	392.020.128
Medical and dental expense	10,585,749	11,422,312	14,972,082	22,926,214	25,112,007	17,151,819
Taxes paid	32,014,673	44,141,289	69,404,275	128,084,618	143,446,005	119,388,068
Interest paid	23,929,477	38,885,282	91,187,006	180,094,578	196,566,331	179,942,422
Contributions	12,892,732	15,393,331	25,809,608	47,962,848	53,815,979	49,623,907
Number of returns	50 502 500	05 050 000				
Amount	59,593,598	65,852,602	88,104,696	96,124,046	97,358,296	90,079,102
come tax before credits:	401,154,285	595,492,866	1,279,985,360	1,820,740,833	1,947,024,584	1,850,597,119
Number of returns	59,596,755	65,854,734	76,135,819	85,994,216	PE 600 704	00 747 001
Amount	84,156,695 <sup>6</sup>	132,452,044	256,294,315	332,165,333	86,600,724 367,591,995	89,717,924
tal tax credits 7	369,610	8,069,846	7,215,839	10,248,044	7,020,731	373,857,125 6.329.438
Child care credit	N/A	N/A	956,439	3,127,702	3,397,090	3,438,314
Credit for the elderly and disabled.	167,656	128,968	134,993	108,642	85,764	66,633
Residential energy credit	N/A	N/A	562,141	811,675	N/A	N/A
Foreign tax credit	169,623	381,985	1,341,675	782,561	773,939	1,099,484
Investment credit	30,554	1,593,150	3,288,415	. ()	ල	ሰ
General business credit	N/A	N/A	N/A	4,791,1328	1,115,836 <sup>8</sup>	1,018,6248
come tax after creditstal income tax: 9	83,787,323	124,382,197	249,078,475	321,917,289	360,571,264	367,527,687
	50.013.034			4	•	4 A.
Number of returns	59,317,371 83,909,311	61,490,737 124,526,297	73,906,244 250,341,440	82,846,420 325,710,254	83,967,413 367,287,213	86,723,796 369,202,757

See notes following Table 20.

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# Table 2.---Individual Income and Tax by State, 1987

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[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars, except where indicated]

		All solves of	A diverse di manor	Salaries a	and wages	Divide	enas
State	Number of returns	Number of exemptions	Adjusted gross income (AGI)	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
United States, total <sup>1</sup>	107,402,061	244,662,456	2,772,619,841	90,613,164	2,154,846,456	22,404,700	66,545,417
Alabama		3,809,129	35.491.432	1,381,989	28,700,539	230,948	568,006
Alaska		625,967	6,926,876	203,509	5,646,138	71,241	99,730
Arizona		3,477,019	36,151,357	1,215,946	27,500,754	307,138	1,003,815
Arkansas		2,224,952	18,302,823	755,593	14,154,175	128,597	309,201
California		28,696,978	355,446,757	10,508,253	273,920,966	2,410,045	8,059,556
		3,285,151	36,992,444	1,240,434	29,460,262	337,847	830,943
Colorado		3,468,627	55.089.657	1,407,345	42,352,557	467,325	1,610,669
Connecticut		671,265	8,240,864	263,011	6,429,741	83,059	287,514
Delaware		610,266	9,058,484	278,420	6,581,380	55,318	306,110
District of Columbia		12,473,327	140.278.994	4,395,426	95,059,647	1,264,074	6,221,502
Florida		., .			54,591,414	423,527	1,092,511
Georgia		6,035,071	66,241,101	2,371,142	9.624.144	107.219	264,787
Hawaii		1,112,189	12,670,065	432,930	9,624,144	70,436	167,665
Idaho		983,931	7,810,313	310,455 4,274,352	107,447,312	1,204,258	3,508,406
Illinois		11,594,154	139,481,851		45,628,262	456,287	999.917
Indiana	2,385,246	5,588,247	56,972,232	2,023,506			
Iowa	1,199,831	2,878,951	26,435,242	945,566	19,277,649	271,531	558,577
Kansas		2,538,297	25,880,407	871,206	19,642,150	229,084	572,140
Kentucky		3,385,845	31,244,592	1,203,300	24,538,533	220,801	614,778
Louisiana		3,977,748	34,439,198	1,365,046	27,587,511	240,875	608,327
Maine		1,213,480	12,362,604	463,288	9,210,493	102,952	320,698
		4,774,347	65.237.577	1.932.042	51,686,586	477,146	1,352,497
Maryland		6,010,353	85,613,540	2,493,297	65,796,268	679,766	2,069,571
Massachusetts		9.016.565	106,118,816	3,391,165	85,594,999	1,025,989	2,293,474
Michigan		4,376,218	49,166,071	1,642,838	38,605,042	461,010	1,050,299
Minnesota		2,350,924	18,120,118	824,969	14,642,955	114,649	253,739
Mississippi				1.829,329	41,018,915	470.820	1,344,274
Missouri		5,067,042	52,928,425		4,737,860	76,900	177.849
Montana		809,849	6,429,208	262,001	11,297,103	146,452	330,479
Nebraska		1,654,206	15,195,086	560,856	9,857,596	82,329	286.051
Nevada		1,084,532	13,020,220	434,267 465,315	11,658,649	118,378	362.681
New Hampshire	533,686	1,158,128	15,125,319				
New Jersey	3,948,154	8,604,042	122,658,740	3,388,003	96,123,831	1,035,878	3,043,029
New Mexico		1,481,292	12,699,844	513,555	10,015,718	105,497	275,611
New York		17,240,878	235,394,545	6,668,788	177,302,435	1,903,963	6,790,516
North Carolina		6,328,165	65,454,953	2,512,895	51,983,669	489,499	1,311,756
North Dakota		680,640	5,613,528	217,680	4,024,805	51,507	90,179
	1	10,764,877	117.266.957	4,054,886	92,750,076	1,085,955	2,718,397
Ohio Oklahoma		3.025.197	27,519,432	1,015,542	21,483,432	202,260	492,474
		2,779,160	27,523,256	979,412	20,680,114	243,293	635,062
Oregon		11,855,065	131,421,755	4,393,649	100,661,126	1,242,683	3,678,379
Pennsylvania Rhode Island		981,068	11,856,788	399,017	9,011,614	103,010	280,375
,		· ·		1,259,930	25,097,342	212.231	555.829
South Carolina		3,234,999	31,120,046	1,259,930	3,925,121	56,115	117,689
South Dakota		717,164	5,536,434	1,782,235	37,522,294	295,970	733,276
Tennessee		4,691,470	46,293,009	5,797,575	132,952,793	1,088,303	3.044.004
Texas		16,412,759	164,815,221	530,532	11,636,368	106,730	257,056
Utah	619,398	1,691,626	14,379,025				
Vermont	252,758	557,691	5,916,723	214,986	4,438,563	58,829	198,936
Virginia		5,949,939	74,654,147	2,374,318	59,309,635	585,172	1,550,076
Washington		4,662,277	52,165,381	1,712,267	40,240,262	434,758	1,162,212
West Virginia		1,627,616	14,483,000	557,248	11,352,901	119,406	289,495
Wisconsin		4,852,496	50,642,199	1,794,701	39,935,631	487,345	1,184,392
		482,709	4,509,276	164,899	3,550,563	40,675	120,877
Wyoming	196,475 533,875	1.088.548	8,223,909	304,667	12,529,458	119.620	490.029

## Table 2. (Continued)—Individual Income and Tax by State, 1987

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars, except where indicated]

	Inte	rest	Unemploymen in	t compensation AGI	. Itemized deductions			
State	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Amount	Number of returns	Total Deductions	Average amount (whole dollars)	
	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
nited States, total 1	67,754,641	167,478,801	7,308,358	12,228,525	36,976,374	404,019,811	10,926	
labama	806.370	• 1.642.035	146,995	153.609	496,152	4,292,455	8,651	
laska	169,934	252,110	35,457	82,760				
	889,331				84,496	978,652	11,582	
rizona		2,765,677	77,828	113,465	578,764	6,535,021	11,291	
kansas	472,910	1,211,094	81,828	117,495	239,674	2,129,279	8,884	
alifornia	7,710,496	22,253,436	905,713	1,485,930	4,852,036	69,267,097	14,276	
olorado	981,431	2,234,855	93,045	176,172	612,745	6,861,712	11,198	
onnecticut	1,237,452	3,002,819	85,948	128,887	573,075	7,292,581	12,725	
elaware	192,153	388,530	14.817	20,734	113,660	1,157,724	10,186	
strict of Columbia	165.675	461,445	11,346	26.001	113,979	1,511,949	13.265	
orida	3,294,153	12,629,542	166,473	267,112	,1,661,888	17,860,274	10,747	
eorgia	1,343,427	2,948,729	164,416				-	
awaii	373,796	2,948,729	23.826	185,370	908,481	9,826,566	10,816	
				39,199	175,582	2,049,374	11,672	
aho	235,355	559,997	43,864	71,068	135,496	1,325,508	9,783	
nois	3,440,865	8,690,849	316,642	663,578	, 1,660,057	16,893,990	10,177	
diana	1,500,612	3,127,463	151,529	174,891	720,103	6,094,294	8,463	
wa	879,867	2,224,754	74,349	119,958	401,407	3,360,352	8,371	
insas	710,828	1,890,283	68,624	123,009	381,216	3,505,374	9,195	
entucky	781,799	1,737,236	124.612	151,260	441,403	3,749,994	- 8,496	
uisiana	849,949	2.039.543	171.979	332,397	429,722	4,066,856	9,464	
aine	358,126	680,117	38,548	50,440	158,350	1,515,092	9,464	
	· .							
aryland	1,460,139	3,096,303	96,529	165,492	951,693	11,415,475	11,995	
assachusetts	2,163,886	4,703,360	165,495	333,391	1,043,160	12,126,648	11,625	
chigan	2,689,336	5,286,316	422,401	810,038	1,584,777	14,650,529	9,245	
innesota	1,410,664	3,001,305	130,848	276,858	842,942	8,582,372	10,181	
ssissippi	411,221	942,453	82,902	98,741	234,823	2,079,166	8,854	
issouri	1,380,530	3.504.831	166,845	223,979	677,851	6,011,633	8.869	
ontana	229,260	580,664	28,635	44,811	116,991	946,284	8,089	
ebraska	484,498	1,183,118	36,947	45,366	208,368	1,911,001	9,171	
evada			36,204	57,942	160,612	1,756,325	10,935	
ew Hampshire	383,894	790,316	19,828	23,726	177,605	1,936,713	10,905	
w Jersey	2,745,125	6,469,449		,	,			
			220,925	444,334	1,440,551	17,653,364	12,255	
ew Mexico	334,405	802,968	40,304	67,634	179,114	1,674,406	9,348	
ew York	5,539,864	15,009,241	469,310	861,980	3,223,852	41,574,221	12,896	
orth Carolina	1,528,355	2,910,733	180,273	177,228	960,791	9,110,282	9,482	
orth Dakota	. 200,054 .	485,589	20,206	36,660	72,577	624,403	8,603	
nio	3,095,393	6,239,989	333,314	597,153	1,557,372	14,237,232	9,142	
dahoma	708,777	1,899,639	80,664	131,486	424.385	3,999,248	9,424	
egon	782,619	1,873,079	114,301	194,203	476,404	4.821.905	10,121	
nnsylvania	3,670,097	7,474,324	466,444	868,234	1,626,298	14,898,308	9,161	
ode Island	315,388	674,992	40,311	60,637	148,185	1,524,278	10,286	
uth Carolina	704.868	1,335,360	80.088				-	
uth Dakota				80,681	477,540	4,411,663	. 9,238	
uth Dakota	196,993	495,243	1,233	14,752	. 63,175	489,933	7,755	
nnessee	1,069,121	2,334,225	157,775	168,281	496,836	4,468,912	8,995	
as	3,619,964	11,205,228	441,467	888,968	1,901,260	20,877,852	10,981	
h	403,894	703,711	43,223	82,248	276,441	2,842,650	10,283	
mont	172,426	335,283	15,841	21,563	79,914	750,091	9,386	
ginia	1,639,056	3,510,911	123,708	130,606	1,018,812	11,560,064	11,347	
ashington	1,371,010	3,322,650	180,279	332,075	684,997	6,652,293	9,711	
est Virginia	403.921	788,994	70,171	132,858	149.330	1,244,340	8.333	
sconsin	1,578,185	3,004,061	206,973	318,547	784,824	7,165,344	9,130	
/oming her areas <sup>2</sup>	130,058	310,437	19,130	38,746	61,055	511,104	8,371	
er areas -	. 265,846	915,199	6,945	15,970	135,553	1,237,629	9,130	

# Table 2. (Continued)—Individual Income and Tax by State, 1987

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars, except where indicated]

		Tax liability		Earned income credit		
State	Tota	a) tax	Average tax	Number of		
	Number of returns	Amount	(whole dollars)	returns	Amount	
	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
nited States, total <sup>1</sup>	91,119,609	386,357,209	4,240	8,789,469	3,932,549	
	1,281,165	4,426,484	3.455	229.278	109.238	
abama	305,104	1,043,533	3.420	12.355	4,675	
aska			-,	134.021	59.376	
izona	1,222,666	4,615,277	3,775		59,953	
kansas	726,249	2,185,528	3,009	129,919		
alifornia	10,512,603	50,216,312	4,777	1,047,495	477,197	
blorado	1,259,984	4,885,027	3,877	102,664	44,657	
onnecticut	1,495,588	9,183,726	6,141	54,082	22.231	
	266,355	1,124,878	4,223	21,798	9,683	
elaware		1,381,825	4,225	32,180	14,057	
strict of Columbia	276,709		4,476	495,345	227,071	
orida	4,633,080	20,736,508		1 1		
eorgia	2,229,724	8,759,810	3,929	306,941	141,351	
awaii	439,394	1,640,755	3,734	29,665	11,876	
awai	313,332	904.315	2.886	39,054	16,939	
	4.355.429	20,912,962	4,802	349.982	153.256	
nois	2,004,654	7,532,781	3,758	182,086	80,745	
diana						
wa	1,021,053	3,359,015	3,290	74,834	31,756	
ansas	908,592	3,535,965	3,892	72,647	30,934	
entucky	1,168,913	3,924,439	3,357	162,902	74,566	
puisiana	1,259,820	4,456,136	3,537	259,750	122,072	
aine	466,153	1,555,973	3,338	39,682	16,876	
				· ·	50 50 4	
aryland	1,960,048	9,070,694	4,628	137,383	59,534	
assachusetts	2,617,242	12,911,003	4,933	107,189	44,639	
ichigan	3,421,729	14,632,718	4,276	222,843	95,840	
linnesota	1,718,690	6.368.518	3,705	95,772	40,024	
lississippi	712,645	2.094.264	2,939	197,072	96,353	
		1 1	0,000	184,733	81,845	
lissouri	1,856,091	7,217,637	3,889			
Iontana	270,459	778,279	2,878	33,061	14,495	
ebraska	591,741	1,955,460	3,305	49,590	21,263	
evada	430,511	1,908,668	4,433	36,578	15,606	
ew Hampshire	478,414	2,211,103 .	4,622	22,463	9,344	
· ·	3.528.569	18,919,420	5,362	212,216	89,144	
ew Jersey	-,,-		3,192	84,795	37,922	
ew Mexico	477,467	1,523,963		556.373	246,399	
ew York	6,908,152	34,943,260	5,058		139,237	
Iorth Carolina	2,374,741	8,182,060	3,445	307,190	9,242	
lorth Dakota	237,805	706,667	2,972	. 22,087		
2hio	4.091.529	15,568,112	3,805	311,329	135,671	
	1,016,186	3,515,864	3,460	138,088	62,755	
klahoma		3,369,459	3,362	91,307	40,015	
regon	1,002,296	18,199,689	4,002	330.058	142,489	
ennsylvania	4,547,167		3,983	24,436	10,451	
hode Island	407,961	1,624,975	•			
outh Carolina	1,157,729	3,677,911 .	3,177	176,074	81,784	
outh Dakota	242,398	709.049	2,925	27,469	11,771	
ennessee	1.684,986	6,202,822	3,681	242,203	111,225	
	5.516,129	23,936,483	4,339	818.317	373,886	
2xas		1,583,725	3,058	48,707	20,753	
tah	517,880		•	·		
ermont	220,774	762,160	3,452	15,925	6,637	
irginia	2,363,623	10,170,891	4,303	188,517	83,382	
Vashington	1,765,588	7,214,494	4,086	126,579	54,063	
Vest Virginia	549,736	1,746,777	3,177	72,723	32,137	
	1,829,563	6,362,271	3,477	114,195	48,549	
Visconsin		, ,				
Vyoming Diher areas <sup>2</sup>	164,777	605,029	3,672	15,897	6,894	
	310,416	1,302,535	4,196	1.620	694	

#### Table 3.---Number of Individual Returns, Income, Tax, and Average Tax, By Size of Income, Tax Years 1984-1987

Size of adjusted gross income	Numt return:		Adju gross inco	isted me (AGI) <sup>1</sup>	Taxable income		
g	1984	1985	1984	1985	1984	1985	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
Total	99,438,708	101,660,287	2,139,904,356	2,305,951,483	1,701,365,731	1,820,740,833	
ess than \$1,000 1.2	3,329,148	3,292,007	- 31,984,443	- 36,740,956	63,799	6.856	
1.000 under \$3.000	6.883.760	6.771.487	13,732,880	13,581,245	6,504,129	5,947,953	
3,000 under \$5,000	7,030,537	6,685,481	28,151,199	26,769,868	17.251.761	16,049,013	
5,000 under \$7,000	6,584,434	6.570.968	39.617.706	39,356,896	26.095.663	25.680.025	
7,000 under \$9,000	6,792,931	6,664,279	54,388,545	53,477,888	38,888,493	37,544,431	
9,000 under \$11,000	6,051,873	6,235,044	60,390,249	62,125,340	45,303,739	46,036,142	
1,000 under \$13,000	5,877,979	5,582,921	. 70,439,379	66.863.381	54,708,664	51.016.092	
3,000 under \$15,000	5,202,547	5,386,772	72,660,372	75,352,290	57.397.788	58,884,575	
5,000 under \$17,000	4,893,833	4,895,393	78,195,614	78,225,269	62,489,602	61,708,177	
7,000 under \$19,000	4,561,541	4,542,598	82,012,673	81,675,266	66,307,248	65.462.334	
9,000 under \$22,000	5,645,759	6,089,064	115,466,828	124,506,145	93,889,175	100,462,536	
22,000 under \$25,000	5,198,716	5,051,210	122,123,861	118,539,622	r99,375,158	95,256,056	
5,000 under \$30,000	7,635,404	7,457,947	209,274,643	204,399,150	168,006,165		
0,000 under \$35,000	6,020,636	6,451,040	195,263,778	209,135,063	155,819,230	164,077,078	
5,000 under \$40,000	5,054,470	5,184,620	188,944,011	193,807,899	149,423,027	320.091.716	
0,000 under \$50,000	5,963,041	6,701,544	264,922,227	297,914,321	210,324,094	233.646.097	
0,000 under \$75,000	4,657,702	5,628,639	275,046,849	333,710,362	214,921,141	259,467,072	
5,000 under \$100,000	1,049,444	1,263,409	89,289,787	107,424,625	69,194,901	82,293,087	
00,000 under \$150,000	581,498	706,248	69,273,546	84,315,947	53,604,014		
50,000 under \$200,000	179,695	203,109	30,767,972	34,884,492	23,865,523 🖌	90,834,865	
00,000 under \$300,000	132,306	152,523	31,729,787	36,457,244	24,405,339		
00,000 under \$500,000	67,405	85,565	25,780,158	32,529,032	19,789,383	52,919,889	
00,000 under \$1,000,000	29,215	41,107	19,729,296	27,541,427	15,798,723	21,269,595	
,000,000 or more	14,834	17,312	34,687,437	40,099,667	27,938,970	32,087,24	

· · · ·		· .	Percer	ntage of		Returns showin	g total income tax	
Size of adjusted gross income	. Total inco			howing no come tax		ge tax dollars)	Tax as percentage of AGI	
	1984	1985	1984	1985 •	1984	1985	1984	1985
	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Total	301,923,057	325,710,254	17.9	18.5	3,698	3,931	14.4	14.4
Less than \$1,000 <sup>1.2</sup> \$1,000 under \$3,000 \$3,000 under \$5,000 \$5,000 under \$7,000 \$7,000 under \$1,000 \$9,000 under \$10,000 \$11,000 under \$15,000 \$13,000 under \$15,000 \$15,000 under \$17,000 \$17,000 under \$19,000 \$19,000 under \$22,000 \$22,000 under \$25,000	419,790 44,652 430,167 1,233,034 2,483,282 3,617,920 5,013,506 5,831,903 6,785,324 7,775,189 11,677,768 13,237,769	185,922 41,698 347,878 1,193,043 2,259,763 3,480,779 4,548,843 5,789,495 6,534,361 7,482,062 12,203,165 12,275,305	99.2 93.8 40.8 33.7 21.3 8.2 5.2 3.6 2.0 1.8 1.5 1.0	99.7 94.4 48.2 33.9 26.3 11.8 5.9 3.9 2.9 2.9 2.3 2.0 1.6	16,783 <sup>3</sup> 104 103 . 282 465 651 899 1,163 1,415 1,736 2,100 2,573	16,964 <sup>3</sup> 111 100 275 460 633 865 1,119 1,375 1,686 2,044 2,469	 5.4 2.5 4.7 5.8 6.5 7.5 8.3 8.9 9.7 10.3 11.0	5.4 2.4 4.6 5.7 6.3 7.2 8.0 8.6 9.4 10.0 10.5
\$25,000 under \$30,000 \$30,000 under \$35,000 \$35,000 under \$40,000 \$40,000 under \$50,000 \$50,000 under \$50,000 \$75,000 under \$150,000 \$150,000 under \$150,000 \$200,000 under \$300,000 \$200,000 under \$300,000 \$300,000 under \$500,000 \$300,000 under \$500,000 \$1,000,000 or more	23,793,004 23,926,881 24,678,348 38,675,241 47,355,174 18,759,377 17,117,874 8,644,645 10,013,524 8,761,557 7,526,585 14,120,545	22,916,849 25,080,332 24,713,424 41,501,665 56,064,781 21,794,656 19,885,978 9,760,959 11,362,146 10,670,832 9,878,188 15,728,128	1.2 7 5 3 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1.0 .8 .8 .4 .2 .3 .4 .1 .2 .2 .2 .2 .3	3,152 4,004 4,907 6,504 10,211 17,944 29,502 48,205 75,844 130,272 258,255 954,091	3,103 3,919 4,803 6,215 9,984 17,297 28,296 48,128 74,658 124,947 240,714 910,931	11.5 12.3 13.1 14.6 17.3 21.1 24.8 28.2 31.6 34.1 38.2 40.8	11.3 12.1 12.8 14.0 16.8 20.3 23.7 28.0 31.2 32.2 35.9 39.3

# Table 3. (Continued)—Number of Individual Returns, Income, Tax, and Average Tax, By Size of Income, Tax Years 1984–1987 [All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in thousands of dollars, except as indicated]

Size of adjusted	Numi returr	ber of his for	Ad gross inc	ljusted come (AGI) <sup>1</sup>	Taxable income		
gross income	1986	1987 4	1986	1987 4	1986	1987 4	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
Total	103,045,170	106,996,270	2,481,681,046	2,773,824,198	1,947,024,584	1,850,597,119	
ess than \$1,000 <sup>1,2</sup>	3,082,866	3,691,379	- 41,192,239	- 38,160,729	2,988	155,369	
,000 under \$3,000	6,943,446	7,433,802	14.071,650	14,894,572	6,091,094	1,360,813	
3,000 under \$5,000	6.918.848	6,691,090	27,868,449	26,725,935	16,360,716	3,759,804	
5,000 under \$7,000	6,476,499	6,422,132	38,957,006	38,413,878	24,601,096	8,264,832	
7,000 under \$9,000	6,193,124	6,300,234	49,544,545	50,368,689	33,689,430	15,178,900	
9,000 under \$11,000	6,143,571	5,928,842	61,191,194	59,187,847	43,902,314	21,801,837	
1,000 under \$13,000	5,555,106	5,580,094	66,594,415	66,951,853	49,577,787	29,932,090	
3,000 under \$15,000	5,248,065	5,292,576	73,308,776	73,989,299	56,529,121	36,864,357	
5,000 under \$17,000	4,744,416	4,800,582	75,841,890	76,680,566	59,389,086	41,945,445	
7,000 under \$19,000	4,478,236	4,487,621	80,591,475	80,697,963	64,065,790	46,210,802	
9,000 under \$22,000	6,070,710	5,879,795	124,453,078	120,205,955	98,830,208	72,352,317	
22,000 under \$25,000	5,218,320	5,297,494	122,393,950	124,251,696	98,488,143	78,121,158	
25,000 under \$30,000	7,559,001	7,494,827	207,876,371	205,551,504	165,356,830	133,895,752	
30,000 under \$35,000	11,489,629	11,604,644	398,161,168	402,500,618	313,916,975	270,913,902	
10,000 under \$50,000	7,458,776	7.862.901	332.210.863	350,409,748	259.365.436	242.712.736	
50,000 under \$75,000	6,427,825	8,110,447	381,831,768	484.023.071	295,296,881	347,978,968	
5,000 under \$100,000	1,546,776	2,064,189	131,926,730	175,453,698	100,211,601	129,661,327	
00,000 under \$150,000	1,115,593	1,513,654	146,973,805	200,973,127	112,757,958	153,927,488	
200,000 under \$300,000	290,946	429,671	82,840,607	124,073,791	64,277,685	100,643,815	
500,000 under \$1,000,000	51,558	75.352	33.670.463	50.898.244	27.327.574	42.794.638	
,000,000 or more	31,859	34,944	72,565,082	85,732,872	56,985,871	72,120,769	

		_	Perce	ntage of		Returns showing total income tax				
Size of adjusted gross income	Total inc	ome tax <sup>3</sup>	returns showing no total income tax		Avera (whole	ge tax dollars)	Tax as percentage of AGI			
	1986	1987 <sup>4</sup>	1986	1987 4	1986	1987	1986	1987 <sup>4</sup>		
	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)		
Total	367,287,213	369,202,757	18.5	18.9	4,374	4,257	15.1	13.7		
Less than \$1,000 <sup>1,2</sup> \$1000 under \$3000 \$3,000 under \$5,000 \$5,000 under \$7,000 \$7,000 under \$7,000 \$9,000 under \$9,000 \$9,000 under \$11,000	315,949 58,848 331,163 1,047,045 1,953,699 3,203,202	180,244 183,643 435,734 998,787 1,790,904 2,581,645	99.5 94.1 51.8 35.1 29.1 13.3	79.6 70.0 55.4 36.4 34.3 29.2	19,520 143 99 249 445 601	240 82 146 244 433 615	7.1 2.3 4.1 5.5 6.0	4.0 3.6 4.1 5.4 6.1		
\$11,000 under \$13,000 \$13,000 under \$15,000 \$15,000 under \$17,000 \$17,000 under \$19,000 \$19,000 under \$22,000 \$22,000 under \$25,000	4,326,834 5,409,582 6,304,604 7,243,966 11,947,487 12,727,389	3,649,095 4,701,766 5,671,873 6,288,383 10,034,366 11,357,271	6.2 3.9 2.4 1.6 1.3 0.8	18.8 9.0 3.5 2.9 2.0 1.7	831 1,073 1,361 1,644 1,995 2,459	806 976 1,225 1,444 1,742 2,181	6.9 7.7 8.5 9.1 9.7 10.5	6.7 7.0 7.7 8.0 8.5 9.3		
\$25,000 under \$30,000 \$30,000 under \$35,000 \$35,000 under \$40,000 \$40,000 under \$50,000 \$50,000 under \$75,000 \$75,000 under \$100,000	22,850,961 48,628,502 45,744,224 62,459,834 26,280,965	20,395,355 42,809,754 41,345,872 69,872,423 31,277,163	0.8 0.5 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.7 0.5 0.3 0.2 0.1	3,047 4,253 6,143 9,737 17,027	2,741 3,708 5,274 8,630 15,171	11.1 12.3 13.8 16.4 20.0	10.0 10.7 11.8 14.5 17.8		
\$100,000 under \$150,000 \$150,000 under \$200,000 \$200,000 under \$300,000 \$300,000 under \$500,000 under \$500,000 under \$500,000	37,289,197 27,066,736 12,928,118	43,415,426 32,978,242 14,745,147	0.2 0.2 0.2	0.2	33,498 93,196 251,192	28,754 76,866 196,006	25.4 32.7 38.5	21.7 26.6 29.0		
\$1,000,000 or more	29,168,908	24,489,662	0.2	0.2	917,031	702,777	40.3	28.7		

Table 4.—Reconcilation of Adjusted Gross Income (AGI) and Personal Income Used in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA), Selected Years, 1970–1987

[All figures are estimates-money amounts are in billions of dollars]

	Income and adjustment items	1970	1975	1980	1985	, 1986	p1987
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	Personal Income (per NIPA)	831.8	1,313.4	2,258.5	3,325.3	r3,526.2	3,777.6
	Portion of personal income not included in AGI	181.2	350.5	608.5	1,021.4	r1,100.6	1,090.0
	Transfer payments (except taxable military pay and taxable						
	Government pensions)	79.3	176.9	290.3	r416.8	r440.8	454.3
	Other labor income (except fees)	31.9	65.0	136.5	r184.3	r195.7	208.9
	Imputed income	25.5	33.4	45.1	55.3	r71.1	91.9
	Investment income received by nonprofit institutions or						
	retained by fiduciaries	7.7	11.2	21.7	34.8	r33.0	. 33.1
	Investment income retained by life insurance carriers and						
	noninsured pension funds 1	12.5	23.5	59.9	. 112.8	r119.0	129.1
	Differences in accounting treatment (NIPA vs. IRS)	8.5	16.0	14.1	87.3	r97.7	. 91.2
	Other excluded or tax exempt income	15.8	24.4	41.0	130.2	r143.3	81.5
	Portion of AGI not included in personal income	47.7	85.1	157.8	299.4	r3978	452.2
	Personal contributions for social insurance	27.9	50.4	88.6	149.3	r161.9	172.9
	Net capital gain from sales of property	8.9	14.2	29.7	69.8	r133.6	134.2
	Taxable private pensions	6.3	13.1	28.3	72.9	r94.1	- 110.0
	S Corporation income (taxed through shareholders)	1.7	2.1	.7	6.2	r7.5	23.6
	Other taxable income	2.9	5.4	10.5	1.2	r.6	11.4
	Total net adjustment for conceptual differences						
	(line 2 minus line 3)	133.5	265.4	450.7	722.0	r702.8	637.8
	Estimated total AGI (per NIPA) (line 1 minus line 4)	698.3	1,048.0	1,807.9	2,603.4	r2,823.4	3,139.8
	Adjusted gross income (AGI) (SOI)	631.7	947.8	1,613.7	2,306.0	2,481.7	2,788.0
	Estimated difference in AGI (NIPA vs. SOI) (line 5 minus line 6) <sup>2</sup>	66.6	100.2	194.1	297.4	r341.7	351.8

# Table 5.—Personal Income and Total Adjusted Gross Income Based on Individual Income Tax Returns per National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA), Tax Years 1947–1988

[All figures are estimates-money amounts are in billions of dollars]

		Total	Diff	ference -
Tax yəar	Personal income (per NIPA) <sup>1</sup>	adjusted gross income (AGJ) (per NIPA)	Amount	Percentage of personal income
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1947	190.2	170.6	19.6	10.3
1948	209.2	184.6	24.6	11.8
1949	206.4	181.7	24.7	12.0
1950	228.1	201.4	26.7	11.7
1951	256.5	228.8	27.7	10.8
1952	273.8	241.8	32.0	11.7
1953	290.5	257.1	33.4	11.5
1954	293.0	256.4	36.6	12.5
			27.1	11.8
1955	314.2	277.1	37.1	
1956	337.2	297.9	39.3	11.7
1957	356.3	310.7	45.6	12.8
1958	367.1	316.0	51.1	13.9
1959	390.7	338.7	52.0	13.3
1960	409.4	352.5	56.9	13.9
1961	426.0	365.8	60.2	14.1
1962	453.2	387.8	65.4	14.4
1963	476.3	408.7	67.6	14.2
1964	510.2	442.0	68.2	13.4
		479.4	72.6	13.2
1965	552.0			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1966	600.8 .	520.0	80.8	13.4
1967	644.5	555.4	89.1	13.8
1968	707.2	610.0	97.2	13.7
1969	772.9	663.4	109.5	14.2
1970	831.8	698.3	133.5	16.0
1971	894.0	745.6	148.4	16.6
1972	981.6	824.7	156.9	16.0
1973	1,101.7	926.0	175.7	15.9
1974	1,210.1	1,004.0	206.1	17.0
1975	1.313.4	1.048.0	265.4	20.2
	1,313.4	1,166.7	203.4	19.6
1976			310.5	19.3
1977	1,607.5	1,297.0		19.3
1978	1,812.4	1,466.9	345.5	
1979	2,034.0	1,647.3	386.7	19.0
1980	2,258.5	1,807.9	450.6	20.0
1981	2,520.9	1,990.0	530.9	21.1
1982	2,670.8	2,059.4	611.4	22.9
1983	2,838.6	2,176.3	662.3	23.3
1984	3,108.7	2,407.3	701.4	22.6
	3,325.3	2.603.4	713.7	21.5
1985				r19.9
1986	r3,526.2	r2,823.4 3,139.8 <sup>2</sup>	r702.8 637.8 <sup>2</sup>	16.9 <sup>2</sup>
o1987	3,777.6	., .		
p1988	4,064.5	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.

# Table 6.—Total Adjusted Gross Income Estimated from National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) and Adjusted Gross Income Reported on Individual Income Tax Returns per SOI, Tax Years 1947–1987

[All figures are estimates-money amounts are in billions of dollars]

	Adjusted gros	s income (AGI)	Diffe	rence
Tax year	Total (per NIPA) <sup>1</sup>	Reported on tax returns (per SOI)	Amount	Percentage of total
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
47	170.6	149.7	20.9	12.3
48		163.6	21.0	11.4
49		160.6	21.1	11.6
50		179.1	22.3	11.1
51		202.4	26.4	11.5
52		215.3	26.5	11.0
53		228.7	28.4	11.0
54		. 229.2	27.2	10.6
55		248.5	28.6	10.3
56		267.8	30.1	10.1
57		280.4	30.3	9.8
58	316.0	281.2	34.8	11.0
59	338.7	305.1	33.6	9.9
60		315.5	37.0	10.5
61		329.9	35.9	9.8
62		348.7	39.1	10.1
63		368.8	39.9	9.8
64		396.7	45.3	10.2
65		429.2	50.2	10.5
		468.5	51.5	9.9
66		504.8	50.6	9.1
67			*****	9.1
68		554.4	55.6	
69	663.4	603.5	59.9	9.0
70	698.3	631.7	66.6	9.5
71	745.6	673.6	72.0	9.7
72	824.7	746.0	78.7	9.5
73		827.1	98.9	10.7
74		905.5	98.5	9.8
75	1.048.0	947.8	100.2	9.6
76		1.053.9	112.8	9.7
		1,158.5	138.5	10.7
77		1,130.3	164.5	11.2
78		1,302.4	181.9	11.0
79		1		
80		1,613.7	194.2	10.7
81		1,772.6	217.4	10.9
82		1,852.1	207.3	10.1
83	2,176.3	1,942.6	233.7	10.7
84		2,139.9	267.4	11.1
85	r2.603.4	2.306.0	r297.4	r11.4
86		2,481.7	r341.7	r12.1
87		2.773.8 2	366.0 <sup>2</sup>	11.7 2

See notes following Table 20.

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		Standar	1 deduction <sup>1</sup>	Itemized deductions		Total deductions	
Tax year	Total number of returns	Number of returns <sup>2</sup>	Amount	Number of returns <sup>2</sup>	Amount <sup>3</sup>	Amount <sup>4</sup>	Percentage of adjusted gross income (AGI)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	m
4		38.7	8.0	8.4	4.8	12.8	11.0
5	49.9	41.5	8.1	8.5	5.5	13.6	11.3
5	52.8	44.1	8.9	8.8	6.3	15.2	11.3
7		44.7	9.8	10.4	7.8	17.6	11.8
3		43.2	11.5	8.8	7.9		
)		43.2	11.5	9.7	8.8	19.4 19.9	11.9
•							12.4
		42.7	12.0	10.3	9.9	21.9	12.2
······		43.9	13.3	11.6	11.9	25.2	12.5
·····		43.7	. 13.7	12.8	13.6	27.3	12.7
		43.4	14.2	14.4	15.6	29.8	13.0
	56.7	41.0	13.3	15.7	17.4	30.7	13.4
		41.4	<sup>'</sup> 13.6	16.9	20.0	33.6	13.5
		40.7	13.8	18.5	22.6	36.4	13.6
•		39.7	13.8	20.2	25.7	39.5	
		38.3	13.2				14.1
				20.8	27.5	40.7	14.5
		37.8	. 13.4	22.5	32.0	45.4	14.9
		36.9	13.1	24.1	35.3	48.4	15.3
		36.2	12.9	25.3	38.4	51.3	15.6
		36.3	13.1	26.5	41.7	54.8	15.7
	63.9	35.8	13.1	28.2	46.1	59.2	16.1
		38.5	20.2	26.9	46.8	67.0	16.9
		39.7	20.6	27.9	50.7		
	70.2	41.6	21.8			71.4	16.6
				28.6	54.6	76.4	16.3
		41.9	22.1	29.8	59.6	81.7	16.2
	73.7	41.7	22.1	32.0	69.2	91.3	16.4
·		40.9	· 21.6	34.9	80.2	101.8	16.8
		38.8	32.4	35.4	88.2	120.5	19.0
	74.6	43.9	48.1	30.7	91.9	139.9	20.7
	77.6	50.6	69.8	27.0	96.7	166.4	22.2
		52.6	73.6	28.0	107.0	180.6	21.8
				29.6	119.4	195.5	
		56.1	100.9		1		
				26.1	122.3	233.2	23.5
		58.7	113.8	26.0	133.9	247.6	23.5
		63.7	137.7	22.9	138.5	276.2	23.8
·····	89.8	64.0	139.8	25.8	164.4	304.3	23.4
	92.7	66.2	. 148.8	26.5	184.2	. 333.0	22.7
		65.0	146.0	29.0	218.0	346.0	22.6
	95.4	63.8	144.7	31.6	256.4	401.2	22.6
	95.3	61.9	140.2	33.4	284.5	425.2	22.9
l		61.1	138.5	35.2	309.6	448.7	23.1
l		61.2	139.5	38.2	358.9	499.6	23.1
	· · · ·						
		61.8	145.0	.39.8	405.0	554.7	23.9
		62:4	151.0	-, 40.7	447.1	611.3	24.6
······	107.0	71.4	215.2	35.6	392.0	607.2	21.9

Table 7.—Standard, Itemized, and Total Deductions Reported on Individual Income Tax Returns, Tax Years 1944–1987 [All figures are estimates based on samples—number of returns are in millions: money amounts are in billions of dollars]

See notes following Table 20.

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# Table 8.—Personal Income Per National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) and Taxable Income, and Individual Income Tax Per SOI, Tax Years 1947–1987

(All figures are estimates-money amounts are in billions of dollars)

		Tayable inco	me (per SOI) <sup>2</sup>		Total income tax (per SOI)	Total income tax (per SOI) 3			
Tax year	Personal income (per		me (per SOI) ~		As a per	centage of-			
	(per NIPA) 1	Amount	As a percentage of personal income	Totai	Personal income	Taxable income			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)			
947	190.2	75.4	39.6	18.1	9.5	24.0			
948	209.2	74.8	35.8	15.4	7.4				
949	206.4	71.7	34.7	14.5	7.0	20.6			
				14.5	7.0	20.2			
950	228.1	84.3	37.0	18.4	8.1	21.8			
951	256.5	99.2	38.7	24.2	9.4	25.9			
52	273.8	107.2	39.2	27.8	10.2	25.9			
953	290.5	114.3	39.3	29.4	10.2				
54	293.0	115.3	39.4	26.7	9.1	25.7			
					9.1	23.2			
955	314.2	128.0	40.7	29.6	9.4	23.1			
956	337.2	141.5	42.0	32.7	9.7	23.1			
957	356.3	149.4	41.9	34.4	9.7	23.0			
958	367.1	149.3	40.7	34.3	9.3	23.0			
959	390.7	166.5	42.6	38.6	9.9	23.0			
					5.5	23.2			
60	409.4	171.6	41.9	39.5	9.6	23.0			
161	426.0	181.8	42.7	42.2	9.9	23.2			
162	453.2	195.3	43.1	44.9	9.9	23.0			
63	476.3	209.1	43.9	48.2	10.1	23.1			
964	510.2	229.9	45.1	47.2	9.3	20.5			
965	552.0	255.1	46.2	49.6	.9.0				
966	600.8	286.3	47.7			19.4			
967	644.5	315.1		56.1	9.3	19.6			
68	707.2		48.9	63.0	9.8 .	20.0			
		352.8	49.9	76.7	10.8	21.7			
69	772.9	388.8	50.3	86.6	11.2	22.3			
70	831.8	401.2	48.2	83.9	10.1	20.9			
71	894.0	414.0	46.3	85.4	9.6				
72	981.6	447.6	45.6	93.6		20.6			
073	1,101.7	511.9	46.5		9.5	20.9			
74	1,210.1	573.6		108.1	9.8	21.1			
		3/3.0	47.4	123.6	10.2	21.5			
75	1,313.4	595.5	45.3	124.5	9.5	20.9			
76	1,451.4	674.9	46.5	141.8	9.8	20.9			
77	1.607.5	733.8	45.6	159.8	9.9				
78	1,812.4	846.4	46.7		4	21.8			
79	2,034.0	926.6	45.6	188.2	10.4	22.2			
				214.5	10.5	23.2			
80	2,258.5	1,045.2	46.3	250.3	11.1	24.0			
81	2,520.9	1,170.1	46.4	284.1	11.3	24.3			
82	2,670.8	1,231.9	46.1	277.6	10.4	22.6			
83	2,838.6	1.300.2	45.8	274.2	9.7				
84,	3,108.7	1,447.0	45.5	301.9	9.7	21.1			
4		1			9.7	20.9			
85	3,325.3	1,550.5	46.6	325.7	9.8	21.0			
86	r3,526.2	1,665.6	47.2	367.3	10.4	22.1			
87	r3,777.6	1,850.6	49.0	369.2	9.8	20.0			

# Table 9.—Number of Individual Income Tax Returns, by Type of Tax Settlement, Tax Years 1944-1987

[All figures are estimates based on samples-number of returns are in millions]

Max         Name         Orangent         Maxed of a state o		Тах	Total		Returns with-	
0         26         226         223         18           528         134         344         48         48           538         134         322         19         55           548         134         322         19         55           548         134         322         19         55           548         134         322         19         55           558         169         327         65         55           558         194         35         52         53           558         194         35         55         56           558         194         35         55         56           558         194         35         57         56           558         194         33         32         33           558         194         33         32         33           558         194         33         32         33           558         194         33         32         33           559         135         135         33         32           559         135         134         33 <t< th=""><th>· .</th><th>Tax year</th><th>number of</th><th>Tax due at time of filing</th><th>Overpayments <sup>1</sup></th><th>No overpayments or tax due at time of filing</th></t<>	· .	Tax year	number of	Tax due at time of filing	Overpayments <sup>1</sup>	No overpayments or tax due at time of filing
433         433         334         49           520         133         344         49           531         13         344         49           531         13         344         49           531         13         344         49           531         13         344         49           531         13         344         50           537         163         321         51           537         163         321         51           537         163         321         51           537         163         321         51           537         163         321         51           537         163         321         51           537         163         321         53           537         163         344         28           538         163         344         33           537         163         44         33           538         400         33         33           537         138         43         33           538         400         33         33	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
326     336     344     48       351     151     334     50       351     131     334     332     79       351     133     332     79       351     133     332     79       351     133     332     79       354     186     310     54       355     186     310     54       356     186     310     54       357     52     52     50       358     186     376     356       359     186     376     36       359     186     376     36       350     187     432     35       350     187     433     35       350     187     434     35       350     187     433     30       351     153     24     35       352     154     187     432     31       352     187     434     35       353     157     157     35       353     25     30     30       354     156     553     24       355     156     658     21       359     156     <						
551       53       330       67         521       63       302       59         531       143       320       68         535       143       320       58         535       143       322       52         546       36       322       52         547       166       332       52         548       187       354       42         549       166       332       52         543       187       354       42         543       187       354       36         543       187       354       36         543       181       37       35         543       181       37       36         543       181       34       28         543       183       24       33         543       183       24       33         543       183       24       33         544       225       393       35         545       184       610       32       30         546       24       24       30       32         547       <						
Sti         139         139         139         139         139         143         130         58           S51         163         310         58         310         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58         58	······		. 55.1	15.3	33.0	
S31         143         320         68           S54         186         310         54           S55         180         327         52           S55         180         327         52           S55         180         354         42           S55         181         354         42           S55         181         374         36           S55         181         374         36           S55         181         374         36           S55         193         354         35           S56         181         374         35           S57         175         354         35           S77         175         354         30           S77         175         354         30           S77         175         354         30           S78         177         133         23						
554.4         186         310         54         54           55.4         180         327         62           55.7         166         33.2         50           55.3         187         35.4         32           56.3         187         35.4         36           56.3         187         35.4         36           56.3         187         36.4         36           56.3         187         36.4         36           56.3         181         37.4         36           56.3         187         36.4         28           66.1         193         34.4         28           66.4         225         33.3         33           67.6         20.0         43.3         33           73.7         17.6         51.2         30.3           73.7         17.6         51.2         30.3           73.7         17.6         51.2         30.3           73.7         17.6         51.2         30.3           73.7         17.6         51.2         30.2           73.7         17.6         51.2         30.2           77.5						
576       190       327       62         66,7       166       352       50         68,3       187       384       42         69,1       184       374       36         60,1       181       374       36         60,1       181       374       36         60,1       181       304       35         60,1       181       304       36         60,1       181       304       36         60,1       181       304       36         61,0       181       304       36         63,1       193       414       33         63,4       225       303       35         64,5       200       443       32         702       173       203       50,6       28         74,6       179       533       25         74,6       179       533       24         74,6       179       533       24         74,7       169       65,8       24         74,8       165       65,3       24         74,6       179       53,8       24 <td< td=""><td></td><td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td><td>. 55.4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 55.4			
303     107     35.4     42       363     107     35.4     42       364     36     36     36       363     103     37.4     36       363     103     36.4     36       363     103     36.4     36       363     103     36.4     36       363     103     36.4     36       363     103     36.4     36       363     103     36.4     36       363     103     36.4     36       363     103     36.4     36       363     103     36.4     36       363     103     36.4     36       363     103     36.4     36       363     103     36.4     36       363     103     36.5     36       363     103     36.5     36       363     103     36.5     36       363     104     66.5     36       364     26.5     36     26       365     103     103     36       363     103     17.6     133     22       363     103     17.6     133     24       363			57.8	. 19.0	. 32.7	
992     194     361     37       993     186     37.0     38       901     181     33.4     26       903     181     33.4     26       903     181     33.4     26       903     181     33.4     26       903     181     33.4     26       903     181     33.4     26       903     181     33.4     26       903     181     33.4     26       903     181     33.4     26       903     181     33.4     35       903     183     40.9     31       903     183     41.3     35       904     223     94.4     30       903     17.2     17.5     512     30       77.7     203     50.5     20       77.6     119     65.3     22       903     16.0     55.3     21       904     12.1     15.4     65.9     21       903     11.6     65.5     27       903     12.8     76.6     17.4     24       904     12.2     75.6     24       903     12.6     75.6     27						· ·
58.8     18.6     37.8     36.8       59.8     19.1     33.4     28.8       60.0     18.1     33.4     35.5       61.5     18.6     40.0     33.3       62.7     18.7     40.9     33.3       63.9     19.3     41.3     35.3       63.9     19.3     41.3     32.8       65.8     19.3     41.3     32.3       65.9     19.3     41.3     32.3       71.7     17.5     51.2     30.7       72.7     20.3     50.6     22.8       73.7     17.5     51.2     30.7       73.7     17.5     51.2     30.7       73.8     16.5     55.3     25.4       74.7     11.9     55.3     25.4       75.9     17.7     11.9     55.3     24.1       76.8     17.9     15.8     65.8     24.1       76.9     11.4     24.5     22.2     22.2       83.3     15.4     65.8     24.1       83.4     16.9     65.5     27.1       93.8     21.6     65.8     24.1       93.4     12.2     77.6     23.1       93.4     12.2     77.4     30.1 <td></td> <td></td> <td>. 58.3</td> <td></td> <td>36.1</td> <td>3.7</td>			. 58.3		36.1	3.7
60.3         19.1         98.4         28           61.0         18.1         39.4         35           62.7         18.7         40.0         23           65.4         22.5         39.3         3.5           65.4         22.5         39.3         3.5           70.2         17.6         51.2         30           71.7         17.5         51.2         30           71.7         70.3         50.6         20           71.7         70.3         50.6         20           71.7         70.3         50.6         20           71.7         70.3         50.6         20           72.7         20.3         55.3         25           73.8         17.9         54.3         20           76.6         17.9         54.3         20           76.7         119         55.3         24           60.3         16.4         65.8         21           60.4         76.8         17.8         65.8         21           60.3         16.4         65.8         21         24           65.4         20.3         70.0         24         24 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>. 59.8</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			. 59.8			
61.5         16.6         40.0         2.9           63.9         16.3         41.4         3.3           65.4         22.5         93.3         3.5           77.7         17.5         51.2         3.0           77.7         20.3         50.6         2.8           77.7         20.3         50.6         2.8           77.7         20.3         50.6         2.8           77.7         20.3         50.6         2.8           77.7         20.3         50.6         2.8           77.7         20.3         50.6         2.8           77.7         11.5         65.3         2.5           77.6         17.0         55.3         2.5           77.6         17.0         65.3         2.4           80.3         15.4         66.5         2.1           80.4         17.8         66.5         2.4           80.4         17.8         66.5         2.4           80.6         17.8         66.5         2.4           80.6         17.8         56.5         75.5         2.5           99.4         2.1.2         77.4         3.5         3.6 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>60.3</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			60.3			
627         187         409         31           639         193         414         33           654         225         393         33           76         200         443         32           702         178         434         33           702         178         434         33           772         178         566         28           775         179         549         30           776         119         633         23           776         119         633         23           776         119         633         23           807         142         662         23           803         164         663         24           803         164         663         24           803         164         663         24           803         164         663         24           803         164         663         24           803         164         639         23           804         216         635         27           933         23         766         27 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>61.0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			61.0			
639       193       414       33         676       200       443       32         776       175       93       33         777       175       93       33         773       203       506       28         773       203       506       28         743       165       553       24         746       179       553       23         807       124       665       28         807       124       666       28         807       124       666       28         807       124       666       28         803       124       666       28         803       126       665       27         803       126       665       28         904       216       665       28         903       128       699       23         904       212       77       36         904       212       77       36         904       212       77       36         904       212       77       36         904       228       78		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			40.9	3.1
000         200         443         32           772         175         512         30           777         175         512         30           777         175         512         30           778         179         549         30           778         179         549         30           768         179         549         30           769         142         642         23           769         142         642         23           833         154         658         24           832         158         650         28           847         169         650         28           847         169         650         28           847         169         650         28           847         169         650         28           847         169         650         28           853         165         750         29           853         165         750         29           939         215         78         30           930         215         78         30 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>63.9</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			63.9			
702     178     94.2     30       777     103     56.6     28       778     17.9     53.3     25       778     17.9     53.3     24       776     179     63.3     23       776     179     63.3     24       776     179     63.3     24       776     179     63.3     23       80.3     154     63.8     21       822     158     63.8     24       823     216     63.8     24       823     154     63.8     24       823     164     63.8     24       823     218     60.5     28       86.6     17.8     860.5     28       86.7     17.8     65.5     75.0       927     168     74.4     24       934     21.2     75.6     29       96.3     165.5     75.0     29       96.4     21.2     75.6     27       101.7     21.2     75.6     27       103.0     21.5     78.1     35       107.0     23     78.8     34		· · · · ·				3.2
137         203         506         28           758         179         549         30           743         165         553         24           776         119         653         24           776         119         653         24           807         142         642         22           607         142         658         21           603         158         658         21           603         158         658         21           622         158         658         26           966         178         660         28           927         188         714         24           939         218         639         24           954         212         756         27           964         212         756         29           964         212         756         29           964         212         756         29           964         212         756         29           964         212         76         29           964         212         76         24 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>. 70.2</td><td>17.8</td><td></td><td></td></t<>			. 70.2	17.8		
75.6         17.9         94.9         30           74.3         165         55.3         2.4           74.6         17.0         55.3         2.4           80.7         16.2         2.2         2.1           80.3         15.4         65.8         2.1           80.3         16.4         63.8         2.6           80.3         16.4         63.8         2.6           80.4         17.8         65.0         2.8           80.4         17.8         66.0         2.8           92.7         18.8         71.4         2.4           93.9         21.8         65.5         2.7           93.4         23.0         70.0         2.4           95.3         18.5         75.0         2.9           95.4         23.0         70.0         2.4           95.3         18.5         75.0         2.9           99.4         21.2         77.4         3.0           101.7         21.2         78.1         3.4           107.0         2.3.8         78.8         3.4           107.0         2.3.8         78.8         3.4           107.0 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>. 73.7</td> <td>20.3</td> <td>50.6</td> <td>2.8</td>			. 73.7	20.3	50.6	2.8
146         170         553         24           607         142         642         22           833         154         658         21           822         158         638         26           847         169         650         28           847         169         650         28           847         169         650         28           939         216         660         28           939         218         699         23           939         218         699         23           954         203         724         26           963         1212         776         25           994         212         774         30           1017         212         774         30           1017         212         774         30           1017         212         774         30           1070         238         798         34           1070         238         798         34			. 75.8			
77.6         11.9         60.3         2.3           80.7         14.2         66.8         2.4           83.3         15.4         66.8         2.6           84.7         16.9         66.0         2.8           85.6         17.8         66.0         2.8           89.8         21.6         65.5         2.7           93.9         21.8         66.9         2.8           93.9         21.8         66.9         2.3           93.9         21.8         66.9         2.3           93.1         18.8         77.4         2.4           93.3         21.8         66.9         2.3           93.3         18.5         75.0         2.7           101.7         21.2         77.4         3.0           103.0         21.3         72.8         3.4           103.0         21.3         72.8         3.4           103.0         21.3         72.8         3.4           103.0         21.3         72.8         3.4           10.7         21.3         7.8         3.4					55.3	2.4
003         154         668         21           822         158         669         28           969         216         655         27           983         216         655         27           983         218         699         23           984         218         699         23           984         218         699         23           984         212         774         29           984         212         774         29           984         212         774         30           984         212         774         30           984         212         774         30           1030         215         781         35           1070         238         78         34						
B22         15.8         63.8         2.6           84.7         16.9         65.0         2.8           86.6         17.8         66.0         2.8           92.7         18.8         71.4         2.4           93.9         2.1.8         69.9         2.3           95.4         23.0         70.0         2.4           95.3         18.5         75.0         2.9           96.3         18.5         75.0         2.9           101.7         21.2         77.4         3.0           102.0         23.8         79.8         3.4           107.0         23.8         79.8         3.4           107.0         23.8         79.8         3.4           107.0         23.8         79.8         3.4           107.0         23.8         79.8         3.4	·····					2.1
966       178       660       2.8         939       218       699       23         939       218       699       23         954       230       700       24         953       203       724       26         953       203       724       26         953       203       724       26         953       203       724       26         953       215       766       27         1017       212       77.4       30         1030       215       781       33         1070       23.8       78       34         1070       23.8       78       34         1070       23.8       78       34         1030       21.5       78       34         1030       23.8       78       34         1070       38       34       35         1070       38       34       36         103.0       23.8       78       34         103.0       37       36       37         103.0       38       34       36         107.0       38	+	1 ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) (	. 82.2			
99.8     92.16     71.4     2.4       93.9     93.9     21.8     66.9     2.3       95.3     20.3     72.4     2.8     2.9       95.4     20.3     72.4     2.8     2.9       95.3     18.5     75.0     2.2       95.4     21.2     75.6     2.7       95.3     18.5     75.6     2.7       95.4     21.2     75.6     2.7       1017     21.5     75.6     2.7       103.0     21.5     78.8     3.4       103.0     23.8     79.8     3.4			·		66.0	2.8
92.7         10.3         69.9         2.3           95.4         23.0         70.0         2.4         2.6           95.3         18.5         75.0         2.7         2.6           96.3         18.5         75.0         2.7         2.6           101.7         21.2         77.4         3.0         3.5           101.7         21.5         78.1         3.5           107.0         23.8         79.8         3.4	,					
95.4     23.0     70.0     2.4.       96.3     96.3     18.5     75.0     2.9.       98.4     21.2     77.6     2.7       101.7     21.2     77.4     30.       103.0     21.5     79.8     3.4			1	10.0		
B63         165         750         29           994         21.2         77.4         30           101.7         21.2         77.4         30           103.0         21.5         78.1         3.5           107.0         23.8         79.8         3.4				23.0	70.0	2.4
994         21.2         75.6         2.7           101.7         21.2         77.4         3.0           103.0         21.5         77.4         3.0           107.0         21.8         79.8         3.4				.18.5	. 75.0	2.9
notes following Table 20.		······	99.4	21.2		
Incles following Table 20.			400.0			3.5
					79.8	3.4
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# Table 10.—Nonfarm Sole Proprietorship Returns: Selected Income and Deduction Items for Selected Income Years, 1970–1987

[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

ltem	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1987
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Number of returns, total Number with net income	<b>5,769,741</b> n.a.	<b>7,221,346</b> n.a.	<b>8,931,712</b> n.a.	<b>11,928,573</b> 8,640,701	<b>12,393,700</b> 9,247,806	<b>13,091,132</b> 9,884,338
inventory, end of year	11,060,775	15,578,040	21,996,236	24,969,895	24,476,892	26,332,702
Business receipts, total Income from sales and operations	198,582,172 n.a.	<b>273,954,741</b> 272,342,560	<b>411,205,713</b> 407,169,299	<b>540,045,430</b> 528,675,271	559,384,259 r548,273,173	610,822,732 598,315,189
Total deductions         Cost of sales and operations         Purchases         Cost of labor         Materials and supplies         Commissions         Net salaries and wages         Car and truck expenses         Ret paid         Repairs         Taxes paid         Utilities         Interest paid         Depreciation	168,044,746 109,148,811 88,585,913 7,704,285 6,216,057 1,274,016 15,107,047 n.a. 4,636,528 2,444,607 3,775,502 n.a. 2,309,608 1,784,276 5,451,525	234,318,288 146,261,435 117,722,352 8,791,083 9,090,638 2,225,830 20,227,859 n.a. 6,676,314 3,044,175 5,423,961 n.a. 3,503,812 3,390,845 7,958,143	356,258,495 209,889,809 168,301,517 10,922,221 12,909,222 3,333,345 26,560,821 13,378,289 9,636,290 5,031,573 7,672,459 4,790,337 6,003,126 7,190,257 13,952,703	461,272,852 232,294,132 n.a. 14,504,201 n.a. 38,265,691 17,044,421 15,258,690 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. 11,913,982 26,291,389	468,960,496 232,134,760 n.a. 17,317,871 n.a. 5,461,118 38,691,599 16,380,826 15,653,599 n.a. n.a. 12,644,624 10,783,481 11,504,437 26,418,043	<b>505,362,105</b> 255,045,271 173,399,840 19,631,015 23,841,762 6,261,859 42,329,477 17,469,744 16,358,248 7,437,987 8,449,142 13,361,789 11,718,559 11,615,902 25,557,350
Pension and profit sharing plans Net Income (less deficit) Net income Deficit	72,741 <b>30,537,426</b> 33,735,732 3,198,306	125,296 <b>39,636,453r</b> 45,624,890 5,988,437	141,463, <b>54,947,219</b> 68,010,051 13,062,832	311,323 <b>78,772,578</b> 98,775,563 20,002,986	638,262 <b>90,423,763</b> 110,496,952 20,073,189	547,886 <b>105,460,627</b> 123,782,540 18,321,913

See notes following Table 20.

# Table 11.—Partnership Returns: Balance Sheet Items and Selected Income Statement for Selected Income Years, 1970–1987 [All figures are estimates based on samples—money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Item	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1987
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Total number of active partnerships	936,133	1,073,094	1,379,654	1,713,603	1,702,952	1,650,110
Number with net income	639,795	661,134	774,173	875,846	850,884	890,115
Number with balance sheets	555,741	783,271	1,194,236	1,227,498	1,202,737	1,131,397
Number of partners	3,697,818	4,950,634	8,419,899	13,244,824	15,301,345	17,201,434
Total assets <sup>1</sup>	116,752,751	235,468,301	597,503,923	1,269,434,302	1,403,750,213	1,416,047,890
Depreciable assets (net)	n.a.	113,124,969	239,139,823	695,878,822	779,936,070	842,428,579
Inventories, end of year	n.a.	11,985,431	33,218,272	27,279,234	27,463,816	45,055,120
Land	n.a.	36,731,958	70,241,248	152,179,314	179,141,689	178,008,224
Total liabilities <sup>1</sup>	n.a.	193.875.629	488,734,023	1.269,434,367	1,403,750,220	1,416,047,890
Accounts payable	n.a.	12,302,055	33,899,048	40,871,755	43,621,862	41,467,838
Short-term debt 2	n.a.	22,709,476	48,001,839	102,760,363	92,456,724	81,673,718
Long-term debt 3	n.a.	136,296,764	178,044,406	93,319,855	429,195,599	429,991,794
Nonrecourse loans	п.а.	n.a.	118,910,380	327,558,208	365,044,180	388,536,651
Partners' capital accounts	n.a.	41,592,672	108,769,900	200,212,653	228,022,656	258,685,450
Total receipts <sup>4</sup>	93,348,080	148.417.529	291,998,115	367.117.316	397.302.544	443,328,056 <sup>6</sup>
Business receipts	90.208,834	142,505,781	271,108,832	302,733,374	327,428,647	441,457,126 6
Interest received	942,304	2,477,173	10,869,323	20,558,966	21,715,994	13,574,143 <sup>6</sup>
Total deductions <sup>4</sup>	83.557.684	140.679.959	283,749,460	376.000.991	414,673,405	423,504,871 6
Cost of sales and operations	46.040.874	64.672.843	113.885.668	146.315.315	164,167,707	237,156,859 <sup>6</sup>
Purchases	31,820,581	42.608.734	70,439,607	91,925,923	100.010.383	167,977,884 <sup>6</sup>
Cost of labor	4,146,927	4,585,836	7.015.547	8,845,106	9,789,253	9,975,053 6
Salaries and wages	8,129,233	12,489,039	22,336,337	33,884,204	36,304,654	40,676,362 <sup>6</sup>
Taxes paid	3,159,258	5,770,918	9,553,145	7,745,756	7,866,233	6,867,461 <sup>6</sup>
Interest paid	4,470,206	12,097,100	28,362,385	28,674,933	29,452,297	19,953,845 <sup>6</sup>
Depreciation <sup>5</sup>	4,578,820	10,108,834	21,576,189	53,650,790	59,847,381	55,909,217 <sup>6</sup>
Net income (less deficit)	9,790,396	7,737,570	8,248,655	- 8,883,674	- 17,370,860	- 2,877,307
Net income	14,419,124	22,431,931	45,061,756	77,044,693	80,214,873	90,196,412
Deficit	4.628.728	14,694,361	36,813,100	85,928,367	97,585,733	93,073,719

#### Table 12.—Number of Business Income Tax Returns, by Size of Business, for Selected Years 1970–1987

[All figures are estimates based on samples-number of businesses are in thousands]

Size of business			Number of	businesses for-		
Size of business	1970	1975	1980	1985	1986	1987
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
CORPORATIONS	•.					
Receipt size <sup>1</sup>						•
nder \$25,000 <sup>2</sup> 5,000 under \$50,000	451.9 170.7	. 468.9 186.4	557.0 207.7	710.8 236.6	765.3 244.2	n.a. n.a.
0,000 under \$50,000	219.8	260.7	322.7	330.2	345.4	n.a. n.a.
00,000 under \$250,000	210.0	200.1		620.5	630.6	
50,000 under \$250,000	516.9	673.9	558.4 367.3	489.2	510.5	n.a. ' n.a.
00,000 under \$1,000,000	141.1	184.2	279.8	352.4	370.4	n.a.
000,000 or more	165.0	249.5	417.7	537.6	562.2	n.a.
Asset size	•	'				
der \$100.000 <sup>3</sup>	961.0	1,177.7	1,514.6	1.833.5	1,946.6	n.a.
0,000 under \$1 million	599.1	704.6	968.9	1,152.5	1,180.4	n.a.
million under \$10 million	87.0	116.4	191.8	245.4	254.6	n.a.
million under \$25 million	. 9.8	12.2	16.6	20.9	21.1	' n.a.
million under \$50 million	3.9	5.6	7.8	10.4	9.9	n.a.
million under \$100 million	2.1	3.1	4.8	6.2	6.6	n.a.
0 million under \$250 million	1.4	2.1	3.2	4.4	4.8 .	n.a.
0 million and over	1.2	1.9	2.9	4.1	4.5	n.a. ·
PARTNERSHIPS						
Receipt size <sup>1</sup>	2	:		· · · ·	, ,	
ler \$25,000 <sup>2</sup>	. 501.7	549.7	638.0	840.1 4	836.6 4	n.a.
.000 under \$50.000	. 125.2	141.0	181.8	195.5	182.9	n.a.
,000 under \$100,000	119.6	133.7	183.6	199.5	204.5	n.a.
0.000 under \$200.000	97.2	114.0	155.2	190.1	184.0	n.a.
0,000 under \$500,000	65.2	90.6	135.6	165.5	165.1	n.a.
0,000 under \$1,000,000	17.0	25.5	48.1	66.9	69.1	n.a.
00,000 or more	10.3	18.6	37.4	56.0	60.7	n.a.
Asset size 5	•		· ·			n.a.
der \$25,000 <sup>3</sup>	635.7	611.0	541.9	794.1	774.9	n.a.
5,000 uder-\$50,000		105.9	156.3		142.4	n.a
,000 under \$1,000,000	73.5	106.8	180.2	165.8	140.4	n.a.
0,000 under \$200,000	74.7	116.0	219.1	210.9	214.4	n.a.
0,000-\$500,000	33.8	56.9	117.9	142.8	147.4	n.a.
0,000-\$1,000,000	19.3	35.3	72.1	100.0	99.8	n.a.
000,000 or more	18.3	41.2	92.2	167.2	183.3	n.a. r
NONFARM SOLE PROPRIETORSHIPS			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			· · ·
Receipt size	•		1 • • • • •	· · · · ·		•
der \$2,500 <sup>2</sup>	1,894.3	2,299.9	2,783.1	3,067.5	3,176.4	3,299.4
500 under \$5 000	815.1	959.4	1,158.6	1.444.6	1,495.1	1,553.5
000 under \$10,000	891.5	1,041.7	1,262.9	1,633.6	1,666.0	1,846.5
,000 under \$25,000	1,137.4	1,325.7	1,711.8	2,104.6	2.175.3	2,284.2
5,000 under \$50,000	• 746.4	849.5	1,079.1	1,393.9	1,466.6	1,559.0
0,000 under \$100,000	562.0	644.5	835.6	1,094.1	1,138.3	1,172.0
0,000 under 200,000	. 297.4	380.9	795.8	1,060.2	1,140.9	913.5
0,000 under \$500,000	122.3	209.2	72.0		05.4	318.6
000,000 or more	20.8 6.6	35.3	73.9	89.3 40.7	95.4 37.7	101.6 42.8
	. 0.0	1, 10.0	20.2		0,	-2.0
ee notes following Table 20.				•		• .
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# Table 13.—Corporation Income Tax Returns: Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Tax Items for Selected Years, 1970–1986

[All figures are estimates based on samples - money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

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Items	1970	1975	1980	1984	1985	1986
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Number of returns, total	1,665,477	2,023,647	2,710,538	3,170,743	3,277,219	3,428,515
Number with net income	1,008,337	1,226,208	1,596,632	1,777,770	1,820,120	
Consolidated returns 1.2	19.871	38,307	57,890	80.256		1,907,738
Consolidated returns <sup>1,2</sup> S Corporation returns <sup>2,3</sup>	257.475	358,413	545,389		79,598	81,956
DISC returns <sup>2,4</sup>	207,473 N/A	6.431		701,339	724,749	826,214
DISC returns <sup>2,4</sup> FSC returns <sup>2,5</sup>	N/A	0,431 N/A	8,665 N/A	12,480 N/A	1,383	1,443
					2,341	2,900
Total assets	2,634,706,564	4,286,556,273	7,617,238,403	11,106,701,948	12,773,093,888	14,163,209,894
	176,924,573	290,426,439	528,914,747	595,773,262	683,204,264	762,946,878
Notes and accounts receivable	614,667,367	1,051,542,806	1,984,601,790	2,896,980,896	3,317,635,191	3,593,528,670
Less: Allowance for bad debts	20,030,327	31,032,998	50,057,307	54,341,671	61,580,335	74,228,426
Inventories	190,401,642	317,718,545	534,806,547	664,243,060	714,722,928	732,587,518
Investments in Government obligations	196,625,390	316,131,699	472,059,737	725,695,801	916,550,098	1,058,718,859
Other current assets	73,058,482	145,101,716	310,177,160	513,743,712	629,136,396	739,043,506
Loans to stockholders	4,774,082	9.355.636	29,873,250	58,430,009	56,761,232	63,653,862
Mortgage and real estate loans	327,593,354	548054,483	894,323,489	1,126,962,114	1,258,672,577	1.377.441.452
Other investments	401,389,022	626,266,074	1,213,986,210	1,972,830,815	2,413,551,474	2.847.727.452
Depreciable assets	868,908,018	1,276,564,500	2,107,027,914	2,913,301,626	3,174,193,649	3.382.556.559
Less: Accumulated depreciation	334,646,086	483,798,526	767,841,763	1,116,171,771	1,232,072,530	
Depletable assets	18,517,264	38,511,396	71,901,490	114.808.431		1,342,114,626
Less: Accumulated depletion	6,774,796	14,501,561			112,339,389	116,010,459
Land	46.626.157		19,569,556	36,340,299	37,203,920	44,083,149
Intangible assets (amortizable)		66,819,206	92,931,935	128,269,064	141,448,357	149,522,450
Less: Accumulated amortization	12,818,168	12,823,183	45,480,694	117,467,829	145,290,625	212,265,625
	5,984,184	4,491,990	18,393,037	36,190,604	42,505,240	46,696,699
Other assets	69,838,438	121,065,665	187,015,106	521,126,077	582,949,738	634,329,507
Total liabilities	2,634,706,564	4,286,556,273	7,617,238,403	11,106,701,948	12,773,093,888	14,163,209,894
Accounts payable	148,812,597	263,417,584	542,172,368	741.372.874	891,571,443	909,090,964
Mortgages, notes, and bonds	, .	,,	0.21.021000		001,011,440	303,030,304
payable in less than 1 year	170,884,261	272,123,551	504.802.288	866.546.604	1,001,337,795	1.083.947.776
Other current liabilities	892,218,397	1,577,425,991	2,706,796,360	3,760,174,725	4,234,983,432	
Loans from stockholders	24,573,814	38,143,936	85.718.510			4,599,886,537
Mortgages, notes, and bonds	24,575,614	30,143,930	65,716,510	145,250,514	174,317,253	185,034,570
payable in 1 year or more	362,700,303	586,703,526	000 000 000			
Other liabilities			986,663,932	1,494,350,573	1,699,272,481	1,958,477,161
Capital stock	283,106,029	451,676,880	846,696,691	1,214,879,371	1,467,912,913	1,728,638,194
Capital stock	201,213,719	251,715,862	417,153,783	839,344,197	920,182,882	1,190,628,800
Paid-in or capital surplus	196,642,421	298,534,854	532,039,407	1,066,288,359	1,420,996,805	1,725,785,087
Retained earnings, appropriated	16,657,051	29,955,676	41,461,644	51,100,507	54,074,364	64,975,012
Retained earnings, unappropriated	349,225,750	537,631,026	1,027,902,049	1,256,771,201	1,311,512,589	1,313,686,600
Less: Cost of treasury stock	11,327,778	20,772,613	74,168,627	329,376,924	403,068,064	612,525,394
Total receipts	1.750.776.503	3,198,627,860	6,361,284,012	7.860.711.226		
Business receipts	1,620,886,576	2,961,729,640	5,731,616,337		8,398,278,426	8,669,378,501
Interest on State and local	1,020,000,070	2,901,729,040	5,731,616,337	6,948,481,893	7,369,538,953	7,535,482,221
Government obligations	3,775,917	6 711 696	40.000.070			
Other interest	67.794.508	6,711,606	12,620,876	16,613,501	20,164,514	23,578,340
Dividends received from	67,794,508	136,587,304	354,243,674	566,537,974 <sup>7</sup>	617,622,425 <sup>7</sup>	638,524,951 <sup>7</sup>
	5 000 404					
domestic corporations	5,238,421	8,818,282	18,654,800	21,185,391	16,967,379	15,156,098
					ļ	
foreign corporations	3,466,515	5,467,726	14,563,353	15,373,474	20,770,361	22,747,046
Rents	13,938,502	21,765,130	41,371,141	75,834,113	89,700,937	93,972,214
Royalties	2,586,387	5,167,141	12,450,250	14,535,929	15,237,421	16,411,642
Net short-term capital gain reduced by		1				10,111,046
net long-term capital loss	190,439	301.601	2,013,510	3,233,999 <sup>6</sup>	7,032,062	11,797,841
Net long-term capital gain reduced by			210.010.0	0,200,009	1,002,002	11,797,041
net short-term capital loss	5,481,580	8.364.523	24,910,957	38.518.792	ED 771 CDC	00.007.000
Net gain, noncapital assets	5,315,562	7,757,287	20,117.615	26,506,096	53,771,685	93,297,600
Other receipts	22,102,096	35,957,620			33,537,842	44,149,339
	22,102,030	30,907,020	128,721,498	133,948,728	153,934,848	174,261,151

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# Table 13. (Continued)—Corporation Income Tax Returns: Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Tax Items for Selected Years, 1970–1986

[All figures are estimates based on samples - money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Items	1970	1975	1980	1984	1985	1986
	. (1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Total deductions	1,682,778,847	3,052,674,597	6,125,365,155	7,628,772,066	8,158,144,126	8,394,932,819
Cost of sales and operations	1.146.263.273	2,129,928,467	4,204,905,905	4,692,505,746	4,894,254,081	4,922,763,967
Compensation of officers	32,846,381	57,832,552	108,973,751	157.028.565	170,737,540	185,395,342
Repairs	13,986,819	23,422,171	42,407,967	76.367.591	81,495,784	83,848,507
Bad debts	6,479,814	13,781,147	18 769 771	33,803,267	43,333,588	53,419,371
Rent paid on business property	23,842,355	40,769,829	71,990,832	119,476,469	134,661,335	145,188,558
Taxes paid	49,523,243	81,530,302	163,003,622	191.748.629	200,977,161	203,491,687
Interest paid	62,055,010	129,307,921	344,612,542	535,814,101	568,645,475	572,973,834
Contributions or gifts	797.029	1,202,130	2,358,554	4.057,112	4,471,736	5,178,918
	745.005	717,398	1,374,658	5,170,089	6,133,737	14.005202
Amortization				264,882,261	304,380,703	312,582,789
Depreciation	52,941,266	86,295,664	157,345,828			9.035.885
Depletion	5,623,339	5,341,489	8,871,993	8,351,260	7,779,731	
Advertising	18,089,097	26,605,786	52,266,004	82,023,440	91,922,667	98,959,857
Pension, profit-sharing,		•	1			
stock bonus, and annuity plans	12,225,912	26,526,129	51,529,310	52,555,188	49,588,712	48,242,217
Employee benefit programs	7,398,283	15,690,563	40,179,104	64,547,638	71,601,577	73,633,515
Net loss, noncapital assets	1,289,305	1,804,079	5,903,104	9,647,008	7,893,175	12,859,566
Other deductions	248,672,716	411,918,970	850,872,216	1,331,088,812	1,520,267,133	1,653,353,611
otal receipts less total deductions	67,997,656	145,953,263	235,918,858	231,939,061	240,134,300	274,445,682
onstructive taxable income from				• • •		
related foreign corporations	1,679,875	3.395,169	15,708,560	17,575,037	20,299,335	19.038.861
let income (less deficit)	65,901,614	142,636,826	239,006,542	232,900,596 <sup>6</sup>	240,119,020	269,530,240
Net income	83,710,924	169.483.336	296,787,201	349,179,415 <sup>6</sup>	363,867,384	408,860,760
Deficit	17,809,310	26.846,510	57,780,659	116,278,819 <sup>6</sup>	123,748,365	139,330,520
ncome subject to tax <sup>8</sup>	72.374.437	146,589,287	246,598,486	257.054.060	266,060,609	276,172,502
				107,968,407	111,340,839	111,140,137
ncome tax, total	33,293,0189	66,144,308	105,142,436		109,106,358	108,773,260
Regular and alternative tax	.32,949,937	65,769,822	103,831,172	106,013,217	109,106,356	100,773,200
Tax from recomputing prior-				·		4 040 505
year investment credit	77,832	217,138	867,571	1,328,945	1,497,597	1,319,525
Tax from recomputing prior-		J ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
year work incentive (WIN) credit	N/A	608	4,873	N/A	· N/A	. N/A
Additional tax for tax preferences	265,249	. 156,740	438,820	544,863	725,878	. 1,026,194
oreign tax credit	4.548.986	19,987,724	24,879,737	21,075,296	24,263,487	21,480,508
J.Spossessions tax credit	N/A	N/A	1,572,734	1,978,578	2,450,583	2,907,256
nvestment credit	865.954	6,459,746	15.102.812	((10)	( <sup>10</sup> )	
Vork incentive (WIN) credit	N/A	5.321	36,483	N/A	ŇÁ	N/A
	N/A	N/A	601,444	(19)	(10)	(10)
obs credit	N/A	N/A N/A	2	69.695	43,267	63.544
Nonconventional source fuel credit			4	( <sup>10</sup> )	43,207 ( <sup>10</sup> )	/10
Icohol fuel credit	' N/A	N/A	1			(10)
Research activities credit	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,589,048	1,627,997	. (19)
mployees stock ownership credit	N/A	. N/A	N/A	(10)	( <sup>10</sup> )	
Drphan drug credit	N/A	N/A	N/A	*105	*204	6,530
General business credit	N/A	N/A	N/A	19,265,475	19,607,097	12,805,999
Istributions to stockholders:	00.040.077	15 00 000	07 070 017	144.071.040		
Cash and property except in own stock	32,012,677	45,224,392	97,378,617	144,871,643	n.a.	n.a.
Corporation's own stock	1,922,810	2,066,559	3,525,549	5,889,191	n.a.	, n.a.

See notes following Table 20.

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# Table 14.—Corporation Income Tax Returns: Selected Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Tax Items by Industrial Division, for Selected Income Years, 1970–1986

[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Industrial division and items	1970	1975	1980	1984 -	1985	1986
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
GRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHING	· ·					
Number of returns, total	37,283	56,280	80.883	98,361	103,156	106.63
Number with net income.	19.843	33,328	43.827	r50,037	52,776	57,81
Total assets	11,909,403	21,177,941	40,738,977	50,699,926	52,651,197	53.478.28
Net worth	4.012.068	6.844.949	11,460,935	14,310,555		
Total receipts	14,277,707				15,406,221	17,062,62
Business receipts		28,118,514	52,089,915	66,645,119	70,491,486	77,502,21
Internet reasingd	13,591,763	26,624,149	48,850,056	62,093,338	65,419,402	71,787,55
Interest received	69,742	171,732	476,654	723,118	775,383	720,40
Total deductions	14,209,713	27,369,286	51,418,280	66,436,289	70,559,478	76,330,94
Cost of sales and operations	10,555,539	19,738,447	35,798,332	42,991,472	45,085,526	50,971,45
Interest paid	356,225	797,420	2,184,441	2,952,198	2,758,952	2,570,84
Net income (less deficit)	65,295	746,908	673,158	202,522	-74,270	1,148,68
Net income	493,400	1,493,168	2,464,381	2,874,899	2,930,905	3,676,64
Deficit	428,105	746,260	1,791,222	2,672,377	3,005,175	2,527,96
Income tax before credits	113,115 <sup>2</sup>	351,059	533,768	509,081	540,671	589,88
Total income tax after credits <sup>3</sup>	107,023 <sup>2</sup>	294,584	422,356	373,115	344,626	475,60
Distributions to stockholders						
except in own stock	65,824	244,524	304,733	417,177	n.a.	n.a
NING				1		
	14 405		05 530			
Number of returns, total.	14,465	14,242	25,576	40,564	41,426	40,35
Number with net income	7,303	8,297	12,698	18,177	18,031	18,15
Total assets	23,972,812	64,505,341	126,947,880	209,036,474	240,815,996	206,122,12
Net worth	13,381,821	32,765,690	54,068,148	94,335,000	104,772,797	98,604,26
Total receipts	17,747,750	65,909,994	176,672,390	123,496,633	142,038,595	98,577,21
Business receipts	16,699,586	63,670,496	167,397,918	111,030,063	126,710,610	86,873,76
Interest received	176,728	522,757	1,301,266	3,089,562 <sup>1</sup>	3,584,890 <sup>1</sup>	3,154,33
Total deductions	15,927,348	42,348,765	169,051,624	124,627,966	145,389,514	102,093,97
Cost of sales and operations	9,955,600	30,171,612>	116,989,880	74,213,000	87,972,035	58,115,19
Interest paid	388,032	1,166,182	3,440,080	7,077,300	7,789,995	6,395,03
Net income (less deficit)	1,834,315	23,574,833	7,750,561	-353,185	-2,543,487	- 3,122,56
Net income	2,399,507	24,347,893	10,133,685	6,991,815	6,166,623	5.352.71
Deficit	565,192	773.060	2,383,124	7,344,999	8,710,110	8.475.28
Income tax before credits	1,031,550 <sup>2</sup>	11.361.037	3,947,569	2,381,154	1,810,559	1,453,09
Total income tax after credits <sup>3</sup>	342,928 <sup>2</sup>	1,051,138				
Distributions to stockholders	342,920	1,031,136	1,674,566	1,014,361	557,519	694,69
except in own stock	4 477 550	4.045.005	1 757 700	0.057.444		
	1,177,550	1,015,895	4,757,780	3,057,411	n.a.	n.a
ONSTRUCTION						
Number of returns, total	138,905	191,219	272.432	306.906	318,276	341.81
Number with net income	82,078	108,852	150,368	173,351	185,613	194,44
Total assets	42,719,792	76,691,947	132,939,026	195,272,738	215,297,771	218,880,51
Net worth	11,819,604	19,029,077	32,826,174	50,338,974	54.687,270	52,781,28
Total receipts	90,610,644	146,955,117	267,205,356	338,575,635	387,232,953	412,477,21
Business receipts	88,945,385	143,412,715	260,387,692	326,752,784	374,590,273	399,436,06
Interest received	219,698	614,583				
Total deductions			2,073,650	3,540,430	3,851,628	3,981,45
	89,070,022	144,717,309	262,116,275	335,696,154	382,823,113	406,663,57
Cost of sales and operations	73,434,969	116,845,554	208,064,925	257,057,538	295,803,244	314,065,25
Interest paid	711,496	1,973,244	4,278,502	5,990,178	6,407,652	6,869,79
Net income (less deficit)	1,538,418	2,236,262	5,271,209	2,906,704	4,370,924	5,781,72
Net income	2,548,013	4,514,864	8,911,143	9,147,150	11,053,145	12,443,08
Deficit	1,009,595	2,278,602	3,639,934	6,240,445	6,682,220	6,661,36
Income tax before credits	776,979 <sup>2</sup>	1,320,196	2,521,507	1,767,756	2,312,846	2,525,99
Total income tax after credits <sup>3</sup>	756,637 <sup>2</sup>	1,131,960	1,973,659	1,296,301	1,662,563	2,183,82
Distributions to stockholders						
except in own stock	299,204	464,553	793,764	738,873	n.a.	n.a
ANUFACTURING						
		A 1 - A - A				
Number of returns, total	197,807	217,354	242,550	272,050	276,545	285,11
Number with net income	120,814	136,839	153,640	162,584	159,778	163,16
Total assets	612,912,516	944,581,970	1,709,471,700	2,417,631,605	2,644,393,424	2,931,610,46
Net worth	308,923,293	442,587,674	749,186,774	1,025,028,491	1,099,645,876	1,124,399,49
Total receipts	722,952,890	1,296,359,650	2,404,323,844	2,768,247,655	2,831,062,496	2,810,713,78
Business receipts	700,090,661	1,258,338,650	2,301,056,550	2,608,971,901	2,656,345,750	2,614,526,75
Interest received	4,748,499	8,691,092	28,315,784	42,749,996 <sup>1</sup>	47,753,626	50,749,53
Total deductions	692,455,462	1,230,689,496	2,290,593,808	2,661,153,853	2,733,105,346	2,723,698,90
Cost of sales and operations.	495,879,549	925,111,030	1,707,143,900	1,796,313,155	1,797,852,805	1,746,954,42
Interest paid	12,570,242	22,055,903	54,177,356	85.039.616	90,452,072	102,372,70
Net income (less deficit)	31,846,078	68,406,627	125,667,815	121,215,254	113,758,645	101,827,27
Net income	37,925,489	74,466,554				
			141,547,510	147,852,003	142,541,119	136,081,20
Deficit	6,079,411	6,059,927	15,879,695	26,636,749	28,782,474	34,253,93
Income tax before credits	16,744,905 <sup>2</sup>	32,306,739	59,577,413	58,542,710	56,687,476	50,222,612
Total income tax after credits <sup>3</sup>	13,242,226 <sup>2</sup>	21,024,964	32,726,986	30,429,379	25,382,459	25,761,95
Distributions to stockholders		1 2 1		1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
except in own stock	14,616,282	19,973,061	37,306,509	45,630,537	n.a.	n.a

# Table 14. (Continued)—Corporation Income Tax Returns: Selected Balance Sheet, Income Statement, and Tax Items by Industrial Division, for Selected Income Years, 1970-1986

[All figures are estimates based on samples-money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Industrial division and items	1970	1975	1980	1984	1985	1986
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	. (6)
ANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES						,
	67,398	80,701	111.324	128,184	138,337	138,428
Number of returns, total			62,232	65,405	69,938	68,517
Number with net income	38,204	45,360				1,310,227,440
Total assets	287,740,207	443,236,797	758,364,400	1,084,873,718	1,246,426,899	
Net worth	121,205,022	176,444,407	290,655;693	423,937,357	490,481,127	502,486,821
Total receipts	135,495,271	243,480,637	523,807,396	725,631,232	772,358,188	762,231,202
Business receipts	131,463,171	234,689,427	507,372,820	693,105,168	733,943,970	717,929,024
	930,266	1,520,913	5,760,072	11,250,353 <sup>1</sup>	12,310,594 <sup>1</sup>	12.050.844 <sup>1</sup>
Interest received				697,240,089	747,836,158	740,781,131
Total deductions	127,931,131	233,409,166	503,954,285			
Cost of sales and operations	77,743,359	143,932,463	336,868,172	373,236,459	381,028,354	338,754,789
Interest paid	7,364,200	13,761,062	27,638,591	40,178,514	44,880,858	47,070,426
Net income (less deficit)	7,543,718	10,099,571	20.046.155	28.851.644	25,087,629	21,803,663
Net income	9,471,595	12,088,189	24,917,293	37,897,899	37,880,144	41.098.014
	••••••	1,988,618	4,871,138	9.041.255	12,792,516	19,294,351
Deficit	1,927,877					16,156,499
Income tax before credits	4,342,334 <sup>2</sup>	5,107,158	10,532,722	15,579,597	15,214,129	
Total income tax after credits <sup>3</sup>	4,036,650 <sup>2</sup>	2,836,470	5,322,655	8,532,848	8,432,924	71,005,034
Distributions to stockholders	-			-		
except in own stock	5,837,565	8,900,353	17,329,807	27,505,378	'n.a.	n.a.
-	5,007,000	0,000,000	17,020,000	2.100010.0		
HOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE						
Number of returns, total	518.062	614,632	799,628	896,524	917,301	939,159
Number with net income	339,987	399,668	487,300	516,750	510,825	527,779
		323,496,726	646,901,005	899,032,645	1,009,965,739	1,073,523,697
Total assets	192,181,800					300,103,440
Net worth	77,002,132	122,649,734	222,289,687	289,338,722	286,260,274	
Total receipts	522,547,923	969,938,872	1,955,523,778	2,307,612,139	2,473,865,453	2,547,440,986
Business receipts	511,316,883	951,463,550	1,919,347,689	2,250,774,641	2,408,174,933	2,472,495,351
Interest received	1,291,906	3,857,318	10 503 989	18,406,334 1	21,633,480 <sup>1</sup>	23,264,441
			10,000,000		2,440,403,373	2,512,081,940
Total deductions	512,910,193	947,511,780	1,919,454,218,	2,265,843,128		
Cost of sales and operations	392,391,856	745,299,204	1,538,128,634	1,759,718,001	1,869,766,621	1,895,237,380
Interest paid	4,309,663	8,587,173	25,645,855	33,204,502	38,217,998	39,961,980
Net income (less deficit)	9,671,044	22,489,430	38,309,671	42,010,706	33,126,702	34,919,948
	12,395,411	27,681,721	49,426,500	58,584,558	51,434,500	55,246,479
Net income					18,307,798	20,326,531
Deficit	2,724,367	5,192,291	11,116,829	16,573,852		
Income tax before credits	4,476,047 <sup>2</sup>	8,103,316	13,515,653	15,082,817	16,392,896	17,097,449
Total income tax after credits <sup>3</sup>	4,237,181 <sup>2</sup>	7,348,619	10,564,358	12,414,978	13,396,555	15,166,086
Distributions to stockholders	, , _					-
	2,068,501	5,029,897	10,343,087	13,057,047	n.a	
except in own stock	2,000,001	0,020,007	10,040,001			
INANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE	· ·					
Number of returns, total	406.235	411.846	493,426	497,366	518,432	537,384
Number with net income	248,586	243,409	273,853	274,171	285.273	296,921
			4,022,206,073	5,938,984,929	7.029.452.681	7,985,641,912
Total assets	1,401,153,520	2,321,965,956				
Net worth	196,480,448	269,770,527	530,541,317	901,658,317	1,161,968,009	1,502,198,831
Total receipts	177,321,173	315,795,981	697,460,846	1,033,146,416	1,182,034,309	1,365,095,368
Business receipts	92.091.887	157,126,715	256,892,475	431,157,290	501,993,840	618,646,549
Interest received	63,694,046	127,040,303	315,146,115	497,044,327 <sup>1</sup>	541,268,193 <sup>1</sup>	75,727,059 <sup>1</sup>
			652,637,787	985,687,308	1,104,572,202	1,245,473,109
Total deductions	161,630,060	297,963,817				
Cost of sales and operations	48,434,362	84,614,209	129,644,330	213,655,427	237,577,803	320,622,944
Interest paid	34,548,509	77,677,659	219,167,684	347,164,947	363,009,417	. 35,193,465
Net income (less deficit)	12,214,079	11,663,330	33,122,792	32,677,046	60,670,526	99,808,908
Net income	15,081,939	18,825,003	46,040,390	66,225,666	90,546,934	131,284,234
		7,161,673	12,917,599	33,548,620	29,876,408	31,475,326
Deficit	2,867,860					18,091,479
Income tax before credits	4,404,449 <sup>2</sup>	5,558,647	9,680,755	9,619,055	13,598,201	
Total income tax after credits <sup>3</sup>	4,150,009 <sup>2</sup>	4,673,705	7,699,628	6,730,460	10,193,877	14,665,774
Distributions to stockholders		,				
except in own stock	7,387,211	8,729,977	24,692,146	51,315,346	n.a.	n.a.
•	7,007,211	0,723,017	21,002,110	01,010,010		
ERVICES						
Number of returns, total	281,218	435,672	671,338	899,370	939,390	1,012,178
Number with net income	150,525	249.641	408,716	508,336	529.337	575,016
		90,534,067	178,163,737	307,895,160	330,982,941	381,609,099
Total assets	61,875,140					
Net worth	19,529,062	26,855,374	52,865,513	84,773,772	89,852,365	100,190,054
Total receipts	69,572,626	131,377,364	279,883,187	490,332,811	534,587,609	591,849,715
Business receipts	66,459,515	125,747,462	266,088,619	458,038,533	497,980,990	550,590,929
	435,070	875,506	3,269,412	6.277.591 1	6,561,301 <sup>1</sup>	6.871.344 <sup>1</sup>
Interest received						
Total deductions	68,384,452	127,996,443	271,792,974	484,990,160	528,685,613	584,295,930
Cost of sales and operations	37,733,747	63,724,869	129,352,692	170,889,613	176,070,808	196,127,453
Interest paid	1,802,802	3,279,438	8,033,612	14,068,343	15,027,259	15,718,343
	1,198,703	3,396,744	8,193,903	5,464,130	5,883,782	7,448,023
Net income (less deficit)						
Net income	3,384,869	6,025,592	13,246,601	19,373,912	21,124,460	8,116,081
Deficit	2,186,166	2,628,848	5,052,698	13,909,782	15,240,678	4,651,324
Income tax before credits	1,058,264 <sup>2</sup>	1,625,093	3,497,265	4,458,267	4,742,347	4,942,317
Total income tax after credits <sup>3</sup>	1,003,130 <sup>2</sup>	1,323,637	2 603 370	3,175,178	3,343,830	3,863,565
	1,003,130	1,323,037	2,603,370 stolug:	18:U 0,170,170	0,040,000	5,000,000
Distributions to stockholders	-					
except in own stock	558,452	855,402	1,841,945	3,126,700	n.a.	n.a.

See notes following Table 20.

92.

# Table 15.—Corporation Profits Before Taxes Per National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA) and Per SOI, and Income Subject to Tax per SOI, Income Years, 1960–1988

[All figures are estimates-money amounts are in billion of dollars]

Income Year	Profits before taxeş (per NIPA)	Net income (less deficit) (per SOI)	income subject to tax (per SOI)
	(1)	(2)	(3)
1960	49.9	43.5	47.2
	49.8	45.9	47.9
	55.1	49.6	51.7
	59.8	54.3	54.3
	66.7	61.6	60.4
1965	77.4	73.9	70.8
1966	83.3	80.5	77.1
1967	80.1	78.2	74.8
1968	89.1	86.0	81.4
1969 1970 1971 1972 1972 1973 1974	87.2 76.0 87.3 101.5 122.2 138.9	80.2 65.9 79.7 96.8 120.4 148.2	81.2 72.4 83.2 95.1 115.5 144.0
1975	134.8	142.6	146.6
1976	170.3	185.4	183.5
1977	200.4	219.2	212.5
1977	233.5	246.9	239.6
1978	257.2	284.6	279.4
1980	237.1	239.0	246.6
1981	226.5	213.6	241.5
1982	169.6	154.3	205.2
1983	207.6	188.3	218.7
1984	240.0	232.9	257.1
1985	224.3	240.1	266.1
1986	r221.6	269.5	276.2
1986	266.7	0.8	n.a.
p1988	306.8	n.a.	n.a.

٠.

#### Table 16.—Gross Internal Revenue Collections: Amount Collected by Quarter and Fiscal Year, 1985–1989

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

			tum					
Quarter and fiscal year	Total	Individual income taxes <sup>1</sup>	Corporation 2 income taxes 2	Excise taxes <sup>3</sup>	Employment taxes 4	Estate and gift taxes		
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
ISCAL YEAR 1985, TOTAL	742.871	396,659	77.413	37,005	225,214	6,580		
October 1984-December 1984	155,919	79,775	17,546	9,732	47,286	1,580		
January 1985-March 1985	176,324	89,325	17,350	8,650	59,352	1,647		
April 1985-June 1985	233,946	136,14	24,843	9,013	62,313	1,636		
July 1985-September 1985	176,682	91,418	17,674	9,610	56,263	1,717		
ISCAL YEAR 1986, TOTAL	782,252	416,965	80,442	33,672	243,978	7,195		
October 1985-December 1985	167,836	86,608	18,854	9,321	51,354	1,699		
January 1986-March 1986	186,178	97,804	16,243	8,175	62,309	1,647		
April 1986-June 1986	240,680	134,129	25,703	8,19	70,687	1,970		
July 1986-September 1986	187,558	98,424	19,642	7,985	59,628	1,879		
ISCAL YEAR 1987, TOTAL	886,290	465,452	102,859	33,311	277,000	7,668		
October 1986–December 1986	180,580	92,346	22,466	8,28	55,615	1,872		
January 1987-March 1987	209,032	105,483	22,649	7,925	71,156	1,819		
April 1987-June 1987	285,477	164,008	29,748	8,493	81,139	2,089		
July 1987-September 1987	211,201	103,615	27,996	8,612	69,090	1,888		
ISCAL YEAR 1988, TOTAL	935,107	473,667	109,683	25,934	318,039	7,784		
October 1987-December 1987	197,095	97,479	24,828	6,475	66,500	1,813		
January 1988-March 1988	, 220,447	111,215	22,006	5,304	80,161	1,761		
April 1988-June 1988	296,175	160,018	35,991	6,550	91,426	2,190		
July 1988-September 1988	221,390	104,955	26,858	7,605	79,952	2,020		
ISCAL YEAR 1989								
October 1988-December 1988	213,518	104,522	29,551	6,657	70,632	2,156		
January 1989-March 1989	235,883	114,475	20,760	6,097	92,587	1,964		

See notes following Table 20.

#### Table 17.—Internal Revenue Refunds: Amount Refunded By Quarter and Fiscal Year, 1985–1989

[Money amounts are in millions of dollars]

			A	mount refunded by type of retu	um	
Quarter and fiscal year	Total	Individual income taxes 1	Corporation 2 income taxes 2	Excise taxes 3	Employment taxes	Estate and gift taxes
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
ISCAL YEAR 1985, TOTAL	86,322	66,908	16,725	892	1,606	191
October 1984-December 1984	6,729	2,246	4,177	122	138	46
January 1985-March 1985	17,664	12,808	4,286	91	439	40
April 1985–June 1985	52,376	46,370	4,70	556	702	47
July 1985-September 1985	9,55	5,484	3,56	123	326	57
ISCAL YEAR 1986, TOTAL	94,424	73,078	18,297	962	1,800	287
October 1985-December 1985	7,948	3.003	4,268	128	488	61
January 1986-March 1986	25,895	19,950	4,997	320	577	51
April 1986–June 1986	50,200	44,375	5,058	232	435	100
July 1986-September 1986	10,38	5,750	, 3,974	282	300	75
ISCAL YEAR 1987, TOTAL	96,969	73,583	19,891	1,381	1,900	214
October 1986-December 1986	8,668	3,406	4,789	111	_ 312	50
January 1987-March 1987	28,422	22,198	5,296	479	r393	56
April 1987–June 1987	50,063	42,858	5,948	332	r869	57
July 1987-September 1987	9,816	5,121	3,858	459	326	52
ISCAL YEAR 1988, TOTAL	94,480	74,399	16,477	1,114	2,263	227
October 1987-December 1987	7,701	3,437	3,727	207	275	55
January 1988-March 1988	27,798	21,744	5,248	198	553	55
April 1988–June 1988	49,202	43,769	3,848	421	1,114	50
uly 1988-September 1988	9,776	5,449	3,654	288	321	67
SCAL YEAR 1989						
October 1988-December 1988	8,380	3,362	4,461	118	359	80
anuary 1989-March 1989	32,041	26,759	4,462	182	570 .	67

## Table 18.—Classes of Excise Taxes by Selected Fiscal Years, 1970-1989

[Money amounts are in thousands of dollars]

Selected class of tax	Taxes collected by fiscal year												
	1970	1975	1980	1985	1987	1988							
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)							
ALCOHOL AND TOBACCO TAXES, TOTAL	6,840,594	7,665,948	8,151,184	9,881,293	10,364,367	10,352,709							
Distilled spirits	3,501,538	3,865,162	3,945,377	3,520,697	3,799,226	3.813.516							
Wine	163,337	177,113	211,538	305,966	316,457								
Beer	1,081,507	1,308,583	1,547,853			322,613							
				1,571,436	1,675,669	1,693,747							
Cigarettes and cigars	2,036,101	2,261,116	2,402,857	4,448,916	4,573,015	4,522,833							
ANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL	6,683,061	5,516,611	6,487,421	10,020,574	10,221,574	10,643,379							
Gasoline and gasohol	3,517,586 <sup>1</sup>	4,071,465 <sup>1</sup>	4,326,549 <sup>1</sup>	9,062,630	9,163,790	9,453,441							
Tires, tubes and tread rubber	614,795	697,660	682.624	242,923 <sup>2</sup>	296,408 <sup>2</sup>	319,141 2							
Motor vehicles, bodies, parts 3	1,753,327	662.556	1.088.696	N/A	N/A	N/A							
Recreational products	53,427	84,946	136,521	166,666	186,608	169,663							
Black Lung taxes	N/A	N/A	251,288	548,356									
	N/A	IN/A	251,288	340,330	574,769	601,279							
PECIAL FUELS, AND RETAILERS TAXES,													
TOTAL 4	257,820	404,187	560,144	3,802,608	3,762,284	4,528,300							
Diesel and special motor fuels	257,712	370,489	512,718	2,430,165	2,659,404	3,119,934							
Trucks and buses	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,289,750	1,020,553	1,155,808							
1													
MISCELLANEOUS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL	2,084,730	3,306,077	6,359,198	11,044,833	7,255,284	8,717,082							
Telephone and teletype 5	1,469,562	2,023,744	1,117,834	2,307,607	2,522,062	2,555,082							
Air transportation	250,802	850,567	1,748,837	2,589,818	2,913,249	3,145,422							
Highway use tax	135,086	207,663	263,272	456,143	556,006	570,053							
Foreign insurance	8,614	19,458	74,630	73,494	115,133	97,270							
Exempt organization net investment income	N/A	63,828	65,280	136,153	218,102	229,379							
Crude oil windfall profit 6	N/A	N/A	3,051,719	5.073,159	14,910	372,847							
Environmental taxes 7	N/A	N/A	N/A	272,957	407,167	924,951							
	Fiscal year quarter ending												
Selected class of tax													
	Dec. 1987	March 1988	June 1988	Sept. 1988	Dec. 1988	March 1989							
	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)							
LCOHOL AND TOBACCO TAXES, TOTAL	r2,622,865	r3.540.736	r1,267,603	r2,921,505	r2,615,149	2.407.574							
Distilled spirits	983,161	2.024.011	- 506,616	1,312,960	1,039,009	872,127							
Wine	217,026	191,493	227,073	- 312.979	204,300	165.077							
Beer	299,866	322,992	428,821	642,068	301,664	316,510							
Cigorottop and signer					1,070,176								
	1,122,812	1,002,240	1,118,325	1,279,456		1,053,860							
MANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL	2,695,686	1,002,240 <b>2,602,434</b>	2,635,847	1,279,456 <b>2,709,412</b>	3,030,722	2,836,045							
ANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL Gasoline and gasohol													
ANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL Gasoline and gasohol	2,695,686	2,602,434	2,635,847	2,709,412	<b>3,030,722</b> 2,719,151	<b>2,836,045</b> 2,542,789							
AANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL Gasoline and gasohol Tires, tubes and tread rubber <sup>2</sup>	<b>2,695,686</b> 2,415,076 80,819	<b>2,602,434</b> 2,317,004 83,000	<b>2,635,847</b> 2,322,096 76,461	<b>2,709,412</b> 2,402,290 78,861	<b>3,030,722</b> 2,719,151 86,524	<b>2,836,045</b> 2,542,789 76,402							
ANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL Gasoline and gasohol Tires, tubes and tread rubber <sup>2</sup> Recreational products	<b>2,695,686</b> 2,415,076 80,819 47,944	<b>2,602,434</b> 2,317,004 83,000 45,957	<b>2,635,847</b> 2,322,096 76,461 50,634	<b>2,709,412</b> 2,402,290 78,861 45,474	<b>3,030,722</b> 2,719,151 86,524 53,131	<b>2,836,045</b> 2,542,789 76,402 49,047							
ANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL Gasoline and gasohol Tires, tubes and tread rubber <sup>2</sup> Recreational products Black Lung taxes	<b>2,695,686</b> 2,415,076 80,819	<b>2,602,434</b> 2,317,004 83,000	<b>2,635,847</b> 2,322,096 76,461	<b>2,709,412</b> 2,402,290 78,861	<b>3,030,722</b> 2,719,151 86,524	<b>2,836,045</b> 2,542,789 76,402							
ANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL Gasoline and gasohol Tires, tubes and tread rubber <sup>2</sup> Recreational products Black Lung taxes	<b>2,695,686</b> 2,415,076 80,819 47,944 151,849	<b>2,602,434</b> 2,317,004 83,000 45,957 156,473	<b>2,635,847</b> 2,322,096 76,461 50,634 146,735	<b>2,709,412</b> 2,402,290 78,861 45,474 146,222	<b>3,030,722</b> 2,719,151 86,524 53,131 148,700	<b>2,836,045</b> 2,542,789 76,402 49,047 143,200							
AANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL Gasoline and gasohol Tires, tubes and tread rubber <sup>2</sup> Recreational products Black Lung taxes PECIAL FUELS AND RETAILERS TAXES, TOTAL <sup>4</sup>	2,695,686 2,415,076 80,819 47,944 151,849 981,117	2,602,434 2,317,004 83,000 45,957 156,473 1,021,290	2,635,847 2,322,096 76,461 50,634 146,735 963,679	2,709,412 2,402,290 78,861 45,474 146,222 1,562,215	3,030,722 2,719,151 86,524 53,131 148,700 1,698,279	<b>2,836,045</b> 2,542,789 76,402 49,047 143,200 <b>1,657,015</b>							
IANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL         Gasoline and gasohol         Tires, tubes and tread rubber <sup>2</sup> Recreational products         Black Lung taxes         PECIAL FUELS AND RETAILERS TAXES, TOTAL <sup>4</sup> Diesel and special motor fuels	2,695,686 2,415,076 80,819 47,944 151,849 981,117 682,194	2,602,434 2,317,004 83,000 45,957 156,473 1,021,290 703,431	2,635,847 2,322,096 76,461 50,634 146,735 963,679 661,684	2,709,412 2,402,290 78,861 45,474 146,222 1,562,215 1,101,412	3,030,722 2,719,151 86,524 53,131 148,700 1,698,279 1,228,702	<b>2,836,045</b> 2,542,789 76,402 49,047 143,200 <b>1,657,015</b> 1,136,524							
IANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL         Gasoline and gasohol         Tires, tubes and tread rubber <sup>2</sup> Recreational products         Black Lung taxes         PECIAL FUELS AND RETAILERS TAXES, TOTAL <sup>4</sup> Diesel and special motor fuels         Trucks and buses, chassis, bodies, etc.	2,695,686 2,415,076 80,819 47,944 151,849 981,117 682,194 277,933	2,602,434 2,317,004 83,000 45,957 156,473 1,021,290 703,431 297,710	2,635,847 2,322,096 76,461 50,634 146,735 963,679 661,684 281,747	2,709,412 2,402,290 78,861 45,474 146,222 1,562,215 1,101,412 298,417	3,030,722 2,719,151 86,524 53,131 148,700 1,698,279 1,228,702 307,675	<b>2,836,045</b> 2,542,789 76,402 49,047 143,200 <b>1,657,015</b> 1,136,524 313,687							
IANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL         Gasoline and gasohol         Tires, tubes and tread rubber <sup>2</sup> Recreational products         Black Lung taxes         PECIAL FUELS AND RETAILERS TAXES, TOTAL <sup>4</sup> Diesel and special motor fuels         Trucks and buses, chassis, bodies, etc.         NISCELLANEOUS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL	2,695,686 2,415,076 80,819 47,944 151,849 981,117 682,194 277,933 1,789,207	2,602,434 2,317,004 83,000 45,957 156,473 1,021,290 703,431 297,710 2,094,963	2,635,847 2,322,096 76,461 50,634 146,735 963,679 661,684 281,747 2,051,243	2,709,412 2,402,290 78,861 45,474 146,222 1,562,215 1,101,412 298,417 2,781,670	3,030,722 2,719,151 86,524 53,131 148,700 1,698,279 1,228,702 307,675 1,977,738	2,836,045 2,542,789 76,402 49,047 143,200 1,657,015 1,136,524 313,687 2,352,971							
IANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL         Gasoline and gasohol         Tires, tubes and tread rubber <sup>2</sup> Recreational products         Black Lung taxes         PECIAL FUELS AND RETAILERS TAXES, TOTAL <sup>4</sup> Diesel and special motor fuels         Trucks and buses, chassis, bodies, etc	2,695,686 2,415,076 80,819 47,944 151,849 981,117 682,194 277,933 1,789,207 741,777	2,602,434 2,317,004 83,000 45,957 156,473 1,021,290 703,431 297,710 2,094,963 379,100	2,635,847 2,322,096 76,461 50,634 146,735 963,679 661,684 281,747 2,051,243 740,637	2,709,412 2,402,290 78,861 45,474 146,222 1,562,215 1,101,412 298,417 2,781,670 693,568	3,030,722 2,719,151 86,524 53,131 148,700 1,698,279 1,228,702 307,675	2,836,045 2,542,789 76,402 49,047 143,200 1,657,015 1,136,524 313,687 2,352,971 916,426							
IANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL         Gasoline and gasohol         Tires, tubes and tread rubber <sup>2</sup> Recreational products         Black Lung taxes         PECIAL FUELS AND RETAILERS TAXES, TOTAL <sup>4</sup> Diesel and special motor fuels         Trucks and buses, chassis, bodies, etc.         IISCELLANEOUS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL         Telephone and teletype <sup>5</sup>	2,695,686 2,415,076 80,819 47,944 151,849 981,117 682,194 277,933 1,789,207	2,602,434 2,317,004 83,000 45,957 156,473 1,021,290 703,431 297,710 2,094,963	2,635,847 2,322,096 76,461 50,634 146,735 963,679 661,684 281,747 2,051,243	2,709,412 2,402,290 78,861 45,474 146,222 1,562,215 1,101,412 298,417 2,781,670	3,030,722 2,719,151 86,524 53,131 148,700 1,698,279 1,228,702 307,675 1,977,738	2,836,045 2,542,789 76,402 49,047 143,200 1,657,015 1,136,524 313,687 2,352,971							
MANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL         Gasoline and gasohol         Tires, tubes and tread rubber <sup>2</sup> Recreational products         Black Lung taxes         Black Lung taxes         SPECIAL FUELS AND RETAILERS TAXES, TOTAL <sup>4</sup> Diesel and special motor fuels         Trucks and buses, chassis, bodies, etc.         IISCELLANEOUS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL         Telephone and teletype <sup>5</sup>	2,695,686 2,415,076 80,819 47,944 151,849 981,117 682,194 277,933 1,789,207 741,777	2,602,434 2,317,004 83,000 45,957 156,473 1,021,290 703,431 297,710 2,094,963 379,100	2,635,847 2,322,096 76,461 50,634 146,735 963,679 661,684 281,747 2,051,243 740,637	2,709,412 2,402,290 78,861 45,474 146,222 1,562,215 1,101,412 298,417 2,781,670 693,568	3,030,722 2,719,151 86,524 53,131 148,700 1,698,279 1,228,702 307,675 1,977,738 603,896	2,836,045 2,542,789 76,402 49,047 143,200 <b>1,657,015</b> 1,136,524 313,687 <b>2,352,971</b> 916,426 833,030							
MANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL         Gasoline and gasohol         Tires, tubes and tread rubber <sup>2</sup> Recreational products         Black Lung taxes         SPECIAL FUELS AND RETAILERS TAXES,         Total <sup>4</sup> Diesel and special motor fuels         Trucks and buses, chassis, bodies, etc.         MISCELLANEOUS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL         Telephone and teletype <sup>5</sup> Air transportation         Highway use tax	2,695,686 2,415,076 80,819 47,944 151,849 981,117 682,194 277,933 1,789,207 741,777 783,855 47,251	2,602,434 2,317,004 83,000 45,957 156,473 <b>1,021,290</b> 703,431 297,710 <b>2,094,963</b> 379,100 719,181 126,368	2,635,847 2,322,096 76,461 50,634 146,735 963,679 661,684 281,747 2,051,243 740,637 830,224 96,212	2,709,412 2,402,290 78,861 45,474 146,222 1,562,215 1,101,412 298,417 2,781,670 693,568 812,162 300,221	3,030,722 2,719,151 86,524 53,131 148,700 1,698,279 1,228,702 307,675 1,977,738 603,896 865,813 48,462	2,836,045 2,542,789 76,402 49,047 143,200 1,657,015 1,136,524 313,687 2,352,971 916,426 833,030 124,239							
Cigarettes and cigars MANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL Gasoline and gasohol Tires, tubes and tread rubber <sup>2</sup> Recreational products Black Lung taxes SPECIAL FUELS AND RETAILERS TAXES, TOTAL <sup>4</sup> Disel and special motor fuels Trucks and buses, chassis, bodies, etc. MISCELLANEOUS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL Telephone and teletype <sup>5</sup> Air transportation Highway use tax. Foreign insurance Exempt orcanization net investment income	2,695,686 2,415,076 80,819 47,944 151,849 981,117 682,194 277,933 1,789,207 741,777 783,855 47,251 25,233	2,602,434 2,317,004 83,000 45,957 156,473 <b>1,021,290</b> 703,431 297,710 <b>2,094,963</b> 379,100 719,181 126,368 26,802	2,635,847 2,322,096 76,461 50,634 146,735 963,679 661,684 281,747 2,051,243 740,637 830,224 96,212 23,383	2,709,412 2,402,290 78,861 45,474 146,222 1,562,215 1,101,412 298,417 2,781,670 693,568 812,162 300,221 21,853	3,030,722 2,719,151 86,524 53,131 148,700 1,698,279 1,228,702 307,675 1,977,738 603,896 865,813 48,462 17,758	2,836,045 2,542,789 76,402 49,047 143,200 1,657,015 1,136,524 313,687 2,352,971 916,426 833,030 124,239 28,662							
MANUFACTURERS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL         Gasoline and gasohol         Tires, tubes and tread rubber <sup>2</sup> Recreational products         Black Lung taxes         SPECIAL FUELS AND RETAILERS TAXES, TOTAL <sup>4</sup> Diesel and special motor fuels         Trucks and buses, chassis, bodies, etc         NISCELLANEOUS EXCISE TAXES, TOTAL         Telephone and teletype <sup>5</sup> Air transportation         Highway use tax	2,695,686 2,415,076 80,819 47,944 151,849 981,117 682,194 277,933 1,789,207 741,777 783,855 47,251	2,602,434 2,317,004 83,000 45,957 156,473 <b>1,021,290</b> 703,431 297,710 <b>2,094,963</b> 379,100 719,181 126,368	2,635,847 2,322,096 76,461 50,634 146,735 963,679 661,684 281,747 2,051,243 740,637 830,224 96,212	2,709,412 2,402,290 78,861 45,474 146,222 1,562,215 1,101,412 298,417 2,781,670 693,568 812,162 300,221	3,030,722 2,719,151 86,524 53,131 148,700 1,698,279 1,228,702 307,675 1,977,738 603,896 865,813 48,462	2,836,045 2,542,789 76,402 49,047 143,200 1,657,015 1,136,524 313,687 2,352,971 916,426 833,030 124,239							

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.

See notes following Table 20.

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## Table 19.—Selected Returns and Forms Filed or to be Filed During Selected Calendar Years, 1970–1989

			Nu	umber Filed In Calendar Ye	ar-									
Type of return or torm	1970	1975	1980	1985	1987	1988	1989 (Projected)							
	• (1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)							
ndividual income	77,281,384	84,026,785	93,196,076	99,704,246	103,462,011	107,258,962	110,031,900							
Form 1040	77,143,251	61,450,279	55,360,030	64,010,068	68,545,023	71,055,220	71,562,200							
Nonbusiness	68,129,351	51,377,153	43,957,141	49,873,300	53,736,837	55,817,370	55,581,900							
Business	9,013,900	10,073,126	11,402,889	14,136,768	14,808,186	15,237,850	15,980,300							
Schedule C	6,351,304	7,438,968	8,944,298	11,767,348	12,633,261	13,125,507	13,838,900							
Schedule F	2,662,596	2,634,158	2,458,591	2,369,420	2,174,925	2,112,343	2,141,400							
Form 1040A	N/A	22,462,776	37,692,282	18,779,084	17,870,312	17,645,149	18,729,900							
Form 1040EZ	N/A	N/A	N/A	16,739,767	16,835,390	18,328,572	19,478,700							
Other <sup>1</sup>	138,133	113,730	143,764	175,327	211,286	230,021	252,100							
orporation Income	1,758,600	2,132,758	2,675,704	3,437,249	3,828,613	4,027,428	4,269,600							
Forms 1120, L. and M.	1,487,244	1,762,920	2,115,542	2,432,265	2,550,692	2,472,376	2,605,300							
Form 1120A	N/A	N/A	N/A	199,665	300,760	285,777	296,700							
Form 1120S	248,936	367,219	528,070	736,945	892,376	1,169,736	1,259,900							
Other <sup>2</sup>	1,414	2,619	32,092	68,374	84,785	99,539	107,700							
artnership, Form 1065	991,904	1,132,839	1,401,567	1,755,339	1,824,166	1,825,865	1,950,100							
iduciary, Forms 1041 and 1041S	1,149,445 3	1,558,570	1,876,392	2,124,969	2,335,805	2,669,014	2,484,600							
state Tax, Forms 706 and 706NA	141,156	225,827	147,303	80,768	57,165	52,449	55,000							
ift Tax, Form 709	146,338	273,184	214,789	97,720	104,095	104,105	104,900							
xempt Organization	387,469	403,809	442,607	454,097	514,947	482,305	508,600							
Form 990	377,030 4	346,627	362,632	365,506	400,332	361,184	385,600							
Form 990-PF	N/A	29,637	33,137	32,005	42,227	42,690	42,800							
Form 990–T	5,046	19,683	23,455	26,181	33,156	35,635	37,300							
Forms 990C, 4720, and 5227	5,393	7,862	23,383	30,405	39,232	42,796	42,900							

See notes on following Table 20.

## Table 20.—Taxpayers Receiving Assistance, Paid and Unpaid, by Tax Year of Return, 1984–1987

[Some estimates based on samples-all amounts are in thousands]

	Tax Year									
Type of assistance	1984	. 1985	1986	1987						
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)						
Returns with paid preparer signature: 1		·								
All returns	45,220	46,685	48,049	50,695						
1040EZ	728	740	- 655	842						
1040A	4,470	4,389	4,135	3,947						
1040, total	40,022	41,556	43,259	45,906						
1040 Business, total	10,081	10,658	11,087	11,321						
Nonfarm	8,288	8,924	9,385	9,747						
Farm	1,793	1,734	1,702	1,574						
1040 Nonbusiness, total	29,941	30,898	32,172	34,585						
With itemized deductions	17,866	18,996	18,732	16,842						
Without itemized deductions	12,075	. 11,902	12,627	17,743						
ssistance provided by IRS: <sup>2</sup>										
Telephone inquiries	41,904	37,863	34,655	38,526						
Becorded telephone information	8,307	7,850	10,892	13,405						
Office walk-ins, information	8,144	8,114	7,090	7,408						
Written inquiries	160	241	r169	166						
Special programs:		4								
Community classes and seminars (taxpayers assisted)	400	374	903	1,103						
Volunteer Income Tax Assistance (VITA) (returns prepared)	295	302	337	385						
Tax Counseling for the Elderly (returns prepared)	199	333	331	375						

See notes on following page.

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#### **General notations**

N/A - Not applicable

- n.a. Not available
- p Preliminary
- r Revised

\* - See Appendix, General Description of Statistics of Income Sample Procedures and Data Limitations.

#### Table 1

- [1] Starting with 1987, represents total dividends; previously it represented total dividends after statutory exclusion.
- [2] Starting with 1987, represents total capital gains; previously it represented total capital gains after statutory exclusion.
- [3] Includes total itemized deductions before subtraction of "zero bracket amount," and charitable contributions and zero bracket amount on non-itemized deduction returns.
- [4] Includes itemized deductions, "basic" standard deduction and "additional" standard deduction (for age 65 and over and for blindness). Also includes "zero bracket amount" reported on the small number of prior-year returns filed in 1988 that were included in the 1987 statistics.
- [5] Includes deductions not shown separately below.
- [6] Includes surcharge of \$2,018,078,000.
- [7] Includes credits not shown separately below.
- [8] Investment credit was included in the more-inclusive general business tax credit beginning with 1984. With exceptions, investment credit was repealed effective with 1986.
- [9] Includes income tax after credits and the additional tax for tax preferences, i.e., "minimum tax" (applicable for 1970–1982) and "alternative minimum tax" (applicable after 1979).

SOURCE: Statistics of Income—Individual Income Tax Returns, appropriate years. Data are subject to sampling error. Tax law and tax form changes affect the year-to-year comparability of the data. See the specific Statistics of Income reports for a description of sampling error and of the changes mentioned above.

#### Table 2

- [1] Totals in Table 2 do not agree with Tables 1 and 3 because they were obtained from a different source. For purposes of Table 2:
  - a. Number of returns by State include, in addition to Forms 1040, 1040A and 1040EZ filed by U.S. citizens and residents, Forms 1040NR filed by nonresident aliens, as well as self-employment tax returns used in Puerto Rico and certain U.S. territories and possessions.
  - b. "Total tax" liability includes total income tax plus tax from recomputing prior-year investment credit, tax applicable to Individual Retirement Arrangements (IRA's), self-employment tax, social security tax on tip income, and certain other income-related taxes. Total tax is before reduction by earned income credit (see also footnote 2(c), below).
  - c. Earned income credit, available to certain lowincome workers, could result in a refund (1) if there was no "total tax" (as defined in footnote 2(b), above), in which case the full amount was refundable, or (2) if the credit exceeded "total tax," in which case the excess was refundable. The difference between columns 19 and 21 is the refundable portion.

Total tax (column 16) minus earned income credit (column 19) is the amount most comparable to total tax in Tables 1 and 3. The total tax which results from this subtraction differs from Tables 1 and 3 because it includes additional taxes (see footnote 2(b), above) and because earned income credit used to offset tax also includes both the refundable portion (see footnote 2(c)), as well as amounts offset against these additional taxes.

[2] Includes, for example, returns filed from Army Post Office and Fleet Post Office addresses by service men and women stationed overseas; returns filed by other U.S. citizens abroad; and returns filed by residents of Puerto Rico with income from sources outside Puerto Rico or with income earned as U.S. Government employees.

NOTE: This table presents aggregates of all returns filed and processed through the Individual Master File (IMF) system during Calendar Year 1988. Data have not been edited for Statistics of Income purposes.

SOURCE: Internal Revenue Service, Tax Processing Systems Division, IMF Returns Systems Branch.

#### Table 3

[1] Includes returns with adjusted gross deficit.

- [2] In addition to low income taxpayers, this size class (and others) includes taxpayers with "tax preferences," not reflected in adjusted gross income or taxable income, which are subject to the "alternative minimum tax" (included in "total income tax").
- [3] Includes income tax after credits and the additional tax for tax preferences, i.e., the "alternative minimum tax" (see footnote 2).
- [4] There were major changes in filing requirements and in the definitions of adjusted gross income (AGI) and taxable income starting with 1987. Percentages based on AGI for 1987 are therefore not comparable with 1986 and earlier years. See "Individual Income Tax Returns, Preliminary 1987," *Statistics of Income Bulletin*, Spring 1989, Volume 8, Number 4.

SOURCE: Statistics of Income—Individual Income Tax Returns, appropriate years. Data are subject to sampling error. Tax law and tax form changes affect the year-to-year comparability of the data. See the specific Statistics of ncome reports for a description of sampling error and of the changes mentioned above.

#### Table 4

- Imputed interest received by persons from life insurance carriers and private non-insured pension plans.
- [2] Represents income of low-income individuals not required to file individual income tax returns, unreported income, and statistical errors or omissions.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, *The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929–82: Statistical Tables, 1986*; for years after 1982, *Survey of Current Business,* various issues. Statistics of Income data are subject to sampling error; tax law and tax form changes affect the year-to-year comparability of the data. See the specific Statistics of Income reports for a description of sampling error and of the changes mentioned above.

#### Tables 5 and 6

- 1] See Table 4 for the differences between personal income and adjusted gross income.
- Because of major changes in the definition of adjusted gross income, data for 1987 are not comparable with earlier years.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929–82: Statistical Tables, 1986; for years after 1982, *Survey of Current Business*, various issues. Statistics of Income data are subject to sampling error; tax law and tax form changes affect the year-to-year comparability of the data. See the specific Statistics of Income reports for a description of sampling error and of the changes mentioned above.

#### Table 7

- [1] Amount of standard deduction for 1944–1957 estimated by Joseph A. Pechman, The Brookings Institution, on the basis of the distribution of the number of tax returns by income classes and marital status in *Statistics* of *Income—Individual Income Tax Returns*, and for 1958–1987 obtained directly from *Statistics of Income* tabulations for these years. Represents "zero bracket amount" for 1977–1986. For 1987, represents the sum of "basic" and "additional" standard deductions (for age 65 and over and blindness); also includes zero bracket amount reported on the small number of prioryear returns filed in 1988 that were included in the 1987 statistics.
- [2] Returns with standard deduction, 1955–1987, includes a small number with no adjusted gross income and no deductions. (For 1977–1986, standard deduction is the "zero bracket amount," which was also reported on a small number of returns included in the 1987 statistics; see footnote 1.) For 1944–1954, includes a small number with no adjusted gross income and no deductions. For 1944–1954, returns with no adjusted gross income are included in the number of returns with itemized deductions.
- [3] For 1977–1986, itemized deductions are before subtraction of "zero bracket amount."
- [4] Sum of standard and itemized deductions, plus charitable deduction reported on standard deduction returns for Tax Years 1982–1986. For 1987, total deductions includes "zero bracket amount" reported on a small number of returns (see footnote 1).

SOURCE: Except as indicated in footnote 1, *Statistics of Income—Individual Income Tax Returns*, and unpublished tables, appropriate years. Data are subject to sampling error. Tax law and form changes affect the year-to-year comparability of the data. See the specific Statistics of Income reports for a description of sampling error and of changes mentioned above.

#### Table 8

[1] See Table 4 for the differences between personal income and adjusted gross income.

- [2] Taxable income excludes "zero bracket amount" for 1977–1986. Because of major changes in law, taxable income starting with 1987 is not comparable with earlier years.
- [3] For the definition of total income tax, see footnote 9, Table 1.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, *The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929–82: Statistical Tables, 1986*; for years after 1982, *Survey of Current Business,* various issues; and *Statistics of Income—Individual Income Tax Returns,* appropriate years. Statistics of Income data are subject to sampling errors; tax law and tax form changes affect the year-to-year comparability of the data. See the specific Statistics of Income reports for a description of sampling error and of the changes mentioned above.

#### Table 9

[1] Excludes returns with refundable earned income credit only, starting with 1975; and returns with refundable crude oil windfall profit tax overpayment only, starting with 1980.

SOURCE: Statistics of Income—Individual Income Tax Returns, and unpublished tables, appropriate years. Data are subject to sampling error. Tax law and tax form changes affect the year-to-year comparability of the data. See the specific Statistics of Income reports for a description of sampling error and of the changes mentioned above.

#### Table 10

SOURCE: Statistics of Income—Sole Proprietorship Returns, appropriate years, and SOI Bulletin, Summer issues (for most years). Data are subject to sampling error. Tax law and tax form changes affect the year-to-year comparability of the data. See the specific Statistics of Income reports for a description of sampling error and of the changes mentioned above.

#### Table 11

- Total assets, total liabilities, and partners' capital account are somewhat understated because not all partnership returns included a complete balance sheet.
- [2] Short-term debt is the abbreviated title given to mortgages, notes, and bonds payable in less than 1 year.
- [3] Long-term debt is the abbreviated title given to mortgages, notes, and bonds payable in 1 year or more. In addition, for Tax Year 1975, long-term debt included nonrecourse loans.

- [4] See footnote 4, Table 12, for changes in the comparability of the statistics for receipts and deductions after 1980. Also, statistics for interest received are combined with dividends beginning with 1982.
- [5] After 1980, represents the more all-inclusive amounts reported in depreciation computation schedules rather than the amounts reported as the depreciation deduction (augmented by depreciation identified in cost of sales and operations schedules).

SOURCE: Statistics of Income—Partnership Returns, appropriate years, and SOI Bulletin, Summer issues (for most years). Data are subject to sampling error. Tax law and tax form changes affect the year-to-year comparability of the data. See the specific Statistics of Income reports for a description of sampling error and of the changes mentioned above.

#### Table 12

- [1] Size classes are based on business receipts, i.e., gross amounts from sales and operations, for industries except those in finance, insurance and real estate. For the latter industries, total receipts, which is the sum of business receipts and investment income, was used. For partnerships, see also footnote 4, below.
- [2] Includes returns with no receipts as defined in footnote 1.
- [3] Includes corporations with zero assets and liabilities. In addition, for partnerships, includes partnerships without balance sheet information (see also footnote 5, below).
- [4] After 1980, "total receipts" in Table 11 includes, in part, only the net income or loss from farming and rentals. Previously, "total receipts" included the gross receipts from farming and rentals and, if rental receipts were the principal source of total receipts, they were treated as "business receipts" for the statistics. To help minimize the break in comparability caused by this change in statistical treatment of farm and rental income, an effort was made starting with 1981 to include rental (though not farm) gross receipts in the receipts used for the size distribution in Table 12. In Table 11, since only the net income or loss from farming and rentals was included starting with 1981, the deductions reported in computing these net incomes are excluded from the deduction statistics. For previous years, these deductions are reflected in the deduction statistics.
- [5] Prior to 1979, partnerships that had liquidated were assumed to have zero assets and liabilities, even if their balance sheets showed otherwise, and were included in the "under \$25,000" asset size class. Beginning with 1980, balance sheet data reported for liquidated part-

nerships were tabulated as reported and were included in the appropriate asset size classes.

OURCE: Statistics of Income—Corporation Income Tax Rerns, appropriate years, Statistics of Income—Partnership eturns, appropriate years, Statistics of Income—Sole Propriorship Returns, appropriate years, and SOI Bulletin, Sumer issues (for most years). Tax law and tax form changes flect the year-to-year comparability of the data. See the ppropriate Statistics of Income reports for a description of ampling error and of the changes mentioned above.

#### able 13

- [\*] Estimate should be used with caution because of the small number of sample returns on which it is based.
- [1] Consolidated returns were filed on an elective basis for affiliated groups of corporations (with exceptions), in general, if 80 percent or more of the stock of the affiliates was owned within the group and a common parent corporation owned at least 80 percent of the stock of at least one of the affiliates.
- [2] Included in "Number of returns, total" and "Number with net income."
- [3] Generally, small corporations with no more than 35 shareholders (10 prior to 1983), most of them individuals, electing to be taxed at the shareholder level.
- [4] Domestic International Sales Corporations (DISC's) were designed to promote U.S. exports. They were taxed through parent corporations, but only when profits were distributed or deemed distributed to them. This system of tax deferral was generally replaced after 1984 with a new system of Foreign Sales Corporations (FSC's); see footnote 5. Tax benefits of DISC's remaining after 1984 were limited and an interest charge for tax deferred amounts was imposed on the parent corporations.
- [5] Foreign Sales Corporations (FSC's) generally replaced DISC's as a means of promoting U.S. exports (see footnote 4). Under the FSC provisions, a portion of these subsidiaries' "foreign trade income" was exempt from U.S. income tax.
- [6] For 1984, net long-term for capital gain reduced by net short-term capital loss from Forms 1120S, are not included in computed total receipts nor in net income. Therefore, the components of total receipts do not equal the computed total receipts for that year.
- [7] Includes dividends reported in combination with interest on Form 1120–S by S Corporations, i.e., certain

corporations that elect to be taxed through shareholders (see footnote 3). Based on prior years, when Form 1120–S required each to be reported separately, nearly all of the combined amount represents interest.

[8] For most years, "income subject to tax" (the corporate tax base) exceeds "net income less deficit" chiefly because of the deficits reported on returns without net income. Moreover, it is the sum of the several tax bases applicable over time to different classes of corporations, not all of which were directly related to net income. Income subject to tax thus includes the "taxable income" base used by most companies (and defined as net income minus certain statutory special deductions); a variation of this base in combination with net long-term capital gains in certain situations when the lower capital gains tax applied; the special tax bases applicable to S Corporations and insurance businesses; and the amounts taxable to certain investment companies. Profits of Domestic International Sales Corporations were tax-deferred; most of those of qualifying Foreign Sales Corporations were taxexempt and those of S Corporations were taxed (with few-exceptions)\_through\_their\_individual\_shareholders, so that the net income of these corporations is excluded from income subject to tax.

[9] Includes surcharge of \$784,437,000.

[10] General business credit includes alcohol fuel, investment, jobs, and employee stock ownership plan (ESOP) credits which were reported separately for previous years. With exceptions, investment credit was repealed effective 1986. For 1986, research credit was also included in general business credit.

NOTE: Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

SOURCE: Statistics of Income—Corporation Income Tax Returns, appropriate years. Data are subject to sampling error. Tax law and tax form changes affect the year-to-year comparability of the data. See the appropriate Statistics of Income reports for a description of sampling error and of the changes mentioned above.

#### Table 14

[1] See footnote 7, Table 13.

- [2] See footnote 9, Table 13.
- [3] Also includes additional tax for tax preferences ("minimum tax"), tax from recomputing prior-year investment credit, and Personal Holding Company tax.

SOURCE: Statistics of Income—Corporation Income Tax Returns, appropriate years. Data are subject to sampling

0

error. Tax law and tax form changes affect the year-to-year comparability of the data. See the appropriate Statistics of Income reports for a description of sampling error and of the changes mentioned above.

#### Table 15

[1] Profits shown are without inventory valuation and capital-consumption adjustment.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, *The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929–82: Statistical Tables, 1986*; for years after 1982, *Survey of Current Business, various issues; and Statistics of Income—Corporation Income Tax Returns,* appropriate years. Statistics of Income data are subject to sampling error; tax law and tax form changes affect the year-to-year comparability of the data. See the specific Statistics of Income reports for a description of sampling error and of the changes mentioned above.

#### Tables 16 and 17

- [1] Individual income tax collected includes that portion which was designated for the presidential election campaign fund by taxpayers on their returns. Also included is the fidiciary income tax collected (from estates and trusts). Fidiciary income tax collected was \$6.5 billion in 1988, \$8.4 billion in 1987, \$4.5 billion in 1986, and \$4.1 billion in 1985. Presidential election campaign designations amounted to \$34.4 million in 1988, \$33.2 million in 1987, \$35.9 million in 1986, and \$34.8 million in 1985.
- [2] Corporation income tax collected includes various taxes applicable to tax-exempt organizations, including the tax on "unrelated business income." Total taxes collected from tax-exempt organizations were \$137.5 million (1988), \$119.9 billion (1987), \$30.2 million (1986), and \$54.9 million (1985).
- [3] Excise taxes are imposed on selected products, services, and activities, such as on sales of alcohol and tobacco products and on the manufacture of gasoline.
- [4] Employment taxes include payroll taxes levied on salaries and wages, such as social security, railroad retirement, and unemployment taxes; plus the selfemployment tax imposed on "self-employment income."

NOTES: Collections (or refunds) are those made during the time periods indicated, regardless of the year or other period during which the tax liability was incurred (or to which the refund applied).

Collections represent the gross amounts before refunds and include amounts paid with the return; prior to filing the return (as applicable, income tax withheld by employers and estimated tax payments); and subsequent to filing the return (chiefly the result of initial return processing or of examination and enforcement activities). Collections also include interest and penalties.

Refunds result chiefly from tax overpayments determined at time of filing a return. Also included are amounts subsequently determined as due the taxpayer as a result of an amended return or a claim for refund (including those produced by "net operating loss" and other carryback adjustments from future taxable years); or as a result of initial return processing or of examination and other activities. Individual income tax refunds are net of offsets under laws which require IRS to act as collection agent for delinquent payments owed various U.S. agencies under specific programs. All refund data include interest paid by IRS.

Detail may not add to totals because of rounding.

SOURCE: Internal Revenue Service, Returns Processing and Accounting Division, Accounting Branch.

#### Table 18

- [1] Also includes lubricating oil taxes. Effective January 7, 1983, taxes on lubricating oil were repealed.
- [2] Effective January 1, 1984, taxes on tubes and tread rubber were repealed, and dealers holding taxable tires were assessed a one-time floor stock tax.
- [3] Effective January 7, 1983, the excise taxes on parts and accessories for trucks and buses, which are included in this classification, were repealed. Beginning with the quarter ending December 1983, motor vehicles are excluded.
- [4] Special fuels, total, includes diesel and special motor fuels which were classified as miscellaneous excise taxes in 1970. Beginning with the quarter ending December 1983, motor vehicles are included.
- [5] Effective January 1, 1983, the excise tax increased from 1 percent to 3 percent.
- [6] Repealed effective August 23, 1988 (P.L. 100–418). Amounts reported for more recent quarters result from amended filings, delinquent taxes, examination activities, and refunds.
- [7] Expired September 30, 1985; reimposed in January 1987.

NOTES: For 1970 and 1975, the fiscal year was defined as July of the previous calendar year through June of the year noted. For 1980–1986, the fiscal year was defined as October of the previous calendar year through September of the year noted.

Starting with Fiscal Year 1988, additional detail on manufacturers' excise taxes, retailers' and special fuel taxes, and miscellaneous excise taxes is available in the fourth quarter nternal Revenue Report of Excise Taxes; previously this nformation was published in the *Annual Report of the Commissioner and Chief Counsel, Internal Revenue Service.* For additional detail for alcohol and tobacco taxes, see the Statistical Release, "Alcohol and Tobacco Tax Collections," Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms, U.S. Department of the Treasury, 1989.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of the Treasury, Internal Revenue Service, Returns Processing and Accounting Division, Revenue and Accounting Branch; and Financial Management Service.

#### Table 19

- [1] Includes Forms 1040C, 1040NR, 1040PR, and 1040SS; excludes amended returns (Form 1040X).
- [2] Includes Forms 1120F, 1120 POL, and 1120H; excludes Forms 1120–DISC/FSC and amended returns (Form 1120X).
- [3] Includes Form 1041A.
- [4] Includes Form 990A.

SOURCE: Internal Revenue Service, Research Division, Projections and Forecasting Group.

#### Table 20

[1] Estimates of returns with paid preparer assistance for 1985 and earlier years are based on the full-year sample of returns used for Statistics of Income-Individual Income Tax Returns. Data for 1987 are based on the sample used to produce preliminary Statistics of Income (SOI) data and are therefore subject to revision. Since data on paid preparers are not available from the 1986 SOI file, estimates were obtained by converting the 1986 Taxpayer Usage Study (TPUS) sample to the equivalent of the SOI sample. This was done because the TPUS sample represents returns filed through April, while the SOI sample represents all individual income tax returns filed in a calendar year. For additional information about the TPUS sample, see "Taxpayer Usage of Forms 1040, 1040A, and 1040EZ," Statistics of Income Bulletin, Summer 1989, Volume 9, Number 2.

 [2] Data on IRS Taxpayer Service Programs are collected on a fiscal-year basis. In general, assistance rendered in a given fiscal year may be related to returns due on April 15th during that fiscal year and are for the tax year ending with the previous December. Therefore, data in Table 20, which are presented on a tax\_year basis, are actually for a fiscal year, so that data shown as for Tax Year 1987, for example, are actually for Fiscal Year 1988. However, data shown as for Tax Year 1986 in previous issues of the SOI Bulletin were actually for the first 7 months of Fiscal Year 1987; the revised data represent the entire Fiscal Year 1987.

NOTE: Data on IRS assistance represent taxpayer contacts. Some taxpayers make more than one contact. The number of taxpayers assisted (in contrast to the number of contacts made) is not known.

SOURCE: Data on paid preparers were obtained from Statistics of Income and Taxpayer Usage Study samples. Data on IRS assistance were compiled by the Taxpayer Service Division.

# Appendix\*

# General Description of Statistics of Income Sample Procedures and Data Limitations

This appendix discusses typical sampling procedures used in most Statistics of Income (SOI) programs. Aspects covered briefly include sampling criteria, selection techniques, methods of estimation, and sampling variability. Some of the nonsampling error limitations of the data are also described, as well as the tabular conventions employed.

Additional information on sample design and data limitations for specific SOI studies can be found in the separate SOI reports (see the References at the end of this Appendix). More technical information is available, upon request, by writing to the Director, Statistics of Income Division, Internal Revenue Service, Washington, DC 20224.

#### SAMPLE CRITERIA AND SELECTION OF RETURNS

Statistics compiled for the SOI studies are generally based on stratified probability samples of income tax returns or other forms filed with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). The statistics do not reflect any changes made by the taxpayer through an amended return or by the IRS as a result of an audit. As returns are filed and processed for tax purposes, they are assigned to sampling classes (strata) based on criteria such as: industry, presence or absence of a tax form or schedule, accounting period, State from which filed, and various income factors or other measures of economic size (total assets, for example, is used for the corporation and partnership statistics). The samples are selected from each stratum over the appropriate filing periods. Thus, sample selection can continue for a given study for several calendar years, 3 for corporations because of the prevalence of fiscal (noncalendar) year reporting. Because sampling must take place before the population size is known precisely, the rates of sample selection within each stratum are fixed. This means in practice, that both the population and the sample size can differ from that planned. However, these factors do not compromise the validity of the estimates.

The probability of a return being designated depends on its sample class or stratum and may range from a fraction of 1 percent to 100 percent. Considerations in determining the selection probability for each stratum include the number of returns in the stratum, the diversity of returns in the stratum, and interest in the stratum as a separate subject of study. All this is subject to constraints based on the estimated cost or the target size of the total sample for the program.

For most SOI studies, returns are designated by computer from the IRS Master File based on the taxpayer identification number (TIN) which is either the social security number (SSN) or the employer identification number (EIN). A fixed and essentially random number is associated with each possible TIN. If that random number falls into a range of numbers specified for a return's sample stratum, then it is selected and processed for the study. Otherwise it is counted (for estimation purposes) but not selected. In some cases, the TIN is used directly by matching specified digits of it against a predetermined list for the sample stratum. A match is required for designation.

Under either method of selection, the TIN's designed from one year's sample are for the most part selected for the next year's, so that a very high proportion of the returns selected in the current sample are from taxpayers whose previous years' returns were included in earlier samples. This longitudinal character of the sample design improves the estimates of change from 1 year to the next.

#### METHOD OF ESTIMATION

As noted above, the probability with which a return is selected for inclusion in a sample depends on the sampling rate prescribed for the stratum in which it is classified. Weights are, in general, computed by dividing the count of returns filed for a given stratum by the count of sample returns for that same stratum. "Weights" are used to adjust for the various sampling rates used-the lower the rate, the larger the weight. For some studies, it is possible to improve the estimates by subdividing the original sampling classes into "post-strata," based on additional criteria or refinements of those used in the original stratification. Weights were then computed for these post-strata using additional population counts. The data on each return in a stratum are multiplied by that weight. To produce the tabulated estimates, these weighted data are summed to produce the published statistical totals.

#### SAMPLING VARIABILITY

The particular sample used in a study is only one of a large number of possible random samples that could have been selected using the same sample design. Estimates derived from the different samples usually vary. The standard error of the estimate is a measure of the variation

<sup>\*</sup> Compiled by Bettye Jamerson, Coordination and Publications Staff, under the direction of Robert Wilson, Chief, Publications Team. Major contributions were made by Paul McMahon, Mathematical Statistical Team.

among the estimates from all possible samples and is used to measure the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of the possible samples. The sample estimate and an estimate of its standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that this interval includes the actual population value.

In SOI reports the standard error is not directly presented. Instead, the ratio of the standard error to the estimate itself is presented in decimal form. This ratio is called the coefficient of variation (CV). The user of SOI data may multiply an estimate by its coefficient of variation to recreate the standard error and to construct confidence intervals.

For example, if a sample estimate of 150,000 returns is known to have a coefficient of variation of 0.02, then the following arithmetic procedure would be followed to construct a 68 percent confidence interval estimate:

	150,000 × 0.02	(sample estimate) (coefficient of variation)
	= 3,000	(standard error of estimate)
	<u> </u>	· · ·
	150,000	(sample estimate)
+	or – 3,000	(standard error)
	= 147,000-153,000	(68 percent confidence interval)

Based on these data, the interval estimate is from 147 to 153 thousand returns. A conclusion that the average estimate of the number of returns lies within an interval computed in this way would be correct for approximately two-thirds of all possible similarly selected samples. To obtain this interval estimate with 95 percent confidence, the standard error should be multiplied by 2 before adding to and subtracting from the sample estimate. (In this particular case, the resulting interval would be from 144 to 156 thousand returns.)

Generally in the *SOI Bulletin* only conservative upper limit CV's are provided for frequency estimates. These do, however, provide a rough guide to the order of magnitude of the sampling error.

Further details concerning sample design, sample selection, estimation method, and sampling variability for a particular SOI study, may be obtained on request by writing the Director, Statistics of Income Division.

NONSAMPLING ERROR CONTROLS AND

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Although the previous discussion focuses on sampling methods and the limitations of the data caused by sampling error, there are other sources of error that may be significant in evaluating the usefulness of SOI data. These include taxpayer reporting errors, processing errors, and effects of an early cut-off of sampling. More extensive information on nonsampling error is presented in SOI reports, when appropriate.

In transcribing and tabulating the information from the returns or forms selected for the sample, checks are imposed to improve the quality of the resultant estimates. Tax return data may be disaggregated or recombined during statistical "editing" in order both to improve data consistency from return to return and to achieve definitions of the data items that are more in keeping with the needs of major users. In some cases not all of the data are available from the tax return as originally filed. Sometimes the missing data can be obtained through field followup. More often though, they are obtained through imputation methods. As examples, other information in the return or in accompanying schedules may be sufficient to enable an estimate to be made; prior-year data for the same taxpayer may be used for the same purpose; or data from another return for the same year that has similar characteristics may be substituted. Research to improve methods of imputing data that are missing from returns continues to be an ongoing process [1].

Quality of the basic data abstracted from the returns is subjected to a number of quality control steps including 100-percent key verification. The data are then subjected to many tests based on the structure of the tax law and the improbability of various data combinations. Records failing these tests are then subjected to further review and any necessary corrections are made. In addition, the Statistics of Income Division in the National Office conducts an independent reprocessing of a small subsample of statistically-processed returns as a further check [2].

Finally, before publication, all statistics are reviewed for accuracy and reasonableness in light of provisions of the tax laws, taxpayer reporting variations and limitations, economic conditions, comparability with other statistical series, and statistical techniques used in data processing and estimating.

#### TABULAR CONVENTIONS

Estimates of frequencies and money amounts that are considered unreliable due to the small sample size on which they are based are noted in SOI tables by an asterisk (\*) to the left of the data item(s). The presence of an asterisk indicates that the sample rate is less than 100 percent of the population and that there are fewer than 10 sample observations available for estimation purposes.

A dash in place of a frequency or amount indicates that no sample return had that characteristic. In addition, a dash in place of a coefficient of variation for which there is an estimate indicates that all returns contributing to the estimate were selected at the 100-percent rate.

Whenever a weighted frequency in a data cell is less than 3, the estimate is either combined with other cells or deleted in order to avoid disclosure of information about individual taxpayers or businesses [3]. These combinations and deletions are indicated by a double asterisk (\*\*).

#### NOTES

- [1] See, for example, Hinkins, Susan M., "Matrix Sampling and the Effects of Using Hot Deck Imputation," in 1984 Proceedings: American Statistical Association, Section on Survey Research Methods. Other research efforts are included in Statistical Uses of Administrative Records: Recent Research and Present Prospects, Volume 1, Internal Revenue Service, March 1984.
- [2] Quality control activities for all SOI studies will be published in a series of forthcoming reports. These reports will provide detailed information relating to quality in all phases of SOI processing.

[3] For geographic statistics, these same steps are taken when a weighted frequency is less than 10.

#### REFERENCES

For information about the samples used for specific SOI programs see:

Statistics of Income—1985, Individual Income Tax Returns, 1984, (see especially pages 4-7).

Statistics of Income—1984, Corporation Income Tax Returns (see especially pages 7–12).

Statistics of Income—1978–82, Partnership Returns (see especially pages 237–244).

Statistics of Income—1979–83, Compendium of Studies of International Income and Taxes, Foreign Income and Taxes Reported on U.S. Tax Returns (see information about the samples used at the end of each chapter).

SOI Bulletin (see each issue).

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